COLLEGE ILLINOIS!®
529 prepaid tuition program

Fiscal Year 2022

Annual Report

ISAC
Illinois Student Assistance Commission

Illinois
Student
Assistance
Commission

February 28, 2023

The Honorable JB Pritzker, Governor of the State of Illinois
The Honorable Don Harmon, President of the Illinois Senate
The Honorable Emanuel "Chris" Welch, Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives
The Honorable John Curran, Illinois Senate Republican Leader
The Honorable Tony McCombie, Illinois House Republican Leader
The Honorable Frank Mautino, Auditor General of the State of Illinois
Members of the Illinois Board of Higher Education

The Illinois Student Assistance Commission (ISAC) is enclosing the Fiscal Year 2022 Annual Report for the College Illinois!® 529 Prepaid Tuition Program, required by the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act (110 ILCS 979/30(d)) to be submitted by March 1, 2023. In addition to this letter is a summary of the Program and Utilization of Benefits for Fiscal Year 2022. We will update the Annual Report when the audited statements for the Program have been released by the Illinois Office of the Auditor General along with the Actuarial Soundness Valuation report.

Revenues from all contract sales are deposited into the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund and are invested to fund current and future program obligations. By law, assets held by the Fund are required to remain segregated from state General Fund accounts. No amounts held in the Fund may be transferred to or allocated by the Commission, the State Treasurer, or the State Comptroller to any other fund, nor can the Governor authorize any transfer or allocation while contracts remain outstanding.

According to state law, "If the Commission determines that there are insufficient moneys in the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund to pay contractual obligations in the next succeeding fiscal year, the Commission shall certify the amount necessary to meet these obligations to the Board of Higher Education, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The Governor shall submit the amount so certified to the General Assembly as soon as practicable, but no later than the end of the current State fiscal year." While no assurances can be made that sufficient moneys will be appropriated to meet the program's contractual obligations if the plan were ever to run short of funds at some future date, we understand that moral obligations of the State of Illinois have historically been honored.

As certified to the Governor on January 31, 2023, the College Illinois! 529 Prepaid Tuition Program will not require any state financial support to meet its contractual obligations during Fiscal Year 2024. Recent state funding support for the Program has significantly addressed its unfunded liability. We appreciate the support of Governor Pritzker and the General Assembly to address the College Illinois! unfunded liability and to protect the students and families that participate in the Program.

Actuarial Soundness Valuation Report

The Program retains a substantial investment portfolio in a separate trust fund to pay obligations. According to the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Soundness Report, Program assets totaled about $647 million, corresponding to a 96% funded ratio. Actuarial reports necessarily represent a point in time and make projections about the future based on information available as of the date of the report. Going forward, many circumstances such as investment performance and/or tuition and fee inflation can significantly change future actuarial results, either in a positive or negative way. It is to be expected that for any given fiscal year, actual plan performance will vary from assumptions and that the funded status of the plan will fluctuate. Actuarial reports are available at http://www.collegeillinois.org/AboutCollegeIllinois/529Financials.html.

Program enrollment has been closed since the 2017-18 enrollment year and remains closed.

Investment Performance

The College Illinois! 529 Prepaid Tuition Program is administered by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission, with advice and counsel from the Investment Advisory Panel, which includes members recommended by the Treasurer, Comptroller, GOMB and IBHE, as stipulated in the Prepaid Tuition Act. Additional advice and monitoring are provided by the Investment Committee (a subcommittee of the Commission) and professional investment consultant, Callan LLC. Program moneys are held in the separate Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund (the Fund) and prudently invested with the objective of obtaining the best possible return on investments consistent with the actuarial soundness of the program. Fund assets are invested in accordance with a formal Investment Policy, which is adopted annually by the Commission. The investment program is implemented by internal investment staff, with all investments professionally managed by external investment management firms.

Based on consultant reports, the net-of-fees returns for the Fund were -6.41% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, +3.56% for the trailing 3-year period, and +3.78% for the trailing 5-year period. The longer-term performance is closer to our 5.00% actuarial assumption. Long-term performance is generally in line with expectations for the asset allocation, although private market portfolio returns have been below par. The risk profile for the asset allocation projects a standard deviation of 6.60%. This profile corresponds to a 28% probability of negative returns in a given year and a 2% probability of losses exceeding 10%. Actual standard deviation was 5.35% for the five years ending 6/30/22 and 4.80% for the trailing ten-year period. Liquidity is sound with 88% of assets available within one year.

The following table provides a summary of investment performance. Additional detail is provided in the appendix.

Investment Returns and Peer Group* Rankings

Periods Ending	1 year		3 years		5 years	
June 30, 2022	Return	% Rank	Return	% Rank	Return	% Rank
College Illinois gross**	-6.31%	21	3.70%	94	3.90%	97
College Illinois net**	-6.41%	NA**	3.56%	NA**	3.78%	NA**
Policy Benchmark	-9.83%	57	3.25%	95	4.66%	95
Public Fund Peer Group Median	-9.35%	50	5.85%	50	6.40%	50

Source: Program Investment Consultant, Callan LLC

*Public peer group represents public funds in the Consultant database, including pension plans.

**College Illinois performance shown as gross and net of separate account investment management fees and net of all other investment fees. Gross performance is the relevant comparable for the Public Fund Peer Group.

Conclusion

As of June 30, 2022, the College Illinois! 529 Prepaid Tuition Program had actuarial assets of approximately $646 million and approximately 22,000 active accounts. We continue to serve the plan's current contract holders with no change in benefit payments, customer service, or plan administration.

If you have questions or would like to discuss the report, we are available to meet with you or your staff member or designees.

Sincerely,

Eric Zarnikow
Executive Director
Illinois Student Assistance Commission

Commissioners of the Illinois Student Assistance Commission*

Maureen Amos

Darryl Arrington

Niketa Brar

Jonathon Bullock

Thomas Dowling

James Hibbert

Kevin B. Huber

Payton Ade

Elizabeth Lopez

Franciene Sabens

College Illinois!® Investment Advisory Panel*

Jeanna Cullins

Fernando Diaz

James Hibbert

Karen Kissel

Cameron Mock

Louis Paster

Andrew Ranck

*as of June 30, 2022

PROGRAM OVERVIEW

The College Illinois!® 529 Prepaid Tuition Program is administered by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission, the state agency working to help make college accessible and affordable for Illinois students since 1957. As a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, College Illinois! was designed to provide individuals with an opportunity to lock in contract rates for future tuition and mandatory fees, protecting against tuition inflation. The Program was enacted by the General Assembly and then signed into law by the Governor in November 1997.

Program enrollment has been closed since the 2017-18 enrollment year and remains closed.

The College Illinois! 529 Prepaid Tuition Program offered plans for public university semesters, community college semesters and a combined plan that included two years at a community college and two years at a public university. Planholders purchased one semester at a time or up to a maximum of nine semesters for any one future student. The value of plan benefits may also be used at private colleges within Illinois and at public universities and private colleges and universities across the country as well.

The plan must be in place for three years and paid in full before the student can use it. Beneficiaries of a plan do not have to choose the school they will attend until time of college enrollment. College Illinois! 529 Prepaid Tuition Program benefits cover undergraduate tuition and mandatory fees, but do not cover other expenses such as room and board, books and transportation.

Benefits provided by the College Illinois! 529 Prepaid Tuition Program are entirely exempt from both federal and state income tax, when used for qualified educational expenses. In addition, annual contributions up to a maximum of $10,000 per individual or $20,000 per couple are deductible from Illinois taxable income.

The College Illinois! 529 Prepaid Tuition Program was intended to protect purchasers against tuition and fee increases that have historically averaged about 5.9 percent per year over the past 20 years at public universities in Illinois. Since its inception in 1998, more than 56,000 students have gone to college using College Illinois! benefits, and the Program has paid out more than $1.5 billion in plan benefits.

Appendix A

ISAC Asset Class Performance and Peer Rankings* for periods ending on June 30, 2022

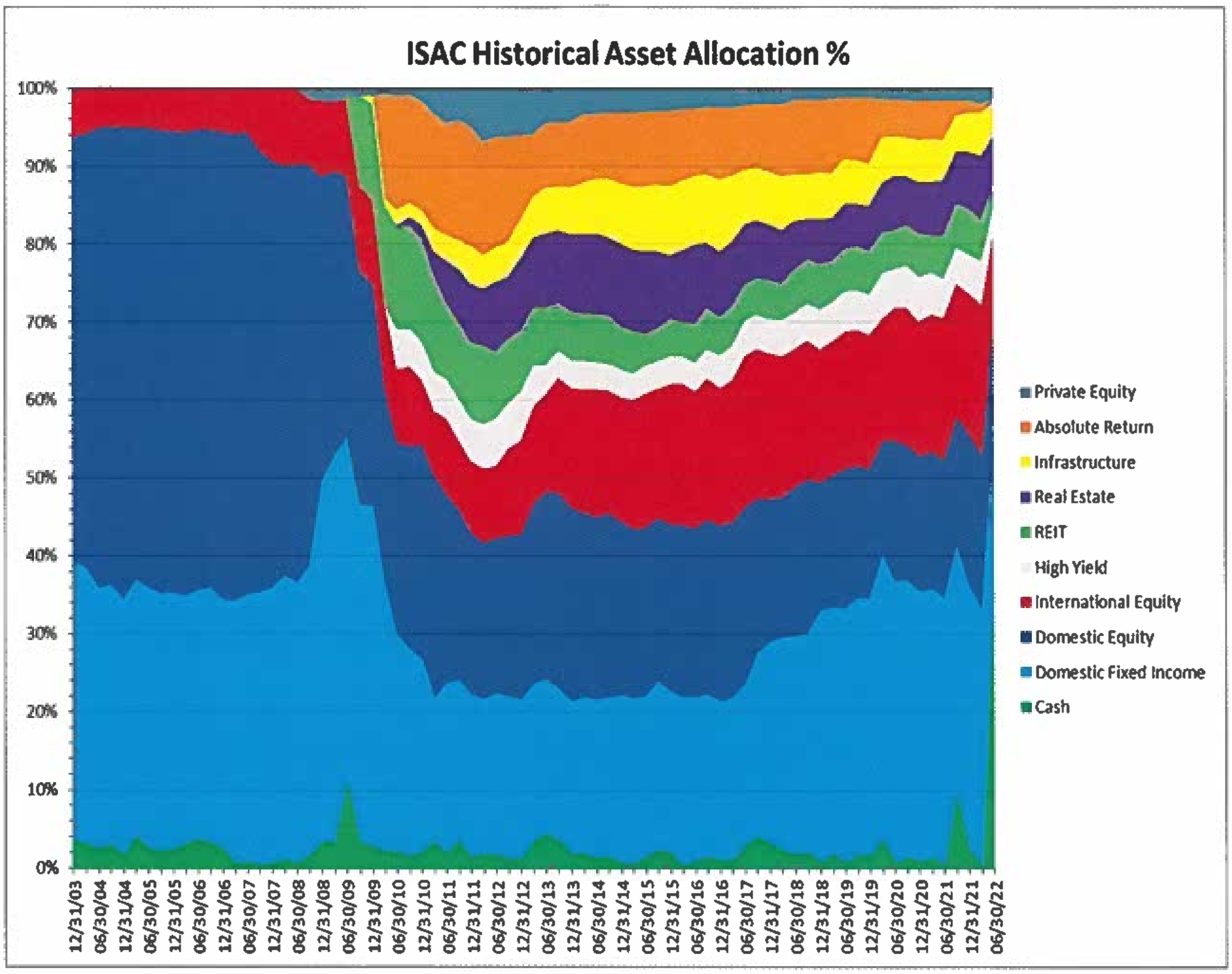
	one year			three years			five years	
	Return	Rank		Return	Rank		Return	Rank
ISAC- Domestic Equity	-12.73%	60		10.35%	40		10.99%	38
Russell 3000 index	-13.87%	61		9.77%	51		10.60%	47
Median asset class returns	-9.44%	50		9.80%	50		10.13%	50
ISAC- International Equity	-16.86%	30		1.79%	61		2.78%	55
Spliced Non-US Equity Benchmark	-19.86%	58		1.55%	66		2.50%	65
Median asset class returns	-19.04%	50		2.42%	50		3.16%	50
ISAC- Fixed Income	-9.12%	6		-0.37%	43		1.28%	57
Barclays US Aggregate Index	-10.29%	55		-0.93%	94		0.88%	95
Median asset class returns	-10.26%	50		-0.44%	50		1.31%	50
ISAC- High Yield	-2.89%	1		2.54%	1		3.54%	1
MLHY	-12.66%	53		-0.07%	45		1.94%	34
Median asset class returns	-12.53%	50		-0.24%	50		1.72%	50
ISAC- Real Estate	5.63%	96		4.99%	99		4.18%	100
Median asset class returns	22.13%	50		10.41%	50		9.39%	50
ISAC- REIT	-10.04%	89		6.66%	30		6.76%	56
MSCI REIT Index	-6.41%	61		4.03%	74		5.30%	78
Median asset class returns	-6.26%	50		6.00%	50		7.05%	50
ISAC- Infrastructure	1.86%	99		-5.63%	100		-7.78%	100
Median asset class returns	22.13%	50		10.41%	50		9.39%	50
ISAC- Absolute Return	-0.74%	41		2.10%	84		3.61%	80
Median asset class returns	-4.50%	50		4.78%	50		4.44%	50
ISAC- Private Equity	12.89%	54		12.78%	35		3.63%	76
Median asset class returns	14.42%	50		8.25%	50		6.28%	50
College Illinois gross**	-6.31%	21		3.70%	94		3.90%	97
College Illinois net**	-6.41%	NA**		3.56%	NA**		3.78%	NA**
Policy Benchmark	-9.83%	57		3.25%	95		4.66%	95
Public Fund Peer Group	-9.35%	50		5.85%	50		6.40%	50

Source: Program Investment Consultant, Callan LLC

*Public peer group represents public funds in the Consultant database, including pensions plans.

**College Illinois performance shown as gross and net of separate account investment management fees and net of all other investment fees. Gross performance is the relevant comparable for the Public Fund Peer Group.

Appendix B


ISAC Historical Asset Allocation %
100%
90%
80%
70%
60%
50%
40%
30%
20%
10%
0%
12/31/03
06/30/04
12/31/04
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12/31/21
06/30/22
Private Equity
Absolute Return
Infrastructure
Real Estate
REIT
High Yield
International Equity
Domestic Equity
Domestic Fixed Income
Cash

Appendix C

Utilization of Benefits - Fiscal Year 2022

Illinois Public 4-Year Institutions	Amount Paid	Number of Students *	% of Amount Paid	% of Students
University of Illinois Urbana	$23,224,959	1,426	61.5%	51.0%
Illinois State University	$6,281,593	537	16.6%	19.2%
University of Illinois Chicago	$3,956,507	325	10.5%	11.6%
Northern Illinois University	$1,435,709	163	3.8%	5.8%
Southern Illinois University Carbondale	$882,412	91	2.3%	3.3%
Southern Illinois University Edwardsville	$857,746	104	2.3%	3.7%
Eastern Illinois University	$289,238	37	0.8%	1.3%
Western Illinois University	$282,720	35	0.7%	1.3%
University of Illinois Springfield	$242,253	39	0.6%	1.4%
Northeastern Illinois University	$234,311	26	0.6%	0.9%
Governors State University	$72,073	15	0.2%	0.5%
Chicago State University	$0	0	0.0%	0.0%
	$37,759,523	2,798		

*Students (beneficiaries) are counted more than once if they attended more than one school.

Top 10 Illinois Community Colleges	Amount Paid	Number of Students *	% of Amount Paid to Top 10	% of Students of Top 10
College of DuPage	$182,530	91	18.9%	22.2%
Lincoln Land Community College	$132,085	36	13.7%	8.8%
Parkland College	$129,409	42	13.4%	10.2%
Joliet Junior College	$119,593	49	12.4%	12.0%
Moraine Valley Community College	$92,782	36	9.6%	8.8%
Harper College	$85,714	50	8.9%	12.2%
Waubonsee Community College	$65,982	25	6.8%	6.1%
Oakton Community College	$57,378	38	5.9%	9.3%
Heartland Community College	$52,548	19	5.4%	4.6%
Illinois Central College	$46,858	24	4.9%	5.9%
	$964,825	410		

*Students (beneficiaries) are counted more than once if they attended more than one school.

Appendix C

Utilization of Benefits - Fiscal Year 2022

Top 10 Illinois Private Institutions	Amount Paid	Number of Students *	% of Amount Paid to Top 10	% of Students of Top 10
Loyola University Chicago	$2,020,054	140	18.6%	17.6%
DePaul University	$1,725,536	137	17.2%	16.9%
Bradley University	$1,034,299	72	13.7%	13.3%
Northwestern University Evanston	$661,002	42	9.7%	10.2%
Illinois Wesleyan University	$609,523	40	9.4%	9.3%
Lewis University	$516,558	46	8.7%	8.4%
Augustana College	$512,363	35	7.1%	9.0%
North Central College	$491,202	37	5.5%	5.5%
Columbia College Chicago	$391,787	30	5.2%	5.0%
Elmhurst University	$360,423	27	4.8%	4.8%
	$8,322,747	606		

*Students (beneficiaries) are counted more than once if they attended more than one school.

Top 10 Out-of-State Institutions	Amount Paid	Number of Students *	% of Amount Paid to Top 10	% of Students of Top 10
Indiana University Bloomington	$2,940,985	199	24.3%	23.1%
University of Iowa	$2,713,415	191	20.7%	22.6%
Purdue University	$2,166,463	150	12.4%	11.9%
Iowa State University	$1,530,430	115	7.9%	6.9%
University of Wisconsin Madison	$1,485,107	105	7.3%	6.6%
Marquette University	$1,372,287	95	6.2%	7.6%
University of Missouri Columbia	$1,117,070	102	6.2%	5.8%
Saint Louis University	$873,496	62	5.9%	6.1%
Miami University	$825,616	56	4.7%	5.0%
The Ohio State University	$755,871	54	4.3%	4.5%
	$15,780,741	1,129		

*Students (beneficiaries) are counted more than once if they attended more than one school.

Appendix C

Utilization of Benefits - Fiscal Years 1998 through 2022

Illinois Public 4-Year Institutions	Amount Paid	Number of Students *	% of Amount Paid	% of Students
University of Illinois Urbana	$384,443,585	8,729	56.8%	41.8%
Illinois State University	$109,816,030	4,034	16.2%	19.3%
University of Illinois Chicago	$62,170,286	2,123	9.2%	10.2%
Northern Illinois University	$39,065,765	1,746	5.8%	8.4%
Southern Illinois University Carbondale	$25,052,741	1,149	3.7%	5.5%
Eastern Illinois University	$16,076,190	817	2.4%	3.9%
Southern Illinois University Edwardsville	$14,695,596	788	2.2%	3.8%
Western Illinois University	$14,644,680	752	2.2%	3.6%
University of Illinois Springfield	$4,719,751	310	0.7%	1.5%
Northeastern Illinois University	$4,226,194	293	0.6%	1.4%
Governors State University	$1,114,288	112	0.2%	0.5%
Chicago State University	$267,926	22	0.0%	0.1%
	$676,293,032	20,875		

*Students (beneficiaries) are counted more than once if they attended more than one school.

Top 10 Illinois Community Colleges	Amount Paid	Number of Students *	% of Amount Paid to Top 10	% of Students of Top 10
College of DuPage	$4,915,768	1,044	22.5%	21.7%
Harper College	$2,663,675	590	12.2%	12.2%
Parkland College	$2,448,742	511	11.2%	10.6%
Lincoln Land Community College	$2,273,796	473	10.4%	9.8%
Joliet Junior College	$2,241,096	501	10.3%	10.4%
Moraine Valley Community College	$2,196,391	423	10.1%	8.8%
College of Lake County	$1,516,457	388	6.9%	8.0%
Illinois Central College	$1,280,870	294	5.9%	6.1%
Oakton Community College	$1,167,569	317	5.3%	6.6%
Heartland Community College	$1,122,207	279	5.1%	5.8%
	$21,826,573	4,820		

*Students (beneficiaries) are counted more than once if they attended more than one school.

Appendix C

Utilization of Benefits - Fiscal Years 1998 through 2022

Top 10 Illinois Private Institutions	Amount Paid	Number of Students *	% of Amount Paid to Top 10	% of Students of Top 10
DePaul University	$31,797,307	1,026	21.4%	21.7%
Loyola University Chicago	$25,083,270	761	16.9%	16.1%
Bradley University	$19,757,523	614	13.3%	13.0%
Columbia College Chicago	$12,316,042	472	8.3%	10.0%
Northwestern University Evanston	$12,243,515	306	8.3%	6.5%
Illinois Wesleyan University	$12,025,868	353	8.1%	7.5%
Augustana College	$11,214,245	336	7.6%	7.1%
North Central College	$9,540,970	311	6.4%	6.6%
Lewis University	$7,452,917	284	5.0%	6.0%
Elmhurst University	$6,924,349	259	4.7%	5.5%
	$148,356,005	4,722		

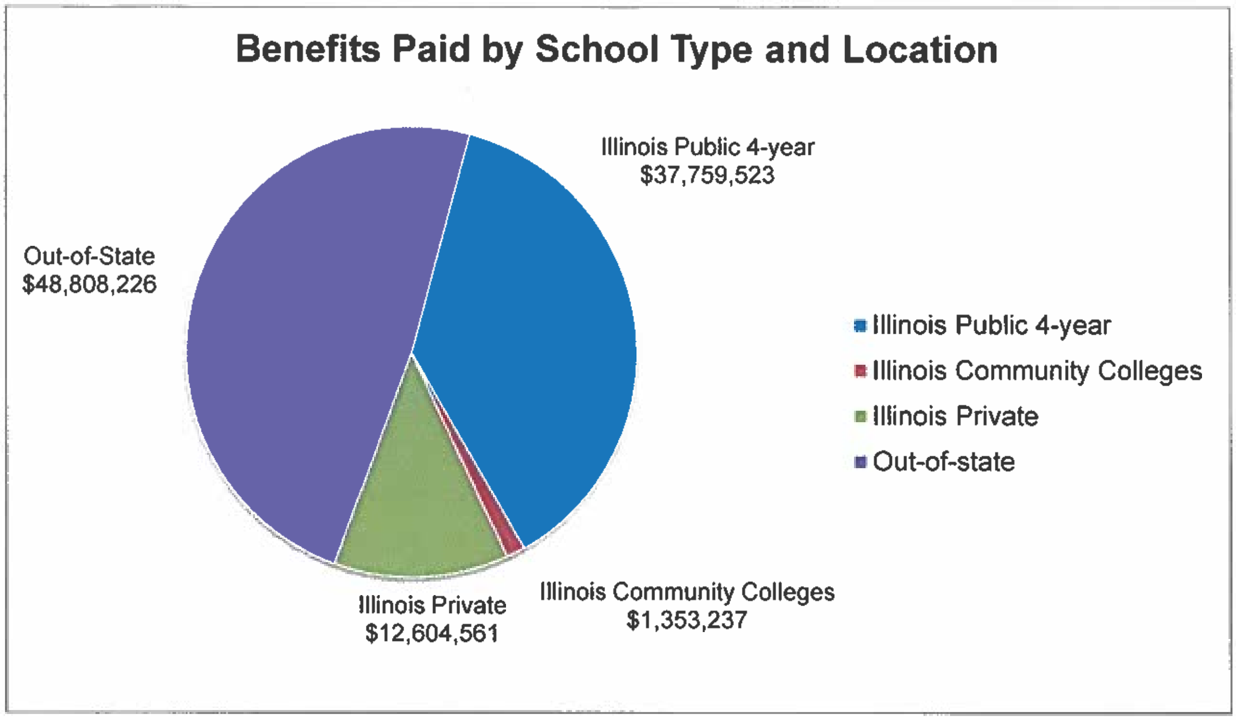
*Students (beneficiaries) are counted more than once if they attended more than one school.

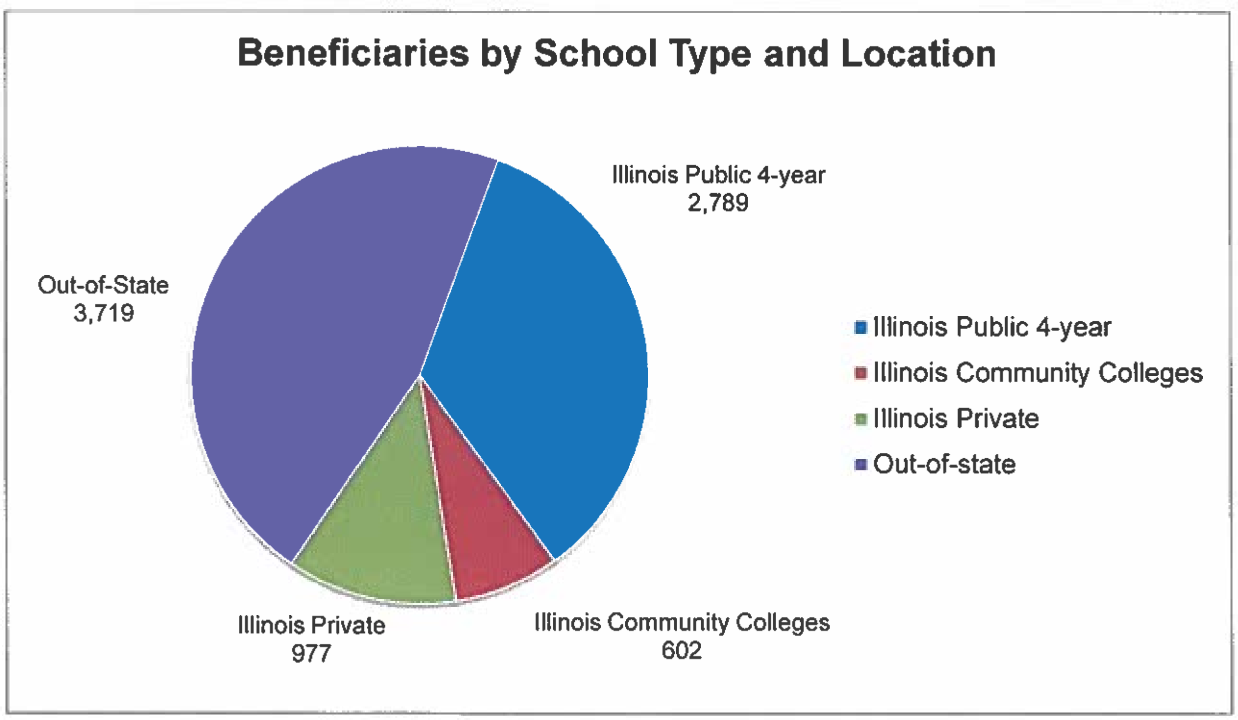
Top 10 Out-of-State Institutions	Amount Paid	Number of Students *	% of Amount Paid to Top 10	% of Students of Top 10
University of Iowa	$39,058,572	1,156	18.9%	19.6%
Indiana University Bloomington	$35,805,836	980	17.3%	16.6%
Purdue University	$22,240,437	656	10.8%	11.1%
Marquette University	$19,327,839	522	9.3%	8.9%
University of Missouri Columbia	$18,788,144	610	9.1%	10.3%
Iowa State University	$18,295,329	527	8.8%	8.9%
University of Wisconsin Madison	$17,604,980	490	8.5%	8.3%
Saint Louis University	$15,595,574	425	7.5%	7.2%
Miami University	$10,452,071	271	5.1%	4.6%
University of Minnesota Twin Cities	$9,618,918	258	4.7%	4.4%
	$206,787,700	5,895		

*Students (beneficiaries) are counted more than once if they attended more than one school.

Appendix D

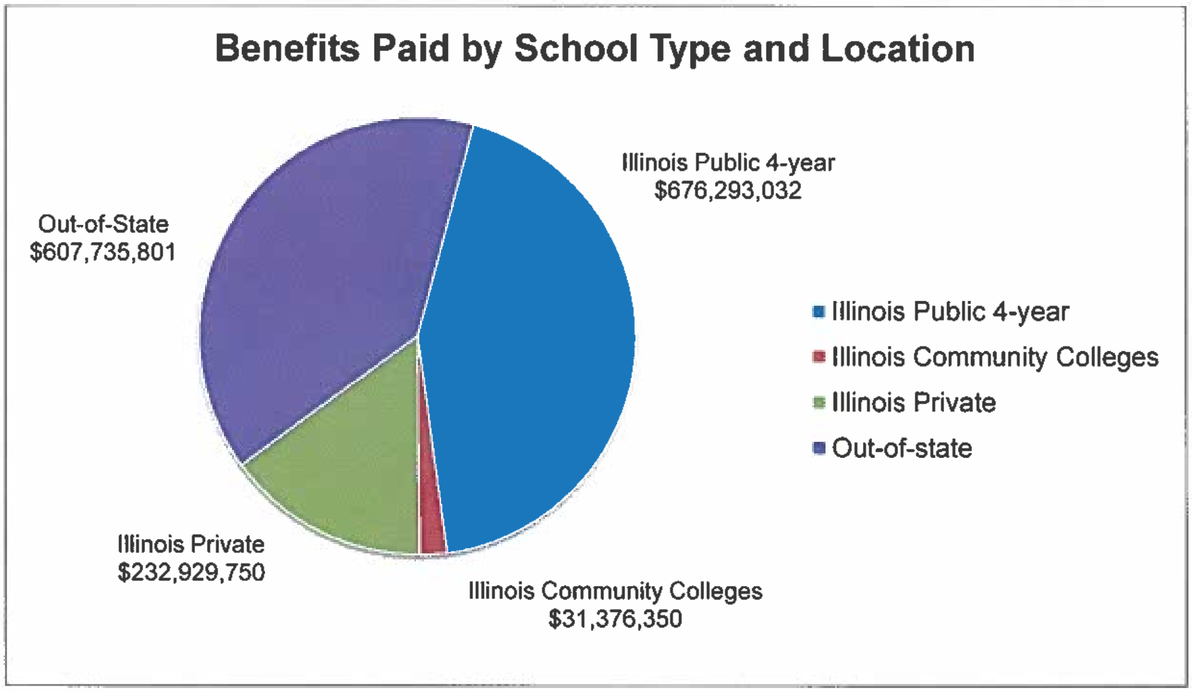
Utilization of Benefits by Location - Fiscal Year 2022

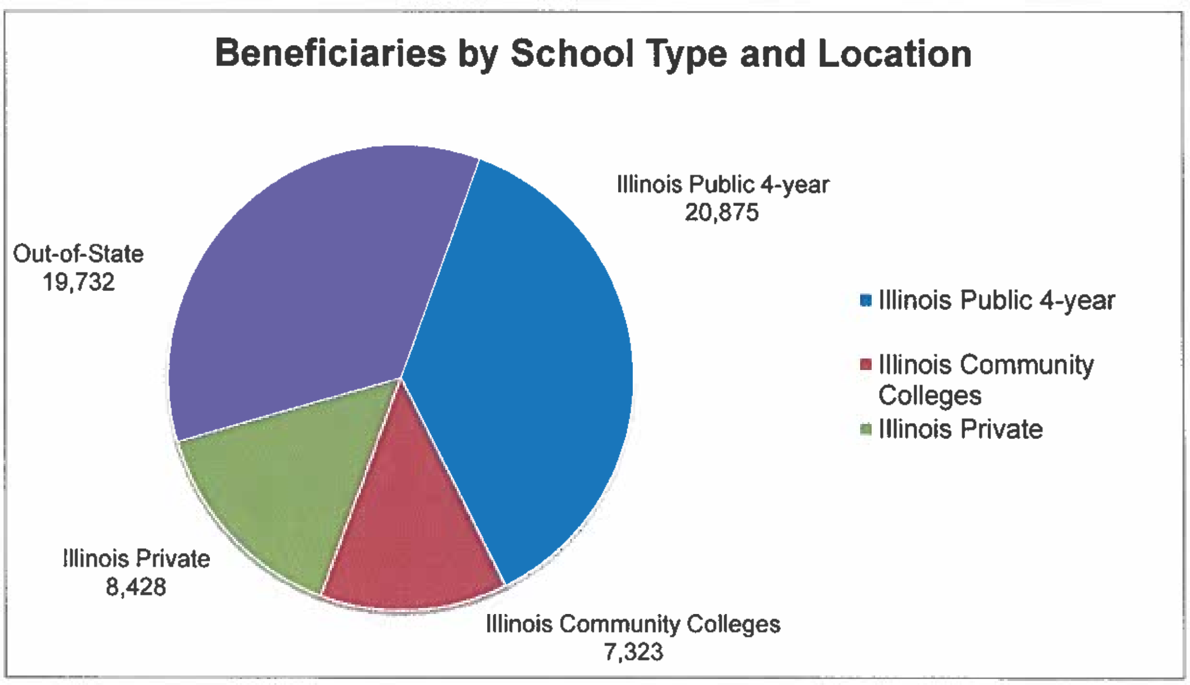




Appendix D

Utilization of Benefits by Location - Fiscal Years 1998 through 2022





STATE OF ILLINOIS
ILLINOIS STUDENT ASSISTANCE COMMISSION
ILLINOIS PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

FINANCIAL AUDIT
June 30, 2022

Performed as Special Assistant Auditors
for the Auditor General, State of Illinois

STATE OF ILLINOIS
ILLINOIS STUDENT ASSISTANCE COMMISSION
ILLINOIS PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

FINANCIAL AUDIT
June 30, 2022

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STATE OF ILLINOIS
ILLINOIS STUDENT ASSISTANCE COMMISSION
ILLINOIS PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM
AGENCY OFFICIALS

Commission Officials:

Executive Director	Eric Zarnikow
Chief Financial Officer	Shoba Nandhan
Chief Investment Officer	Carmen Heredia-Lopez
General Counsel	Karen Salas (07/01/21 – 12/31/21)
Interim General Counsel	Rich Nowell (01/01/22 – Present)
Chief Internal Auditor	Kishor Desai

Governing Board:

Chairman	Kevin B. Huber
Vice Chair	Elizabeth V. Lopez
Commissioner	Niketa Brar
Commissioner	James A. Hibbert
Commissioner	Maureen Amos
Commissioner	Dr. Jonathan “Josh” Bullock
Commissioner	Franciene Sabens
Commissioner	Darryl Arrington
Commissioner	Thomas Dowling
Student Commissioner	Payton Ade

Commission Offices:

1755 Lake Cook Road
Deerfield, IL 60015-5209

500 West Monroe
Springfield, IL 62704

160 North LaSalle
Suite N-100
Chicago, IL 60601

FINANCIAL STATEMENT REPORT

SUMMARY

The audit of the accompanying financial statements of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission (Program) was performed by Crowe LLP.

Based on their audit, the auditors expressed an unmodified opinion on the Program's financial statements.

EXIT CONFERENCE

In correspondence received from Shoba Nandhan, Chief Financial Officer, on March 9, 2023 the Commission elected to waive a formal exit conference.

Crowe LLP
Independent Member Crowe Global

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Frank J. Mautino
Auditor General
State of Illinois, and

Mr. Kevin B. Huber
Chair of the Governing Board
Illinois Student Assistance Commission

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have audited the financial statements of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission, as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements present only the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program, and do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the State of Illinois or the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission, as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Notes 9 and 10, the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program has a net position deficit as of June 30, 2022 of $15 million. The amount of the net position deficit is highly dependent on the actuarial assumptions used to calculate the actuarial present value of future tuition benefit obligations.

Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis for the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such missing information, although not a required part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the actuarial soundness valuation reports but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 21, 2023, on our consideration of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's internal control over financial reporting of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

SIGNED ORIGINAL ON FILE

Crowe LLP

Oak Brook, Illinois
March 21, 2023

STATE OF ILLINOIS
ILLINOIS STUDENT ASSISTANCE COMMISSION
ILLINOIS PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Current	
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 225,174,776
Investments	125,515,977
Receivables:	
Contracts receivable	2,492,367
Recoverable Taxes	830
Accrued interest on investments	209,103
Investments Receivable	212,603,523
Total current assets	565,996,576
Noncurrent	
Investments	288,337,103
Contracts receivable	5,333,036
Total non-current assets	293,670,139
Total assets	859,666,715
LIABILITIES	
Current	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,363,984
Investments purchased	212,603,523
Due to other ISAC funds	122,354
Due to State of Illinois component units	95,894
Tuition obligation	122,860,544
Total current liabilities	337,046,299
Noncurrent	
Tuition obligation	537,382,779
Total liabilities	874,429,078
Net position, unrestricted (deficit)	$ (14,762,363)

See notes to financial statements.

STATE OF ILLINOIS
ILLINOIS STUDENT ASSISTANCE COMMISSION
ILLINOIS PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating revenues:	
Income from investment securities (net of closed end funds investment management fees of $647,488 and performance allocation of $94,652; see Note 3)	$ (49,104,200)
Interest revenue, other	394,364
Fees	194,832
Total operating revenues	(48,515,004)
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and employee benefits	814,797
Accreted tuition expense	(3,909,446)
Management and professional services	1,938,627
Investment management fees	276,768
Investment advisory fees	878,497
Total operating expenses	(757)
Operating income (loss)	(48,514,247)
Transfer In from Other State Funds	250,000,000
Change in net position	201,485,753
Net position (deficit), July 1, 2021	(216,248,116)
Net position (deficit), June 30, 2022	$ (14,762,363)

See notes to financial statements.

STATE OF ILLINOIS
ILLINOIS STUDENT ASSISTANCE COMMISSION
ILLINOIS PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash receipts from tuition contracts	$ 4,788,804
Cash received from fees	194,832
Cash paid for refund of contracts	(21,946,307)
Cash paid for tuition	(100,968,485)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,454,483)
Cash payments to employees for services	(814,797)
Net cash used by operating activities	(120,200,436)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Transfer in from other funds	280,000,000
Cash flows from investing activities	
Purchase of investment securities	(74,629,653)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investment securities	127,531,499
Interest and dividends on investments	10,452,887
Cash paid to investment managers	(276,768)
Net cash provided by investing activities	63,077,966
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	222,877,530
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2021	2,297,246
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2022	$ 225,174,776
Reconciliation of operating gain to net cash used in operating activities	
Operating loss, change in net position	$ (48,514,246)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	
Investment income and other interest income	48,709,836
Investment management fees	276,768
Investment advisory fees	878,497
Decrease in assets:	
Contracts receivable	3,989,074
Investments receivable	(212,603,523)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	213,029,582
Due to other ISAC funds	37,575
Due to State of Illinois component units	20,509
Accreted tuition expense	(3,909,446)
Tuition obligation	(122,115,062)
Total adjustments	(71,686,190)
Net cash used by operating activities	$ (120,200,436)
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing activities:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	$ (60,774,928)

See notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF PROGRAM

The Illinois Student Assistance Commission (ISAC or Commission) administers the nonshared proprietary fund, Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program (*College Illinois!*® or Program) described below. A nonshared fund is a fund in which a single State agency is responsible for administering substantially all financial transactions of the fund.

Legislation authorizing ISAC to administer an Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program was passed in November 1997. The purpose of this program is to provide Illinois families with an affordable tax-advantaged method to pay for college. Illinois Prepaid Tuition contracts will allow participants to prepay the cost of tuition and mandatory fees at Illinois public universities and community colleges. Benefits of the contracts can also be used at private and out-of-state colleges and universities. Contracts can be purchased in a lump sum payment or in installments.

The Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program Fund (Fund) is a non-appropriated fund.

Program Administration: Oversight of the Program is provided by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission, an agency of the State of Illinois, which was established more than 50 years ago with the mission of helping to make college accessible and affordable for Illinois students. The agency is governed by the Commission, a board of ten persons (barring temporary vacancies) appointed by the Governor. The Commission employs and provides direction to an Executive Director who is responsible for overseeing and implementing the Commission's day-to-day operations. The Commission's administrative powers include but are not limited to: adopting a sound Investment Policy; approving any changes to the investment manager structure; and monitoring and evaluating the investment performance of the Fund.

The Investment Committee (Committee) refers to a committee consisting of at least three members of the Commission with knowledge of investing. Investment Committee members shall be selected by the Chair of the Commission and approved by a vote of the Commission. The Investment Committee is generally responsible for monitoring Fund investments and performance to ensure compliance with the Investment Policy and making related recommendations to the Commission.

The Commission also appoints the members of the Investment Advisory Panel. The Panel consists of seven persons (barring temporary vacancies) with expertise in the areas of accounting, actuarial practice, risk management or investment management. It provides advice to the Commission on issues related to the Program's financial policies and practices and its investment strategy and asset allocation with the objective of obtaining the best possible return on investments, consistent with the actuarial soundness of the Program. The Investment Advisory Panel may also advise on other aspects of the Program.

The Program has been designed to comply with all requirements relating to qualified tuition programs under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and Illinois law.

The financial statements of the Program administered by ISAC have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). To facilitate the understanding of data included in the financial statements, summarized below are the more significant accounting policies.

(Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity: The Program does not have component units, nor is it a component unit of any other entity. The Program is not legally separate from the State of Illinois; it is included in the financial statements of the State as a proprietary fund. The State of Illinois' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report may be obtained by writing to the State Comptroller's Office, Financial Reporting Department, 325 West Adams Street, Springfield, Illinois 62704-1871.

The financial statements present only the Program administered by the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission (ISAC) and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Illinois or ISAC as of June 30, 2022, and changes in their financial positions and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The assets of the Fund are to be preserved, invested, and expended solely pursuant to and for the purposes of the Fund and may not be loaned or otherwise transferred or used by the State for any other purpose.

Basis of Presentation: In government, the basic accounting and reporting entity is a fund. A fund is a self-balancing set of accounts segregated for specific purposes/activities generally in accordance with laws and regulations or specific restrictions or limitations on resource use. As a proprietary fund, a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows have been presented for the Program administered by ISAC.

Operating revenues result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the Fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Due to the nature of the Program activities, income from investments is considered an operating activity in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The Fund has no nonoperating activities.

Basis of Accounting: The Program is reported as an enterprise fund, using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. The fund accounts for resources received and used for financing self-supporting activities of the Program that offers services (prepaid tuition contracts) on a user-charge basis to the general public.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents consist principally of deposits held in the State Treasury. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash in banks, interest bearing deposits with banks, and investments in the Illinois Fund.

Investments: The Program presents investments on its Statement of Net Position at fair value or amortized cost which approximates fair value – see Note 3 for information on the determination of fair value. The net appreciation or depreciation in the fair value of investments since the prior fiscal year (or purchase date for Fiscal Year 2022 purchases) is included in investment income in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Dividend and interest income are recorded in the period earned.

(Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Contracts Receivable: Contracts receivable represents the amount the Program expects to receive from contract holders for contracts purchased on an installment basis. The actuarially determined present value of future contributions was $7,825,403 as of June 30, 2022, using a 5.00% discount rate. The Program expects to receive contributions totaling $2,492,367 in Fiscal Year 2023. This amount has been classified as current contracts receivable on the Statement of Net Position. The total contract receivable balance is expected to be received over the next fourteen years.

Interfund Transactions: The Program has the following type of interfund transactions with other funds of the State:

Loans—amounts provided with a requirement for repayment. Interfund loans are reported as interfund receivables (i.e., due from other funds) in lender funds and interfund payables (i.e., due to other funds) in borrower funds.

Reimbursements—repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursements are reported as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund.

Transfers—flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flow of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. Transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Tuition Obligation: The tuition obligation in the Program represents the net contract amount for the 21,675 contracts held by the fund as of June 30, 2022, plus the actuarially-determined present value of future benefits the Program expects to provide to contract holders for all contracts.

Net Position (Deficit): Net position at year-end (when positive) is restricted by the provisions of the tuition contracts, for tuition payments for beneficiaries of the contract owners. Net deficits however are categorized as unrestricted and represent the unfunded liability of the Program.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Funding and Actuarial Assistance: Program funding is derived entirely from payments received from contract purchasers and the investment income earned by the Fund. The Commission has obtained actuarial assistance in order to measure the Fund's obligations. The assets of the Fund are to be preserved, invested, and expended solely pursuant to and for the purposes of the Fund and may not be loaned or otherwise transferred or used by the State for any other purpose.

Coronavirus Implications: A novel strain of coronavirus has spread around the world, with resulting business and social disruption during Fiscal Year 2022. The extent to which the coronavirus may impact business activity or investment results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions required to contain the coronavirus or treat its impact, among others.

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Investment Authority and Legal Compliance: The State Treasury is the custodian of the State's cash and cash equivalents for the Program maintained in the State Treasury. The investment authority for the State Treasury is found in the State Treasurer Act (15 ILCS 505), which authorizes the State of Illinois primary government and its component units to engage in a wide variety of investment activities. For further details please refer to the State of Illinois Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). A copy of the ACFR can be obtained from the Illinois Office of the Comptroller at 325 West Adams, Springfield, Illinois 62704.

The Program independently manages cash and cash equivalents maintained outside the State Treasury.

The Commission board members have ultimate responsibility for the success and safety of the investment program. Specific responsibilities of the Commission include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Adopting a sound investment policy. The investment policy may be modified from time to time by action of the Commission and shall be adopted annually by the Commission in accordance with the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
2. Adopting a sound asset allocation. The asset allocation shall be reviewed annually for reasonableness and a formal asset allocation study will be conducted at least every three years.
3. Approving any changes to the investment manager structure.
4. Approving the selection and termination of any investment service provider.
5. Monitoring and evaluating the investment performance of the Fund and ensuring the risk profile is consistent with investment policy objectives.
6. Establishing the primary duties and responsibilities of those accountable for achieving and reviewing investment results.
7. Adopting and reviewing, at least annually, the diversity policies required by section 30(b-5) of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act (110 ILCS 979/30(b-5).

The Commission may not delegate its oversight and management responsibilities but will be assisted in its functions by other sub committees, panels, and agency staff.

The Commission by statute (Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act, 110 ILCS 979) is required to appoint an investment advisory panel to offer advice and counseling regarding the investments of the Program.

The Commission appoints members to the panel in a manner consistent with the representation prescribed in the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act. The panel is required to annually review and advise the Commission on provisions of the strategic comprehensive investment plan.

The investment policy represents the comprehensive investment plan as referred to in the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act. The investment policy is reviewed by the Commission annually and identifies a set of investment objectives, guidelines, and performance standards for the investment of the assets of the Fund.

The Commission also appoints an Investment Committee consisting of at least three (3) members of the Commission with knowledge of investing. Investment Committee members are selected by the Chair of the Commission and approved by a vote of the Commission. The Investment Committee meets at least quarterly with the Chief Investment Officer and the Investment Consultant.

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Investment Committee is generally responsible for monitoring Fund investments and performance to ensure compliance with the Investment Policy and for considering investment initiatives for potential recommendation to the full Commission.

The Chief Investment Officer (CIO) is responsible for the day-to-day operation and oversight of the Fund and for coordinating the activities of the Investment Committee, the Investment Advisory Panel, and investment related activities of the Commission. The CIO reports directly to the Executive Director and has a “dotted-line” reporting relationship to the Commission. The CIO has the authority and responsibility to ensure that the Commission is adequately informed on matters and concerns relating to Fund investments. The CIO will work closely with the Executive Director, Investment Consultant, and Investment Staff to carry out the duties and responsibilities of this role.

In accordance with the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act, the Commission may arrange to compensate for personalized investment advisory services rendered with respect to any or all of the investments under its control to an investment advisor registered under Section 8 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 or any bank or other entity authorized by law to provide those services.

A qualified investment consultant, on an ongoing basis, evaluates the Program. The primary role of the Investment Consultant is to provide the information, analysis, and advice required by the Investment Staff, Investment Advisory Panel, Investment Committee, and Commission to carry out their duties and to assist them in developing and implementing a prudent process for monitoring and evaluating Fund investments. The Investment Consultant will work closely with the CIO, but is expected to provide an independent perspective to the Investment Committee and Commission.

Written reports are provided to the Commission by the investment consultant no later than 45 days after the end of each calendar quarter. The CIO and investment consultant meet with the various investment managers on a regular basis to review the investment guidelines and the asset/liability structure of the Program. The investment consultant also assists the CIO, Investment Committee, Commission, and the Investment Advisory Panel with the selection of investment managers and custodians.

The qualified investment consultant retained by the Commission is expected to provide an independent perspective within the parameters set forth in the investment policy guidelines. The Program has contracted with Callan LLC to evaluate the investment performance of the Program on an ongoing basis.

The investment policy authorizes the Commission to utilize a third-party custodian to safe-keep the assets of the Fund and to provide reports on a monthly basis to all relevant parties. The custodian retained by the Commission is required to exercise discretion within the parameters set forth in the investment policy guidelines for the portfolio(s) they manage on behalf of the Fund.

The Custodian has three primary responsibilities, namely: (1) Safekeeping of Assets – custody, pricing and accounting and reporting of assets owned by the Fund; (2) Trade Processing – track and reconcile assets that are acquired and disposed; and (3) Asset Servicing – maintain all economic benefits of ownership such as income collection, corporate actions, and proxy notification issues.

The Commission may direct that assets of the Program be placed in savings accounts or may use the same to purchase fixed or variable life insurance or annuity contracts, securities, evidence of indebtedness, or other investment products pursuant to the comprehensive investment plan and in such proportions as may be designated or approved under that plan.

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Commission also authorizes the hiring of professional investment managers to manage the assets of the Fund. Investment managers are hired who, by their record and experience have demonstrated their fiduciary responsibility, their investment expertise, their investment experience, and their capacity to undertake the mandate for which they are being considered. Investment managers retained for the Program acknowledge in writing that they are a fiduciary with respect to the Fund or that they are a fiduciary to a limited partnership or commingled fund in which the Fund is an investor.

Unless otherwise exempt from registration, investment managers need to be currently registered and maintain registration as an investment advisor under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, a bank (as defined in the Act), or an insurance company qualified to perform investment management services under the law of more than one state unless otherwise approved on an exception basis.

The Commission has established strict guidelines to ensure that hiring decisions are made in a full-disclosure environment characterized by competitive selection, objective evaluation, and proper documentation. The overriding consideration with respect to all decisions is that they shall be made solely in the best interest of participants and beneficiaries of the Fund.

The Program investment policy dictates certain guidelines and restrictions that apply to each approved asset class. Such restrictions may include certain prohibited transactions, as well as restrictions on portfolio composition. In accordance with the investment policy approved on June 25, 2012, the Fund will not make any new direct private investments or new co-investments that are tied to a single company or investment.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Program's deposits may not be returned to it. State law (30 ILCS 230/2C) requires that all deposits of public funds be covered by FDIC insurance or eligible collateral. The Program has no policy that would further limit the requirements under State law. As of June 30, 2022, the Program's deposits held outside the State Treasury were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Investments</u>: ISAC is required annually to adopt a comprehensive investment policy to invest the funds received through contract payments. The Commission approved the Program's most recent revision to the investment policy in June 2022.

The comprehensive investment plan specifies the investment policies to be utilized by the Commission in its administration of the Program. The Commission may direct that assets of the Program be invested in a manner that will meet or exceed the return of the Policy Benchmark consistent with the actuarial soundness of the Fund and the risk level expected from the asset allocation. The investments should be in compliance with all applicable federal and state laws and other statutes governing the investment of Program resources.

The asset allocation targets are reviewed annually for reasonableness in relation to significant economic and market changes or to changes in the investment objectives. A formal asset allocation study is conducted as directed, but at least every three years, to verify or provide a basis for revising the targets. The asset allocation establishes target weights for each asset class and is designed to maximize the long-term expected return of the Program within an acceptable risk tolerance while providing liquidity to meet Program liabilities.

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The table below establishes the asset allocation targets. In order to minimize trading costs and market risk associated with transitioning to the long-term targets, Program cash flows will be used to move gradually toward the long-term target weights. Interim target weights are established for purposes of calculating the policy benchmark and for rebalancing controls.

		Rebalancing Range	
Asset Allocation	Policy Targets	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
U.S. equity	16.00%	12.00%	19.00%
Non-U.S. equity	16.00%	12.00%	19.00%
Fixed income	26.00%	22.00%	29.00%
High yield	3.00%	1.00%	7.00%
REIT	3.00%	1.00%	7.00%
Real estate	7.00%	N/A	N/A
Infrastructure	5.00%	N/A	N/A
Private equity	1.00%	N/A	N/A
Cash	23.00%	N/A	N/A

The primary benchmark (the Policy Benchmark) for evaluating the performance of the Program is a Target Index consisting of a market index or equivalent for each asset class, weighted in accordance with the target allocation (or interim target allocation if applicable). Over a three to five years period the Program is expected to generate returns, after payment of all fees and expenses, which exceed the returns of the Target Index.

The Target Index components are as follows.

Asset Class	Index	Weight
U.S. Equity	Wilshire 5000	16.00%
Non-U.S. Equity	MSCI ACWI xUS IMI	16.00%
Fixed Income	BC U.S. Aggregate	26.00%
High Yield	BofA MLHY Master II	3.00%
REIT	MSCI US REIT	3.00%
Real Estate	NCREIF ODCE	7.00%
Infrastructure	90-day T Bills +4%	5.00%
Private Equity	Wilshire 5000	1.00%
Cash	90-day T-Bills	23.00%

ISAC has established investment guidelines for the investment managers and conducts thorough due diligence before the appointment of all investment managers. ISAC has retained Alinda Capital Partners, Ativo Capital Management, CM Growth Capital Partners LP, DDJ Capital Management, Dimensional Fund Advisors, Garcia Hamilton and Associates, Lyrical-Antheus Realty Partners, Neuberger Berman, Portfolio Advisors, RhumbLine Advisers, Security Capital Research and Management, State Street Global Advisors, T. Rowe Price Associates and The Rohatyn Group as investment managers to assist with the investment of the Program.

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Use of funds invested on behalf of the Program by the investment managers is restricted to the payout of tuition and fee benefits for Program beneficiaries and the administrative costs of running the program.

As of June 30, 2022, 11.9% of the funds were invested in Domestic Equities, 22.6% in Fixed Income,12.2% in International Equities, 4.1% in Infrastructure Funds, 0.7% in Absolute Return Funds, .27% in Private Equity Funds, 6.3% in Real Estate, 3.2% in Real Estate Investment Trust, 3.5% in High Yield, and 35.2% in cash and equivalents.

Investments owned are reported at fair value or amortized cost as follows:

1. U.S. Government and Agency, Foreign and Corporate Obligations, Convertible Bonds – prices quoted by a major dealer in such securities;

2. Common Stock and Equity Funds, Preferred Stock, Foreign Equity Securities – (a) Listed – closing prices as reported on the composite summary of national securities exchanges; (b) Over-the-counter – bid prices;

3. Money Market Instruments – amortized cost which approximates fair values;

4. Real Estate Investments – fair values as determined by its investment managers and reviewed by Program investment staff and the investment consultant;

5. Private Equity, Absolute Return, and Infrastructure Funds – fair values as determined by its investment managers and reviewed by Program investment staff and the investment consultant. Valuations generally are based on the investee’s last audited financial statements (generally December 31) and differences attributed to cash flows and subsequent events through June 30.

The Program's investment in REITs represents convertible debt, senior unsecured debt securities, and preferred and common equity securities. Investment strategies of private equity funds include secondary funds.

The Program's investments in infrastructure represent investments used to seek capital appreciation and current income by acquiring, holding, financing, refinancing, and disposing of infrastructure investment and related assets. Infrastructure assets include various public works such as water utility, toll roads, inland barge terminals and a gas pipeline system.

The Program's investments in absolute return funds (funds of hedge funds) employ a broad range of diversifying investment strategies that may include arbitrage, global commodities, and global macro.

Private equity, real estate and infrastructure investment portfolios consist of passive interests in non-publicly traded companies. The Program had outstanding unfunded commitments of approximately $0.3 million to private equity partnerships and $6.2 million to infrastructure funds as of June 30, 2022.

Recoverable taxes are taxes paid by legacy international equity investment managers to foreign governments. ISAC’s custodian then reclaims tax withheld on dividends and interest in markets where tax reclaim benefits are available. These legacy investment managers no longer have assets under management. Their accounts at the custodian consist solely of recoverable taxes.

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Program's cash and investments at June 30, 2022, are presented below by investment type and by investment manager:

Investment Managers
Asset Allocation at June 30, 2022

Asset Class	Investment Manager	Fair Value	Asset Allocation
All-cap core equity	Rhumbline Advisers	$ 76,148,000	11.92%
Total U.S. Equity		76,148,000	11.92%
International equity	Ativo	38,923,884	6.09%
International equity	Dimensional Fund Advisors	39,112,479	6.12%
International equity recoverable taxes	Northern Trust	830	0.00%
Total Non-U.S. equity		78,037,193	12.21%
Fixed income - Passive core	State Street Global Advisors	47,471,962	7.43%
Fixed income - Core Plus	T. Rowe Price	50,776,159	7.95%
Fixed income - U.S. Intermediate	Garcia Hamilton	46,495,030	7.28%
Total fixed income		144,743,151	22.65%
High yield	DDJ Strategic Income Plus	22,540,252	3.53%
Total high yield		22,540,252	3.53%
REIT Preferred Growth	Security Capital Research	20,189,499	3.16%
Total REIT		20,189,499	3.16%
Real estate - Private Equity	Lyrical - Antheus	40,154,233	6.28%
Total Real Estate		40,154,233	6.28%
Infrastructure-Diversified Value Add	Alinda Infrastructure	9,987,814	1.56%
Infrastructure-Asia Opportunities	The Rohatyn Group	15,910,711	2.49%
Total infrastructure		25,898,525	4.05%
Absolute return fund-Conservative	Neuberger Berman	4,434,340	0.69%
Total Absolute Return Funds		4,434,340	0.69%
Private equity secondary FoFs	Portfolio Advisors	1,708,717	0.27%
Total Private Equity		1,708,717	0.27%
Total investments		$ 413,853,910	64.76%
Cash and equivalents	Northern Trust	$ 954,294	0.15%
Cash and equivalents	Illinois Funds, Treasury and lock box	224,220,482	35.10%
Total cash and cash equivalents		225,174,776	35.24%
Total portfolio		$ 639,028,686	100.00%

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investment Management Fees: The Program has contracted with Commission-approved investment managers to manage the assets of the Program. The investment managers serve as investors and investment advisors to the Program.

For investment managers who invest moneys in publicly held securities the Program pays an investment management fee for investment management services. The investment management fee is based upon contractually agreed upon conditions and provisions. Investment management fees expense for investments in publicly held securities amounted to $276,768 for the year ended June 30, 2022, and is accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

For investment managers of alternative investments (not publicly held securities) the Program pays an investment advisory fee. The investment advisory fees are calculated based upon the terms and conditions agreed upon with each individual contractual agreement and are recognized as investment advisory fees expense in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Investment advisory expense as reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for Fiscal Year 2022 amounts to $878,497.

For certain alternative investment managers of private equity, infrastructure and real estate which are closed end funds and ISAC is a limited partner, the investment advisory fee is reflected in a slightly different way. If the investment management fees are outside of the Limited Partner's capital account then the fees are included as part of the investment advisory fees expense in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. If the closed-end fund accounts for management fees within the Limited Partner's capital account, then management fee expense is included in the Net Asset Value calculation and would therefore be included in the income from investment securities on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Investment managers who fall into the last category are listed below:

- Lyrical-Antheus Realty Partners
- Alinda Capital Partners
- The Rohatyn Group
- Portfolio Advisors

Approximately $647,488 in investment advisory fees and $94,652 in performance allocation fees are included in the amount reported for income from investment securities for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2022, and is accounted for as a part of the income from investment securities in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Additionally, these amounts are reflected in the carrying value on the Statement of Net Position.

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The State Treasurer is the custodian of the State's cash and cash equivalents for the Program maintained in the State Treasury. Amounts on deposits in the custody of the State Treasurer totaled $224,136,116 at June 30, 2022. These deposits are pooled and invested with other State funds in accordance with the Deposit of State Moneys Act of the Illinois Compiled Statutes (15 ILCS 520/11). Funds held by the State Treasurer have not been addressed as to custodial credit risk because the Program does not own individual securities. Funds held by the State Treasurer are not rated for credit risk and the interest rate risk cannot be determined because the weighted average maturity information for these amounts is not available for individual funds. Details on the nature of these deposits and investments, along with risk disclosures, are available within the State of Illinois' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Program's policy for managing interest rate risk is to monitor duration against an appropriate benchmark index.

The duration of the portfolios, by Manager, for the fixed income securities (excluding real estate portfolio), compared to the benchmark index(s) is as follows:

Fixed Income Portfolio Manager	Average Duration	Bloomberg Aggregate Bond Index	Bloomberg Int. Government/ Credit Index
Garcia Hamilton	4.44 Years	N/A	3.96 Years
SSGA U.S. Aggregate Bond Index (common collective trust)	6.40 Years	6.44 Years	N/A
T. Rowe Price	6.61 Years	6.44 Years	N/A

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity

Portfolio Weighted Average
June 30, 2022

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (in Years)
U.S. Treasury notes	$ 23,473,059	4.35
U.S. Treasury bonds	18,480,538	12.99
Bond common collective trust	47,471,962	8.65
Municipal/provincial bonds	560,988	11.54
Non U.S. government bonds denominated in U.S. dollars	730,281	16.34
Non U.S. government bonds denominated in foreign currency	147,887	14.09
Multi-sector funds	27,909,168	8.83
Government agency short-term bills and notes	299,930	0.02
Corporate debt securities	8,792,528	5.85
Corporate asset-backed securities	3,472,126	14.48
Mortgage back securities (MBS):		
Government agencies	8,948,982	15.67
Non-government backed	2,385,916	34.43
Commercial	1,835,667	21.07
Total fair value	$ 144,509,032	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		9.57

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The operational guidelines for actively-managed bond managers set forth in the Program investment policy are:

- The weighted average credit quality of portfolio holding will not fall below A- or equivalent.
- No more than 20% of the portfolio will be invested in issues rated below Baa3 or BBB-, A2 or P2.
- No more than 10% in non-U.S. securities (dollar and non-dollar) rated below investment grade.
- Should a security be downgraded to a rating of "B" or below, the investment manager will determine the appropriate action (sell or hold) based on the perceived risk and expected return of the position and will inform the CIO and the Investment Consultant in writing of the action taken.

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The following tables indicate credit ratings, as of June 30, 2022, for the Program's debt security investments (other than obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government which are not considered to have credit risk). Ratings for debt security investments that have multiple ratings are on the following page:

Credit Ratings (Excludes Multiple-Rated Securities)
June 30, 2022

	Total Fair Value	Moody's**
Money market mutual funds	$ 1,271,326	NR
Illinois Funds	75,976	NR
Bond common collective trust	47,471,962	NR
Multi-sector funds	27,909,168	NR
Government agencies short term bills and notes	299,930	Aaa
Non U.S. government bonds denominated in U.S. dollars	730,281	Ba
Non U.S. Government Bonds denominated in foreign currency	147,887	Baa
Corporate Debt Securities	8,792,528	A

*NR - Not rated

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2022

Rating Agency		Credit Rating	Total Fair Value
Moody's	Commercial Mortgage-Backed	Aaa	$ 238,556
	Commercial Mortgage-Backed	Aa	150,605
	Commercial Mortgage-Backed	A	190,304
	Commercial Mortgage-Backed	Ba	112,893
	Commercial Mortgage-Backed	Baa	240,269
	Commercial Mortgage-Backed	NR	903,040
			1,835,667
Moody's	Corporate Asset Backed Securities	Aaa	928,135
	Corporate Asset Backed Securities	Aa	409,645
	Corporate Asset Backed Securities	Baa	97,879
	Corporate Asset Backed Securities	NR	2,036,467
			3,472,126
Moody's	Municipal/Provincial Bonds	Aa	74,637
	Municipal/Provincial Bonds	NR	486,351
			560,988
Moody's	Non-Government Backed C.M.O.s	Aaa	485,864
	Non-Government Backed C.M.O.s	Aa	256,403
	Non-Government Backed C.M.O.s	A	-
	Non-Government Backed C.M.O.s	NR	1,532,000
	Non-Government Backed C.M.O.s	WR	111,649
			2,385,916
Moody's	Mortgage-backed securities, government agencies	Aa	39,818
	Mortgage-backed securities, government agencies	A	13,269
	Mortgage-backed securities, government agencies	Baa	92,824
	Mortgage-backed securities, government agencies	Ba	42,816
	Mortgage-backed securities, government agencies	NR	8,760,255
			8,948,982

NR - not rated, WR withdrawn

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the Program will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Program does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

The Program is not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2022.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer.

The operational guidelines as set forth in the Program's investment policy indicate:

- For fixed income managers no more than five percent of the fixed income portfolio at time of purchase may be invested in any one company, except for U.S. government or agency issues.
- For investments in international equity, investment in any one issuer shall not exceed five percent of the market value of the portfolio at the time of purchase. No more than ten percent of the market value of the portfolio may be held in any one issuer at any time. Investment in any one company in the portfolio may be no more than ten percent of the total market value of that company.
- For investments in domestic equity, investment in any one issuer shall not exceed five percent of the market value of the portfolio at the time of purchase. No more than ten percent of the market value of the portfolio may be held in any one issuer at any time. Investment in any one company in the portfolio may be no more than ten percent of the total market value of that company.

As of June 30, 2022, there were no investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Program's investments in international equity are in compliance with the guidelines of the investment policy. As of June 30, 2022, 12.2% is invested in international equities all denominated in U.S. dollars.

Certain alternative investments also hold investments located outside of the United States. These investments denominated in U.S. dollars have underlying investments in other currencies including the Indian rupee. Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and other currencies could have an effect on the amounts realized in U.S. dollars involving these investments. The Program has the following investments denominated in foreign currency.

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments Denominated in Foreign Currency
June 30, 2022
Fair Value in U.S. Dollars

Foreign Currency Denomination	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Fixed Income	Pending Trades Fixed Income Investments	Totals
Euro	$ 514	$ 147,887	$ (194,137)	$ (45,736)
Total	$ 514	$ 147,887	$ (194,137)	$ (45,736)

Valuation: The Program categorizes its fair value measures within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (see pages 16-17); and leveling is not required for investments held at amortized cost. The Program has the following as of June 30, 2022:

Investments by fair value level	June 30, 2022	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Leveling Not Required
Debt securities				
U.S. Treasury notes	$ 23,473,059	$ -	$ 23,473,059	$ -
U.S. Treasury bonds	18,480,538	-	18,480,538	-
Municipal/provincial debt	560,988	-	560,988	-
Corporate debt securities	8,792,528	-	8,792,528	-
Corporate asset-backed securities	3,472,126		3,472,126	-
Foreign government bonds denominated in U.S. dollars	730,281	-	730,281	-
Foreign debt securities (non U.S. government bonds denominated in foreign currency)	147,887		147,887	-
Government agency short-term bills and notes	299,930	-	299,930	-
Commercial mortgage backed	1,835,667	-	1,835,667	-
Government mortgage backed	8,948,982	-	8,948,982	-
Multi-sector funds	27,909,168	-	27,909,168	-
Common collective trust	47,471,962	-	47,471,962	-
Non government backed CMO	2,385,916	-	2,385,916	-
Corporate equity securities	76,148,000	76,148,000	-	-
Foreign equity securities	39,112,479	39,112,479	-	-
Money market mutual funds	1,271,326	-	-	1,271,326
Cash and pending trades	(85,743)	-	-	(85,743)
Cash and pending trades in foreign currency	2,829	-	-	2,829
Equity in public treasurer's investment pool (Illinois Funds)	75,976	-	-	75,976
Total investments by fair value level	$ 261,033,899	$ 115,260,479	$ 144,509,032	$ 1,264,388

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)	June 30, 2022
Real estate investment trust	$ 20,189,499
Real estate	40,154,233
Private equity	1,708,717
Infrastructure	25,898,525
Foreign equity	38,923,884
Absolute return	4,434,340
High yield fund	22,540,252
Total investment measured at the NAV	$ 153,849,450
Total investments measured at fair value or amortized cost	$ 414,883,349

The valuation method of investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table.

	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency If Currently Eligible	Redemption Notice Period
Real estate investment trust	$ 20,189,499	$ -	Quarterly	30 days notice
Real estate	40,154,233	-	N/A	N/A
Private equity	1,708,717	313,571	N/A	N/A
Infrastructure	25,898,525	6,164,479	N/A	N/A
Foreign equity	38,923,884	-	Monthly	15 days notice
Absolute return	4,434,340	-	Annual	65 and 180 days notice
High yield fund	22,540,252	-	Quarterly	60 days notice
Total investments measured at NAV	$ 153,849,450	$ 6,478,050		

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Real estate investment trust: This investment manager opportunistically sources, structures and executes investments in real estate operating companies. The fair values of the investment in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the investment. This investment can be redeemed quarterly with 30 days' notice. A liquidating account may be used during period of market stress to provide orderly liquidation.

Real Estate: This type includes one real estate fund that invests primarily in U.S. commercial and residential real estate. Lyrical Antheus Realty Partners III, LP recognizes the partners' capital at cost basis on their financial statements has been adjusted to reflect the investment on a fair value basis. Private market investments are illiquid in nature. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated by the general partner. It is expected that the underlying assets of the fund will be liquidated over the next five years with 15% within state Fiscal Year 2023.

Private Equity: This type includes one private equity funds which invests in a diversified portfolio of private equity limited partnerships purchased in the secondary market. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the Program's ownership investment in partners' capital. Private market investments are illiquid in nature. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated by the general partner. It is expected that the underlying assets of the fund will be liquidated over the next three years with 25% within state Fiscal Year 2023.

Infrastructure: This type includes two infrastructure funds which invest in infrastructure and related assets in the United States, Asia, and Europe. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the Program's ownership investment in partners' capital. Private market investments are illiquid in nature. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated by the general partner. It is expected that the underlying assets of the funds will be liquidated over the next four years with 80% to 15% (varies by investment manager) within state Fiscal Year 2023.

Absolute Return: This type includes one absolute return funds of funds. This fund targets consistent, positive absolute returns with minimal beta to major equity and fixed income markets. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the Program's ownership investment in partners' capital. assets. The fund will withhold a percentage pending the completion of the annual audit . The fund is in the process of liquidating. Twenty-three million was liquidated in state fiscal year 2022 with the remainder expected in Fiscal Year 2023.

High Yield: This type seeks income and gains through trading and investing in securities. The fair value of the investment in this type has been determined using the NAV per share of the Program's ownership investment in partners' capital. Ninety percent of liquid securities are available within 30 days of quarter end with 60 days' notice prior to quarter end. Up to 25% of the fund may be invested in illiquid securities. Ten percent of any withdrawal may be held until 30 days following the annual audit. As of June 30, 2022, $16,909 was held in a liquidating account related to prior redemptions.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Foreign Equity: This type includes two international equity funds. DFA World ex US Core Equity Portfolio is a mutual fund. They strike a daily price each evening following a trading day. The other fund Ativo International Equity Fund invests in undervalued companies that display above average growth characteristics, domiciled in, or primarily exposed to developed and emerging countries outside of the United States.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

As of June 30, 2022, the Program owed $122,354 to the Student Loan Operating Fund for expense reimbursements. In addition, the Program owed $95,894 to Illinois Universities for payment of tuition and fee benefits. During the year, $250 million was transferred in from General Revenue Fund as an intergovernmental payment.

NOTE 5 - PERSONNEL COST ALLOCATION

Based on a revised cost allocation policy, beginning in Fiscal Year 2013, all payroll-related costs are paid out of the Student Loan Operating Fund. This includes salary, benefits, and any vacation or sick payout should they be incurred. On a monthly basis, College Illinois is charged back for the related hours worked and costs incurred.

(Continued)

NOTE 6 - TUITION OBLIGATION

The tuition obligation is management's estimate of the present value of the estimated tuition payments to be made and is expected to be financed from investments of prepaid tuition contracts. The estimate for the future tuition obligation is based on a closed group projection for existing contracts assuming no new contract sales after June 30, 2022. See actuarial assumptions and additional information in Note 10.

Tuition obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Balance, July 1, 2021	$ 786,267,831
Add:	
Contributions received in FY 2022	4,788,805
Change in contracts receivable, at present value*	(3,989,074)
Adjust tuition obligation based on actuarial valuation	(3,909,446)
Less:	
Return of contributions	(21,946,308)
Tuition payments	(100,968,485)
Balance June 30, 2022**	$ 660,243,323
Reported as:	
Current	$ 122,860,544
Noncurrent	537,382,779
	$ 660,243,323

* See Note 10. Discount rate used in determining present value was 5.00%.

** The accreted tuition expense is calculated at least annually by the Commission's actuary and is an estimate based on the average increase in tuition for Illinois colleges. Accreted tuition expense is reflected as an expense in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position and as an increase (or decrease) to the tuition obligation on the Statement of Net Position.

(Continued)

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN

A majority of ISAC's full-time employees who are not eligible for participation in another state-sponsored retirement plan participate in the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS), which is a pension trust fund in the State of Illinois reporting entity. The SERS is a single-employer defined/benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) in which State employees participate, except those covered by the State Universities, Teachers', General Assembly, and Judges' Retirement Systems. The financial position and results of operations of the SERS for Fiscal Year 2022 are included in the State of Illinois' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the year ended June 30, 2022. The SERS issues a separate ACFR that may be obtained by writing to the SERS, 2101 South Veterans Parkway, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9255.

A summary of SERS benefit provisions, changes in benefit provisions, employee eligibility requirements including eligibility for vesting, and the authority under which benefit provisions are established are included as an integral part of the SERS' ACFR. Also included is a discussion of employer and employee obligations to contribute and the authority under which those obligations are established.

The Commission pays employer retirement contributions for the Program based upon an actuarially determined percentage of its payroll. For Fiscal Years 2022, 2021, and 2020, the employer contribution rate was 56.4%, 56.0%, and 53.9%, respectively. The required and actual contribution for Fiscal Years 2022, 2021, and 2020, was $261,757, $321,096, and $365,394, respectively. Contributions to SERS and the net pension liability related to the SERS pension plan are recorded by the Commission's Student Loan Operating Fund.

NOTE 8 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The State provides health, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents in a program administered by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services along with the Department of Central Management Services. Substantially all State employees become eligible for post-employment benefits if they eventually become annuitants of one of the State sponsored pension plans. Health, dental, and vision benefits include basic benefits for annuitants and dependents under the State's self-insurance plan and insurance contracts currently in force. Annuitants may be required to contribute towards health, dental, and vision benefits in accordance with Public Act 97-0695.

The total cost of the State's portion of health, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits of all members, including post-employment health, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits, is recognized as an expenditure by the State in the Illinois Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The State finances the costs on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The total costs incurred and related liabilities for health, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits are not separated by department, fund or component unit for annuitants and their dependents nor active employees and their dependents.

A summary of post-employment benefit provisions, changes in benefit provisions, employee eligibility requirements, including eligibility for vesting, and the authority under which benefit provisions are established are included as an integral part of the financial statements of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services. A copy of the financial statements of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services may be obtained by writing to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, 201 South Grand Ave., Springfield, Illinois 62763-3838.

(Continued)

NOTE 9 - FUND DEFICITS

As of June 30, 2022, the Program has a deficit in net position of $14,762,363. The Program received a $250 million transfer in from the General Revenue Fund in Fiscal Year 2022. The table below details a reconciliation of the fund deficit in the financial statements to the fund deficit in the Actuarial Soundness Report as of June 30, 2022.

Unfunded liability per actuarial soundness report	$ (28,006,113)
Present value of accrued future administrative expense	14,616,878
Other accrued liabilities	(1,373,128)
Fund deficit per Statement of Net Position	$ (14,762,363)

NOTE 10 - PROGRAM RISKS AND ACTUARIAL DATA

The Program's ability to honor existing and future contracts depends primarily upon two factors: (i) achieving a projected annual net return on Program investments; and (ii) actual tuition/fee increases being within projected amounts.

Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company, the independent actuarial firm retained by College Illinois! ®, has performed an actuarial soundness valuation of College Illinois!®, the State's section 529 prepaid tuition program, as of June 30, 2022, to evaluate the financial viability of the Program as of June 30, 2022. The complete Actuarial Soundness Report as of June 30, 2022, is included in the Other Information Section.

As detailed in the attached Actuarial report the Program enrollment has been on hold and will continue to be on hold for the 2022/2023 enrollment period pending continuing discussion with policymakers to help define and advance proposals that will strengthen the Program. The Program continues to operate as usual with no change in benefits, customer service, or plan administration. Those with beneficiaries in college continue to see benefit payments paid as usual. The Program retains a substantial investment portfolio in a separate fund to pay obligation for a number of years without requiring funding from the state.

The Program is not supported by the full faith and credit of the State of Illinois, nor is it guaranteed by the State's general fund. The Program is a moral obligation of the State of Illinois requiring the Governor to request an appropriation from the State General Assembly in case the Commission and the Governor determine that the Program does not have adequate assets to meet its contractual obligations in an upcoming fiscal year. While the General Assembly has fulfilled other moral obligations of the State of Illinois in the past, it is not obligated to appropriate, and no assurances can be made that the General Assembly will appropriate sufficient moneys to meet the Program's contractual obligations.

If it is determined by the Commission, with the concurrence of the Governor, that the Program is financially infeasible, the Commission may prospectively discontinue the Program. Pursuant to the prepaid tuition statute, if the Program is discontinued, beneficiaries who are or will enroll within five years at an eligible institution shall be entitled to exercise the complete benefits specified in the contract; all other contract holders shall receive an appropriate refund of all contributions and accrued interest up to the time the Program is discontinued.

(Continued)

NOTE 10 - PROGRAM RISKS AND ACTUARIAL DATA (Continued)

The following is a summary of the actuarial present value (APV) of the future benefits obligation, funded ratio, and significant assumptions used.

APV of future benefits obligation*	$ 660,243,323
Funded ratio	95.90%
Actuarial assumptions:	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2022
Assumed net investment return	5.00% in FY 23 then grading down in annual increments of 0.333 to an ultimate investment rate of 3.00% for fiscal years on and after 2029
Rates of cancellation	Varies according to years from projected college entrance year
Tuition increase all contract types:	
All future years	4.25%

* For all existing contracts as of June 30, 2022

The actuarial present value of the future benefits obligation decreased by approximately $126 million compared to the balance reported at June 30, 2021. Contributing to the overall decrease was tuition paid.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers' compensation and natural disasters. The State retains the risk of loss (i.e., self-insured) for these risks except for insurance purchased by the Commission for the building and EDP equipment. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded coverage for the current or prior two years. The Commission's risk management activities for workers' compensation are financed through appropriations to the Illinois Department of Central Management Services and are accounted for in the general fund of the State. The claims are not considered to be a liability of the Commission and, accordingly, have not been reported in the Commission's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

(Continued)

NOTE 12 – NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. Upon the Commission's adoption of GASB Statement No. 95, the effective date of the Statement was delayed for the Commission until the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this Statement will have on its financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objectives of this Statement are to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements and to provide guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. This Statement is effective for the Commission's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this Statement will have on its financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. This Statement is effective for the Commission's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this Statement will have on its financial statements.

In April 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements related to leases, public-private and public-public partnerships, and subscription-based information technology arrangements are effective for the Commission's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments are effective for the Commission's fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this Statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the Commission's fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this Statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the Commission's fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this Statement will have on its financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program

Actuarial Soundness Valuation Report as of June 30, 2022

P: 312.456.9800 | www.grsconsulting.com

October 5, 2022

Mr. Eric Zarnikow
Executive Director
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
1755 Lake Cook Road
Deerfield, Illinois 60015-5209

Re: College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program Actuarial Soundness Valuation as of June 30, 2022

Dear Mr. Zarnikow:

In accordance with the request of the Illinois Student Assistance Commission ("ISAC"), Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company ("GRS") has performed an actuarial soundness valuation of the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program ("CIPTP") as of June 30, 2022. Although the term "actuarial soundness" is not specifically defined, the primary purpose of this actuarial valuation is to evaluate the financial status of the program as of June 30, 2022.

This report presents the principal results of the actuarial soundness valuation of the CIPTP including the following:

- A comparison of the actuarial present value of the obligations for prepaid tuition contracts purchased through June 30, 2022, with the value of the assets associated with the program as of that same date;
- An analysis of the factors which caused the deficit/surplus to change since the prior actuarial valuation;
- Sensitivity testing; and
- A summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods utilized in the actuarial calculations.

This report was prepared at the request of ISAC and is intended for use by ISAC and those designated or approved by ISAC. This report may be provided to parties other than ISAC only in its entirety and only with the permission of ISAC. This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described above.

The actuarial soundness valuation results set forth in this report are based upon data and information furnished by ISAC, concerning program benefits, financial transactions and beneficiaries of the CIPTP. We reviewed this information for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission. Further, the data and information provided is through June 30, 2022, and does not reflect subsequent market volatility.

120 North LaSalle Street | Suite 1350 | Chicago, Illinois 60602-3495

The actuarial soundness valuation results summarized in this report involve actuarial calculations that require assumptions about future events. Most of the actuarial assumptions (with the exception of the investment return assumption and the tuition and fee increase assumption) used in this valuation were based on an experience review for the period from July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014, and were adopted for use commencing with the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation.

With regard to the investment return assumption and the tuition and fee increase assumption, ISAC annually provides us with a detailed analysis of these two assumptions and prescribes the corresponding rates to use for the annual actuarial valuation. As such, these assumptions were provided by and are the responsibility of ISAC.

Based on information provided to us by ISAC, changes to the following two actuarial assumptions are effective beginning with this actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022:

- The "select and ultimate" rate structure for the investment return assumption and related discount rate for liabilities was changed from an initial rate of 5.25 percent for fiscal year 2022 and grading down to the ultimate rate of 3.00 percent for fiscal years 2027 and after to an initial rate of 5.00 percent for fiscal year 2023 (compared to the expected rate of 4.80 percent under the previous assumption) and grading down to the ultimate rate of 3.00 percent for fiscal years 2029 and after.
- The tuition and fee increase assumption was decreased from 4.50 percent for all types of contracts to 4.25 percent for all types of contracts.

The College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program stopped accepting new contracts as of the 2017/2018 enrollment period and is still not accepting new contracts for the 2022/2023 enrollment period. ISAC recently secured state funding that has significantly addressed the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program unfunded liability. There were two State appropriations from the State's General Revenue Fund on behalf of fiscal year 2022 – one for $20 million and a second appropriation of $230 million that are reflected in this actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. (There was an additional State appropriation of $30 million on behalf of fiscal year 2021.)

Considering the current asset allocation, current and future liquidity requirements and the fact that program enrollment is on hold, we believe the net investment rate of return assumption of 5.00 percent in fiscal year 2023 grading down to 3.00 percent in 2029, on a select and ultimate basis, is reasonable based on applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. We have performed an analysis of the sensitivity of certain changes in future assumptions.

We believe that the actuarial methods and assumptions used in this report are reasonable and appropriate for the purpose for which they have been used. In addition, because it is not possible or practical to consider every possible contingency, we may use summary information, estimates or simplifications of calculations to facilitate the modeling of future events. We may also exclude factors or data that are deemed to be immaterial.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program as of June 30, 2022. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices commonly applicable to similar types of arrangements.

There are currently no Actuarial Standards of Practice which specifically relate to prepaid tuition plans. We have looked to the Actuarial Standards of Practice related to pensions for guidance due to their similar nature.

This report was prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software which in our professional judgment has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation and has no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled. We are relying on the GRS actuaries and Internal Software, Training, and Processes Team who developed and maintain the model.

This report reflects the impact of COVID-19 through June 30, 2022. However, this report does not reflect the longer term and still developing future impact of COVID-19, which is likely to further influence demographic experience and economic expectations. We will continue to monitor these developments and their impact.

Lance J. Weiss and Amy Williams are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion herein.

Lance J. Weiss and Amy Williams are independent of ISAC.

Respectfully submitted,

SIGNED ORIGINAL ON FILE	SIGNED ORIGINAL ON FILE
Lance J. Weiss, EA, MAAA, FCA	Amy Williams, ASA, MAAA, FCA
Senior Consultant and Team Leader	Senior Consultant

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SECTION A

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Summary of Results

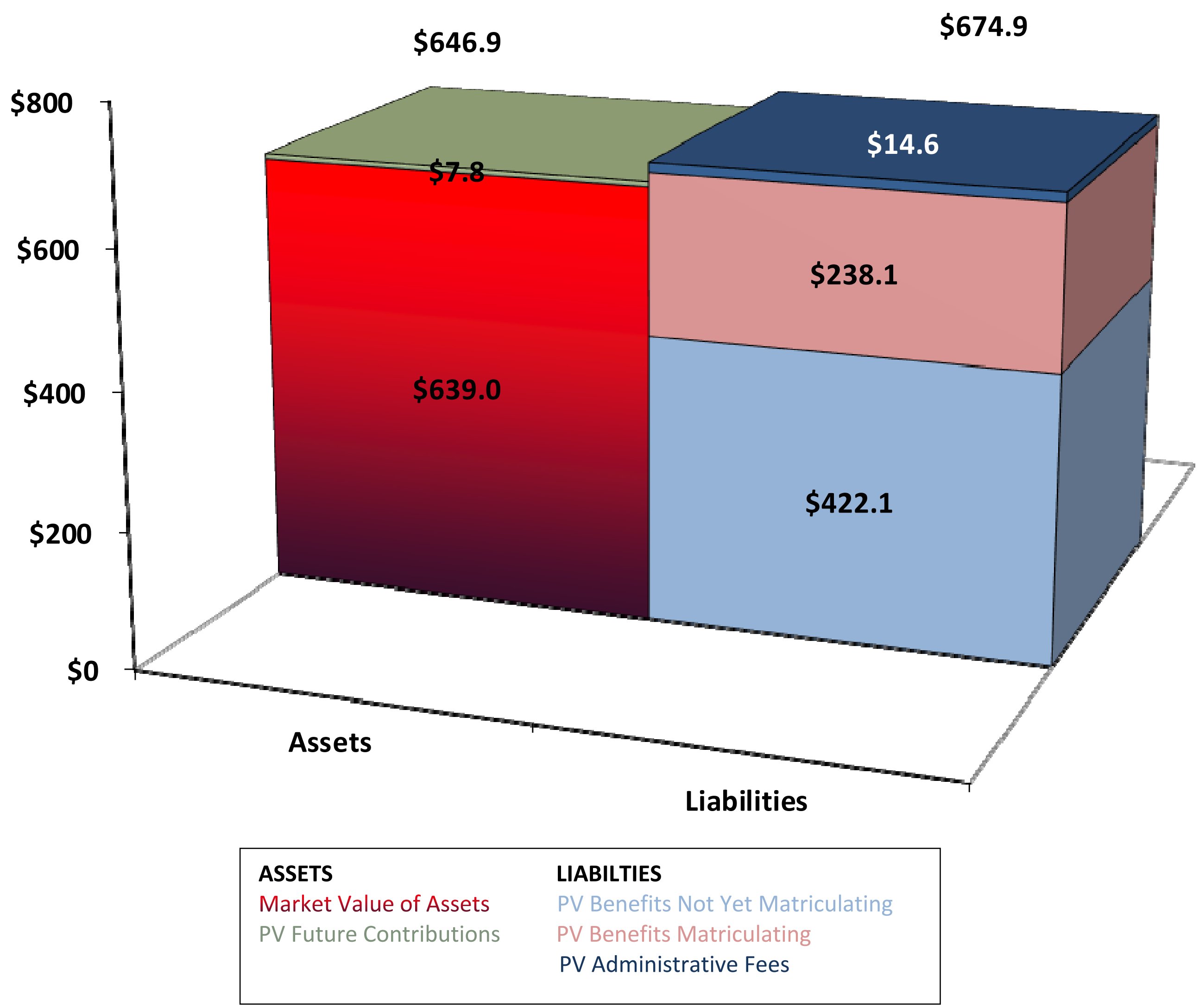
Principal Actuarial Soundness Valuation Results

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Membership Summary:		
Counts		
Not Yet Matriculating	10,837	13,164
Matriculating[a]	10,838	11,617
Total	21,675	24,781
Average years until Enrollment if Not Yet Matriculating	2.6	2.8
Assets[b]		
· Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	$646,854,088	$571,117,732
· Estimated Return	-8.0%	17.3%
Actuarial Liabilities (Present Value of Future Tuition Payments, Fees and Administrative Expenses)	$674,860,201	$809,398,995
Deficit/(Surplus)	$28,006,113	$238,281,263
Funded Ratio	95.9%	70.6%

[a] *Counts include 4,012 contracts in 2022 and 5,483 contracts in 2021 that are classified as "Matriculating" but have used less than 10 credits within the past year.*

[b] *Asset values include present value of expected future contract payments from current contract holders.*

Summary of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2022
$ in Millions



Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Summary of Results

Funded Status as of June 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Present Value of Future Tuition Payments, Fees and Expenses	**$674,860,201**
Actuarial Value of Assets (Including the Present Value of Installment Contract Receivables)	**$646,854,088**
Deficit/(Surplus) as of June 30, 2022	**$28,006,113**

Gain/Loss Summary

	Deficit/(Surplus)
Value at June 30, 2021	$ 238,281,263
Expected Value at June 30, 2022	$ 250,791,030
(Gain)/Loss Due to:	
Investment Experience	$ 76,345,371
Due from Other State Funds	(250,000,000)
Change in Assumptions and Methods	(11,965,512)
Tuition/Fee Inflation	(26,830,449)
Other Demographic Experience*	(10,334,327)
Total	$ (222,784,917)
Actual Value at June 30, 2022	$ 28,006,113

* *Other Demographic Experience includes deviations in actual contract beneficiary experience from our assumptions related to rates of enrollment and utilization of benefits and contract terminations and refunds. Also includes changes in expected future administrative expenses compared to projections from the previous actuarial valuation.*

The change in assumptions and methods includes the change in the investment return assumption, the change in the tuition and fee increase assumption and the impact on the liabilities of the ultimate investment return assumption being first used in fiscal year 2029 compared to fiscal year 2027

Additional Details on the development of the Expected Value at June 30, 2022, can be found on page B-3.

Discussion

Actuarial Soundness Valuation

Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company ("GRS") has performed an actuarial soundness valuation of the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program ("CIPTP") as of June 30, 2022.

The primary purposes of the actuarial soundness valuation are to:

- Determine the actuarial present value of the obligations for prepaid tuition contracts purchased through June 30, 2022, and compare such liabilities with the value of the assets associated with the program as of that same date;
- Illustrate results under sensitivity scenarios; and
- Analyze the factors which caused the deficit/surplus to change since the prior actuarial valuation.

This report summarizes those results and also illustrates the sensitivity of the deficit/surplus to changes in the rate of tuition and fee increases as well as the rate of investment return on assets.

In addition, the report provides summaries of the contract beneficiary data, financial data, plan provisions and actuarial assumptions and methods.

Background

Legislation authorizing ISAC to administer an Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program was passed in November 1997. The purpose of the program is to provide Illinois families with an affordable tax-advantaged method to pay for college. CIPTP has been open to all Illinois residents and non-Illinois residents purchasing contracts for Illinois-resident beneficiaries. CIPTP contracts allow participants to prepay the cost of tuition and mandatory fees at Illinois public universities and community colleges at expected projected costs.

Benefits of the program can also be used at private and out-of-state colleges and universities. Contracts can be purchased in a lump sum or in installments. As a Section 529 plan, CIPTP earnings are exempt from state and federal income taxes.

The first CIPTP contracts were offered for sale in 1998. As of June 30, 2022, the CIPTP had 21,675 contracts included in the actuarial valuation.

The College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program stopped accepting new contracts as of the 2017/2018 enrollment period and is still not accepting new contracts for the 2022/2023 enrollment period. ISAC recently secured state funding that has significantly addressed the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program unfunded liability. There were two State appropriations from the State's General Revenue Fund on behalf of fiscal year 2022 – one for $20 million and a second appropriation of $230 million that are reflected in this actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. (There was an additional State appropriation of $30 million on behalf of fiscal year 2021.)

Discussion

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial soundness valuation results summarized in this report involve actuarial calculations that require assumptions about future events. Most of the actuarial assumptions (with the exception of the investment return assumption and the tuition and fee increase assumption) used in this valuation were based on an experience review for the period from July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014, and were adopted for use commencing with the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation.

With regard to the investment return assumption and the tuition and fee increase assumption, ISAC annual provides us with a detailed analysis of these two assumptions and prescribes the corresponding rates to use for the annual actuarial valuation. As such, these assumptions were provided by and are the responsibility of ISAC.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions since Prior Valuation

The net investment return assumption under the "select and ultimate" rate structure was changed from an initial rate of 5.25 percent for fiscal year 2022 grading down to the ultimate rate of 3.00 percent in fiscal years on and after 2027 (in 0.450 percent annual increments) to an initial rate of 5.00 percent for fiscal year 2023 grading down to the ultimate rate of 3.00 percent in fiscal years on and after 2029 (in 0.333 percent annual increments).

Considering the current asset allocation, current and future liquidity requirements, and the fact that the program enrollment is on hold (and has been since the 2017/2018 enrollment period), we believe the net select and ultimate investment rate of return assumption being used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial soundness valuation is reasonable, based on applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice.

In addition, the tuition and fee increase assumption was decreased from 4.50 percent for all contract types to 4.25 percent for all contract types.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. We have performed an analysis of the sensitivity of certain changes in assumptions.

Financial Status of Program as of June 30, 2022

As of June 30, 2022, the present value of all future tuition obligations under contracts outstanding (and including future administrative expenses) is $674,860,201. The value of fund assets as of June 30, 2022, including the market value of program assets and the present value of installment contract receivables, is $646,854,088. The value of fund assets as of June 30, 2022 includes the $250 million fiscal year 2022 State appropriation from the General Revenue Fund.

The difference between the present value of future tuition obligations and the value of assets as of June 30, 2022, represents a program deficit of $28,006,113. The comparable program deficit as of the last actuarial soundness valuation as of June 30, 2021, was $238,281,263. This represents a decrease in the deficit of $210,275,150.

Discussion

Gain/Loss Analysis

As described above, the program deficit decreased from $238.3 million as of June 30, 2021, to $28.0 million as of June 30, 2022. Based on the actuarial assumptions used during the June 30, 2021 actuarial soundness valuation and actual tuition payments, refunds and fees, the deficit was expected to increase to $250.8 million. The primary factor which caused the deficit to decrease by $222.8 million compared to the expected deficit was the $250 million State appropriation from the General Revenue Fund during fiscal year 2022. In addition to the additional State appropriation, the program deficit decreased due to (1) assumption changes including the decrease to the tuition and fee increase assumption and the change in the investment return assumption, (2) tuition and fee increases that were less than expected (increases that were lower than the assumption of 4.50 percent used in the last actuarial valuation) and (3) other demographic experience (which includes deviations in actual contract beneficiary experience from our assumptions related to rates of enrollment and utilization of benefits and contract terminations and refunds and lower projected future administrative expenses compared to the previous actuarial valuation). These gains were offset by a loss due to actual investment returns that were less than expected (an actual rate of return less than the assumption of 5.25 percent used in the last actuarial valuation).

The funded ratio increased from 70.6 percent as of June 30, 2021, to 95.9 percent as of June 30, 2022.

Benefit Provisions

The basic terms and conditions of the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program (the "Program") are included in the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act, 110 ILCS 979 (the "Act") and ISAC Administrative Rules (23 Ill. Adm. Code 2775, et. seq.) ("ISAC Rules").

We understand there were no changes in the program provisions since the last actuarial soundness valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Assets

CIPTP assets are held in trust. ISAC provided the asset information used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation.

This report contains several exhibits summarizing the plan's assets, including a summary of the market value of assets broken down by asset category and a reconciliation of the assets from the last actuarial valuation date to the current actuarial valuation date. The approximate return on market value of assets was -8.0 percent for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Commencing with the June 30, 2015 actuarial soundness valuation, the actuarial value of assets is equal to the market value of assets plus the present value of expected future contract payments from current contract holders.

Discussion

Contracts Sold by Enrollment Year

The chart on page D-1 illustrates the number of contracts sold by enrollment year.

- The average annual number of contracts sold beginning with the enrollment period 1999/2000 and ending with the enrollment period 2009/2010 was 5,235.
- The average annual number of contracts sold during the last seven-year period 2010/2011 to 2016/2017 was 559 including 2011/2012 when the plan was not open for new contract sales.
- The average annual number of contracts sold during the last seven-year period 2010/2011 to 2016/2017 was 652 excluding 2011/2012 when the plan was not open for new contract sales.
- Program enrollment was placed on hold commencing with the 2017/2018 enrollment period and continues to be on hold. Therefore, there were zero contracts sold during the 2017/2018, the 2018/2019, 2019/2020, 2020/2021, and the 2021/2022 enrollment periods.

Projected Results

The College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program stopped accepting new contracts as of the 2017/2018 enrollment period and is still not accepting new contracts for the 2022/2023 enrollment period. While the closing of the CIPTP has not occurred, we have completed a projection assuming that the program continues to operate but with no new contract sales after June 30, 2022. Based on an investment return assumption that grades down from 5.00 percent for the 2023 fiscal year to 3.00 percent for the 2029 fiscal year, current Trust assets including future payments from current contract holders, and future investment income are projected to be insufficient by the year 2033 to make the required tuition payments and additional funds will be required in fiscal year 2033 to maintain solvency. The results of this “closed group” projection are included in a separate report.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the measurements presented in this projection due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

Disclosure

This report is not a recommendation to anyone to participate or not participate in the CIPTP. GRS makes no representations or warranties to any person participating in or considering future participation in the CIPTP.

SECTION B

ACTUARIAL SOUNDNESS VALUATION RESULTS

Exhibit I
Principal Actuarial Soundness Valuation Results

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
1. Number of Members		
a. Not Yet Matriculating:	10,837	13,164
b. Matriculating[a]:	10,838	11,617
c. Total	21,675	24,781
Average Years until Enrollment if Not Yet Matriculating	2.6	2.8
2. Assets		
a. Market Value of Assets (in Trust)	$ 639,028,685	$ 559,303,255
b. PV Future Member Contributions	7,825,403	11,814,477
c. Total Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) (2a + 2b)	$ 646,854,088	$ 571,117,732
3. Actuarial Results		
Liabilities		
a. Not yet Matriculating - Tuition and Fees	$ 422,118,300	$ 524,971,041
b. Matriculating - Tuition and Fees	238,125,023	261,296,790
c. Present Value of Future Administrative Expenses	14,616,878	23,131,164
d. Total	$ 674,860,201	$ 809,398,995
Unfunded Liability	$ 28,006,113	$ 238,281,263
Funded Ratio	95.9%	70.6%

[a] *Counts include 4,012 contracts in 2022 and 5,483 contracts in 2021 that are classified as "Matriculating" but have used a minimal amount of credits within the past year.*

Exhibit I (Continued)
Principal Actuarial Soundness Valuation Results

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
1. Assets		
a. Market Value of Assets (in Trust)	$ 639,028,685	$ 559,303,255
b. PV Future Member Contributions (Short Term)[a]	2,492,367	3,774,429
c. PV Future Member Contributions (Long Term)[b]	5,333,036	8,040,048
d. Total Market Value of Assets (MVA)	$ 646,854,088	$ 571,117,732
2. Actuarial Present Value of Tuition, Fees and Admin Expenses		
a. Short Term[a]	$ 122,860,544	$ 129,464,512
b. Long Term[b]	551,999,657	679,934,483
c. Total	$ 674,860,201	$ 809,398,995
Unfunded Liability (Surplus)	$ 28,006,113	$ 238,281,263
Funded Ratio	95.9%	70.6%

[a] *Present value of amounts in following year.*

[b] *Present value of amounts after first year.*

Exhibit II
(Gain)/Loss Summary

	Present Value of Benefits	Plan Assets[a]	Deficit/(Surplus)
1. Values at June 30, 2021	$ 809,398,995	$ 571,117,732	$ 238,281,263
2. Actual Tuition Payments, Refunds and Administrative Expenses	$ (125,161,928)	$ (125,161,928)	$ -
3. Interest on 1. and 2. at 5.25%	$ 39,249,973	$ 26,740,206	$ 12,509,767
4. New Contracts	$ -	$ -	$ -
5. Projected Values at June 30, 2022 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4.)	$ 723,487,040	$ 472,696,010	$ 250,791,030
6. (Gain)/Loss Due to:			
Investment Experience	$ -	$ 76,345,371	$ 76,345,371
Due from Other State Funds	-	(250,000,000)	(250,000,000)
Change in Assumptions and Methods	(12,027,955)	62,443	(11,965,512)
Tuition/Fee Inflation	(26,830,449)	-	(26,830,449)
Other Demographic Experience[b]	(9,768,435)	(565,892)	(10,334,327)
Total	$ (48,626,839)	$ (174,158,078)	$ (222,784,917)
7. Actual Values at June 30, 2022 (5. + 6.)	$ 674,860,201	$ 646,854,088	$ 28,006,113

[a] *Equals the sum of the market value of trust assets plus the present value of expected future contract payments from current contract holders. Actual values at June 30, 2022, are equal to (5.-6.) which is the projected value minus the (gain)/loss total.*

[b] *Other Demographic Experience includes deviations in actual contract beneficiary experience from the assumptions related to rates of enrollment and utilization of benefits and contract terminations and refunds. Also includes changes in expected future administrative expenses compared to projections from the previous actuarial valuation. Other Demographic Experience for Plan Assets is the change in the present value of expected future contract payments from current contract holders.*

Exhibit III
(Gain)/Loss History

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	Total 5-Year Change
Unfunded Liability at Prior Valuation Date	$ 320,237,004	$ 307,711,673	$ 317,491,361	$ 340,312,560	$ 238,281,263	
Projected Unfunded Liability at Valuation Date	$ 341,052,409	$ 326,943,653	$ 336,540,843	$ 359,880,533	$ 250,791,030	
(Gain)/Loss Due to:						
Investment Experience	$ 7,573,155	$ 15,885,182	$ 29,831,698	$ (58,571,581)	$ 76,345,371	$ 71,063,825
Due from Other State Funds	-	-	-	(30,000,000)	(250,000,000)	(280,000,000)
Change in Assumptions	(4,384,888)	(4,317,928)	2,020,837	(5,170,637)	(11,965,512)	(23,818,128)
Tuition/Fee Inflation	(25,580,322)	(16,543,198)	(17,329,898)	(26,860,166)	(26,830,449)	(113,144,033)
Other Demographic Experience	(10,948,681)	(4,476,348)	(10,750,920)	(996,886)	(10,334,327)	(37,507,162)
Total	$ (33,340,736)	$ (9,452,292)	$ 3,771,717	$ (121,599,270)	$ (222,784,917)	$ (383,405,498)
Unfunded Liability at Valuation Date	$ 307,711,673	$ 317,491,361	$ 340,312,560	$ 238,281,263	$ 28,006,113	

Following is a summary of the investment return assumption and tuition and fee increase assumption used in each of the past six actuarial valuations.

Valuation Date	
June 30, 2017	*A select and ultimate rate structure of an initial rate of 6.50 percent for fiscal year 2018, grading down in annual increments of 0.393 percent to the ultimate rate of 3.75 percent in fiscal years on and after 2025. A flat 5.00 percent tuition and fee increase assumption for all future years.*
June 30, 2018	*A select and ultimate rate structure of an initial rate of 6.25 percent for fiscal year 2019, grading down in annual increments of 0.357 percent to the ultimate rate of 3.75 percent in fiscal years on and after 2026. A flat 5.00 percent tuition and fee increase assumption for all future years.*
June 30, 2019	*A select and ultimate rate structure of an initial rate of 6.00 percent for fiscal year 2020, grading down in annual increments of 0.417 percent to the ultimate rate of 3.50 percent in fiscal years on and after 2026. A flat 4.75 percent tuition and fee increase assumption for all future years.*
June 30, 2020	*A select and ultimate rate structure of an initial rate of 5.75 percent for fiscal year 2021, grading down in annual increments of 0.563 percent to the ultimate rate of 3.50 percent in fiscal years on and after 2025. A flat 4.75 percent tuition and fee increase assumption for all future years.*
June 30, 2021	*A select and ultimate rate structure of an initial rate of 5.25 percent for fiscal year 2022, grading down in annual increments of 0.450 percent to the ultimate rate of 3.00 percent in fiscal years on and after 2027. A flat 4.50 percent tuition and fee increase assumption for all future years.*
June 30, 2022	*A select and ultimate rate structure of an initial rate of 5.00 percent for fiscal year 2023, grading down in annual increments of 0.333 percent to the ultimate rate of 3.00 percent in fiscal years on and after 2029. A flat 4.25 percent tuition and fee increase assumption for all future years.*

Exhibit IV
Sensitivity Testing Results

The actuarial assumptions regarding future increases in tuition costs and fees and the future rate of investment return were provided to us by ISAC. In our opinion, the actuarial assumptions provided to us are reasonable for the purpose of the measurement. However, no one really knows what the future holds with respect to economic conditions and other contingencies. For example, while it is assumed that the assets of the fund will earn 5.00 percent in Fiscal Year 2023 graded down in yearly increments to 3.00 percent on and after Fiscal Year 2029, actual returns are expected to vary from year to year. Therefore, we have projected CIPTP results under the following alternative assumptions for future investment income, tuition increases and fee increases.

1. Tuition increases are 100 basis points higher/lower (5.25%/3.25% compared to 4.25%) in each future year than assumed in the baseline valuation (measurement of soundness).
2. Fee increases are 100 basis points higher/lower (5.25%/3.25% compared to 4.25%) in each future year than assumed in the baseline valuation (measurement of soundness).
3. The investment return is 50 basis points higher/lower (5.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate/4.50% initial and 2.50% ultimate compared to 5.00% initial and 3.00% ultimate) in each future year than assumed in the baseline valuation (measurement of soundness).

The impact of each of these scenarios on the principal actuarial soundness valuation results is presented on the following page.

Exhibit IV
Sensitivity Testing Results
$ in Millions

	Current Valuation Assumptions	Assumed Tuition Increases 100 Basis Points	Assumed Tuition Decreases 100 Basis Points	Assumed Fee Increases 100 Basis Points	Assumed Fee Decreases 100 Basis Points	Assumed Investment Return Increases 50 Basis Points	Assumed Investment Return Decreases 50 Basis Points
1. Assets							
a. Market Value of Assets (in Trust)	$639.0	$639.0	$639.0	$639.0	$639.0	$639.0	$639.0
b. PV Future Member Contributions	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.9
c. Total Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) (2a + 2b)	$646.8	$646.8	$646.8	$646.8	$646.8	$646.7	$646.9
2. Actuarial Results							
Liabilities							
a. Not yet Matriculating - Tuition and Fees	$422.1	$430.8	$413.9	$426.8	$417.7	$411.9	$432.7
b. Matriculating - Tuition and Fees	238.1	239.7	236.5	238.9	237.2	235.9	240.4
c. Present Value of Future Administrative Expenses	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.4	14.9
d. Total	$674.8	$685.1	$665.0	$680.3	$669.5	$662.2	$688.0
Unfunded Liability	$28.0	$38.3	$18.2	$33.5	$22.7	$15.5	$41.1
Funded Ratio	95.9%	94.4%	97.3%	95.1%	96.6%	97.7%	94.0%
Depletion Year	2033	2032	2034	2033	2033	2034	2032
Difference from Current Assumptions							
Unfunded Liability	$0.0	$10.3	-$9.8	$5.5	-$5.3	-$12.5	$13.1
Funded Ratio	0.0%	-1.5%	1.4%	-0.8%	0.7%	1.8%	-1.9%

SECTION C

FUND ASSETS

Statement of Plan Net Assets
(Assets at Market or Fair Value)

College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program

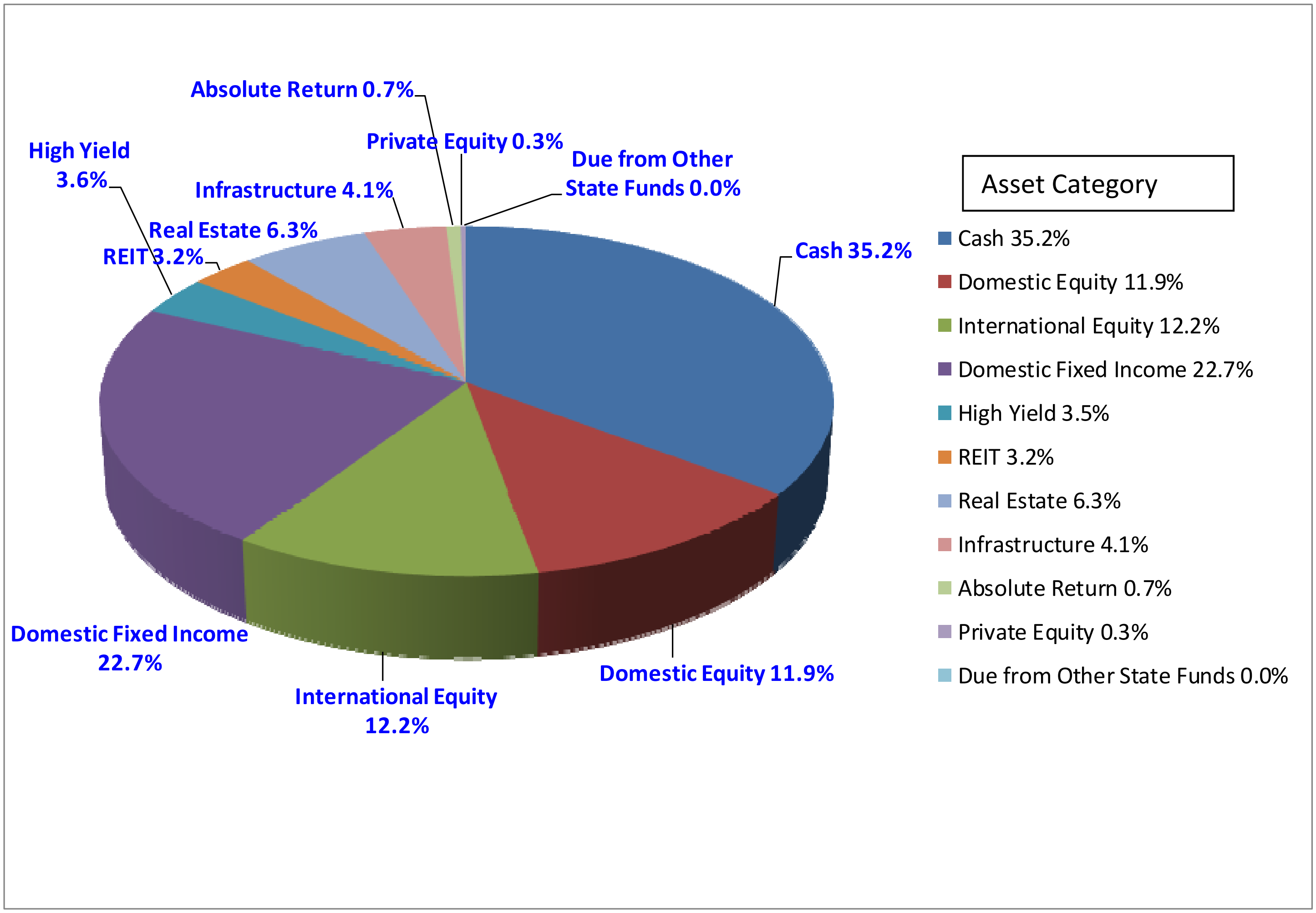
Statement of Plan Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2022

			% of Total
Cash	$	225,174,776	35.2%
Investments			
Domestic Equity	$	76,148,000	11.9%
International Equity		78,037,193	12.2%
Domestic Fixed Income		144,743,151	22.7%
High Yield		22,540,252	3.5%
REIT		20,189,499	3.2%
Real Estate		40,154,233	6.3%
Infrastructure		25,898,525	4.1%
Absolute Return		4,434,340	0.7%
Private Equity		1,708,717	0.3%
Total Investments	$	413,853,909	64.8%
Due from Other State Funds	$	-	0.0%
Total Assets	$	639,028,685	100.0%

Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Allocation of Assets at June 30, 2022



Reconciliation of Market Value of Plan Assets

College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program

Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets

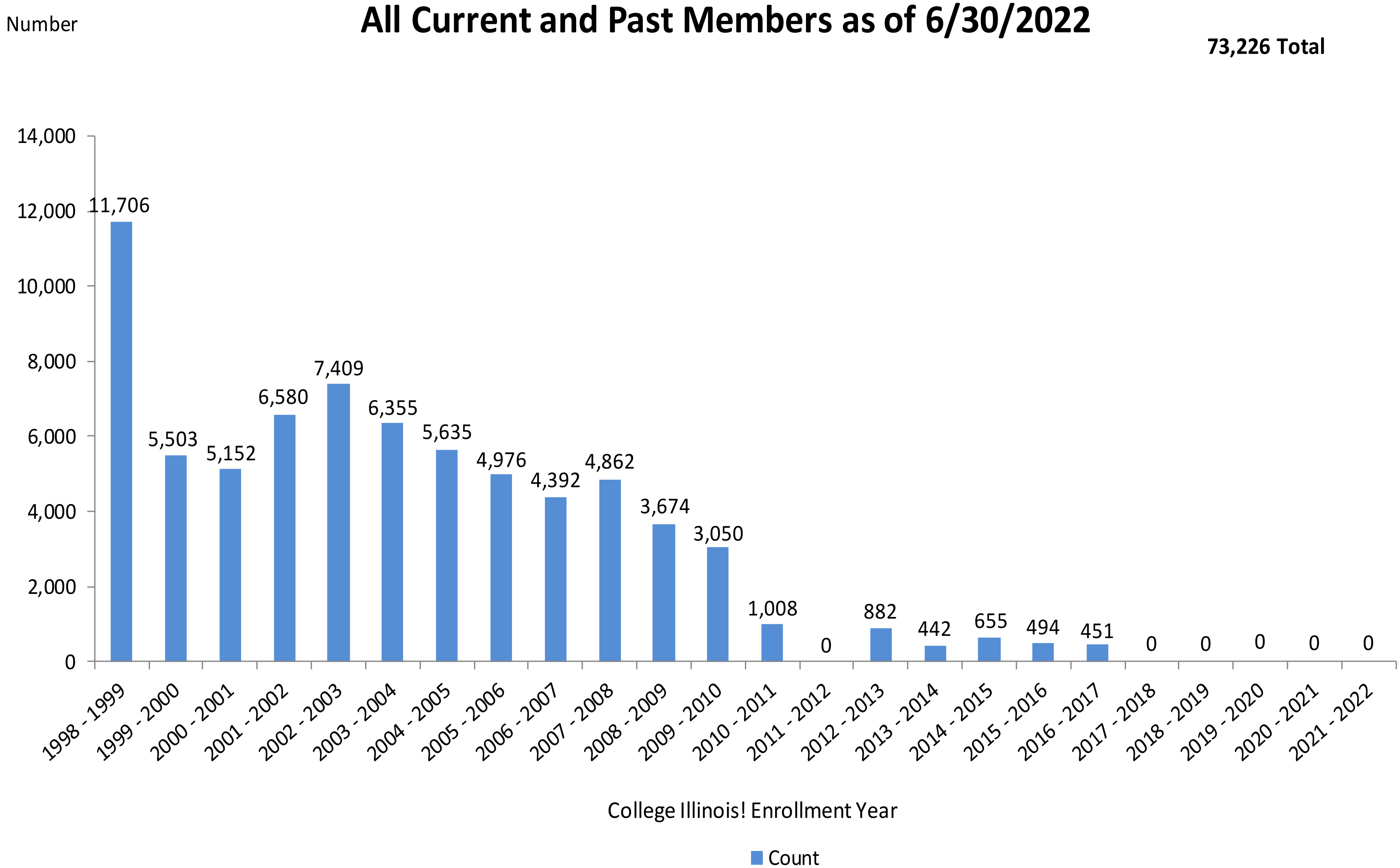
Twelve-Month Period ended June 30, 2022

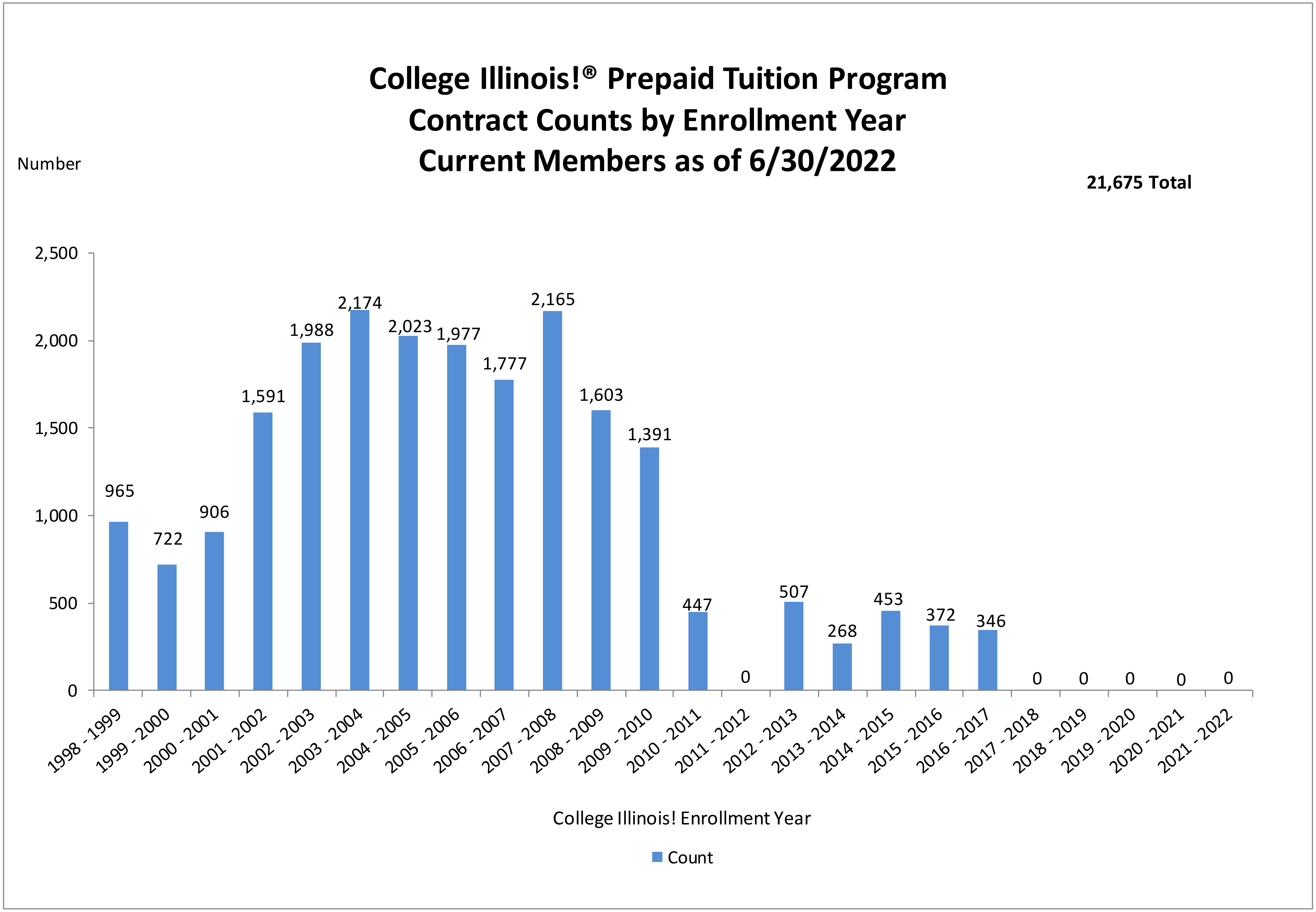
Beginning of Period		7/1/2021
End of Period		6/30/2022
Additions:		
Contributions Received and Contract Fees	$	4,983,636
Gross investment income		10,971,641
Realized/Unrealized investment gains/(losses)		(59,890,511)
Due from Other State Funds		250,000,000
Total Additions	$	206,064,766
Deductions:		
Tuition payments	$	100,770,187
Refunds to Purchasers		21,729,340
Investment expenses & advisory fees		1,177,409
Administrative expenses		2,662,400
Total Deductions	$	126,339,336
Net increase/(decrease)	$	79,725,430
Market Value of Assets:		
Beginning of period	$	559,303,255
End of period (6/30/2022)	$	639,028,685
Present Value of Future Contributions by Current Contract Holders		7,825,403
Market Value of Total Fund Assets as of June 30, 2022	$	646,854,088

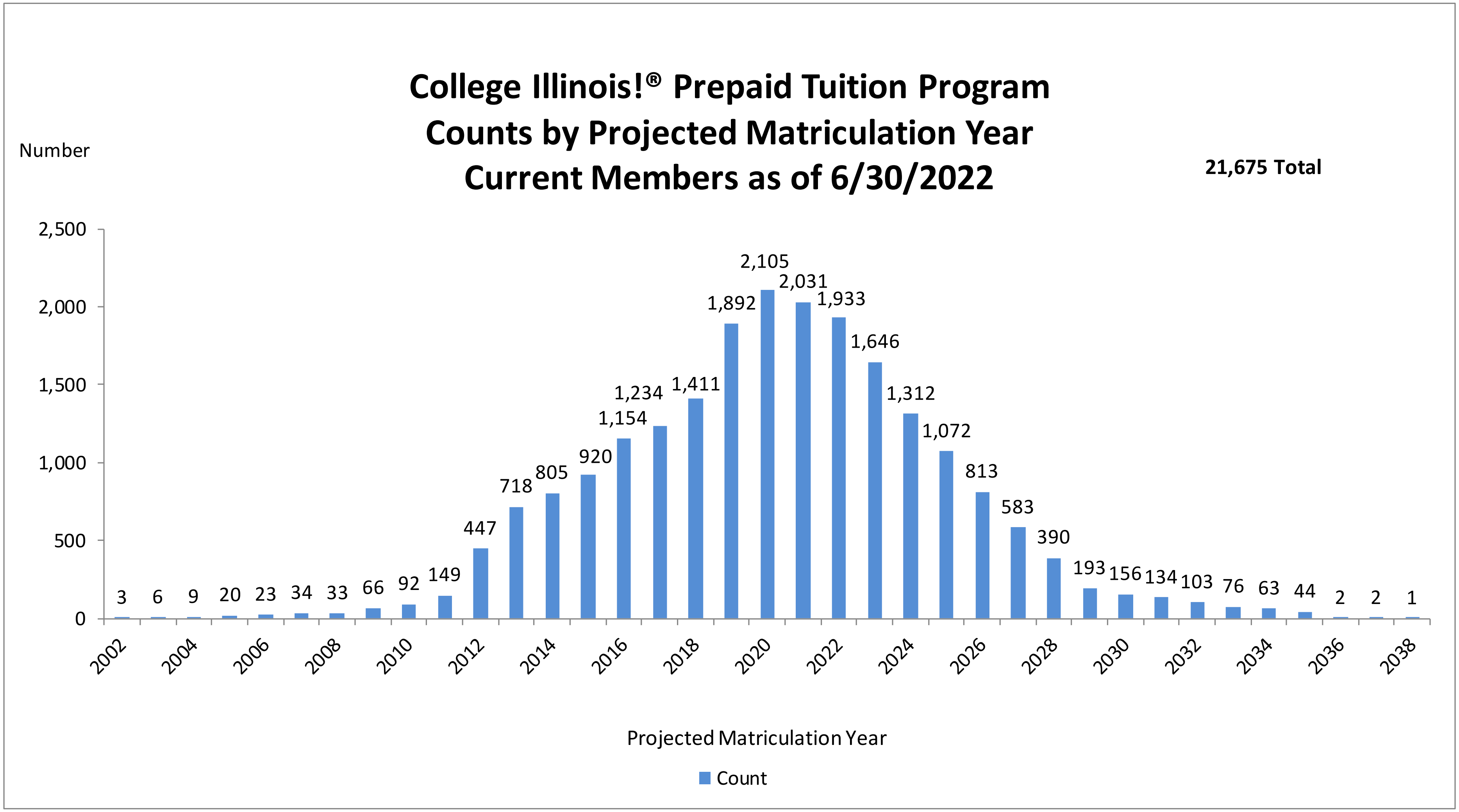
SECTION D

PARTICIPANT DATA

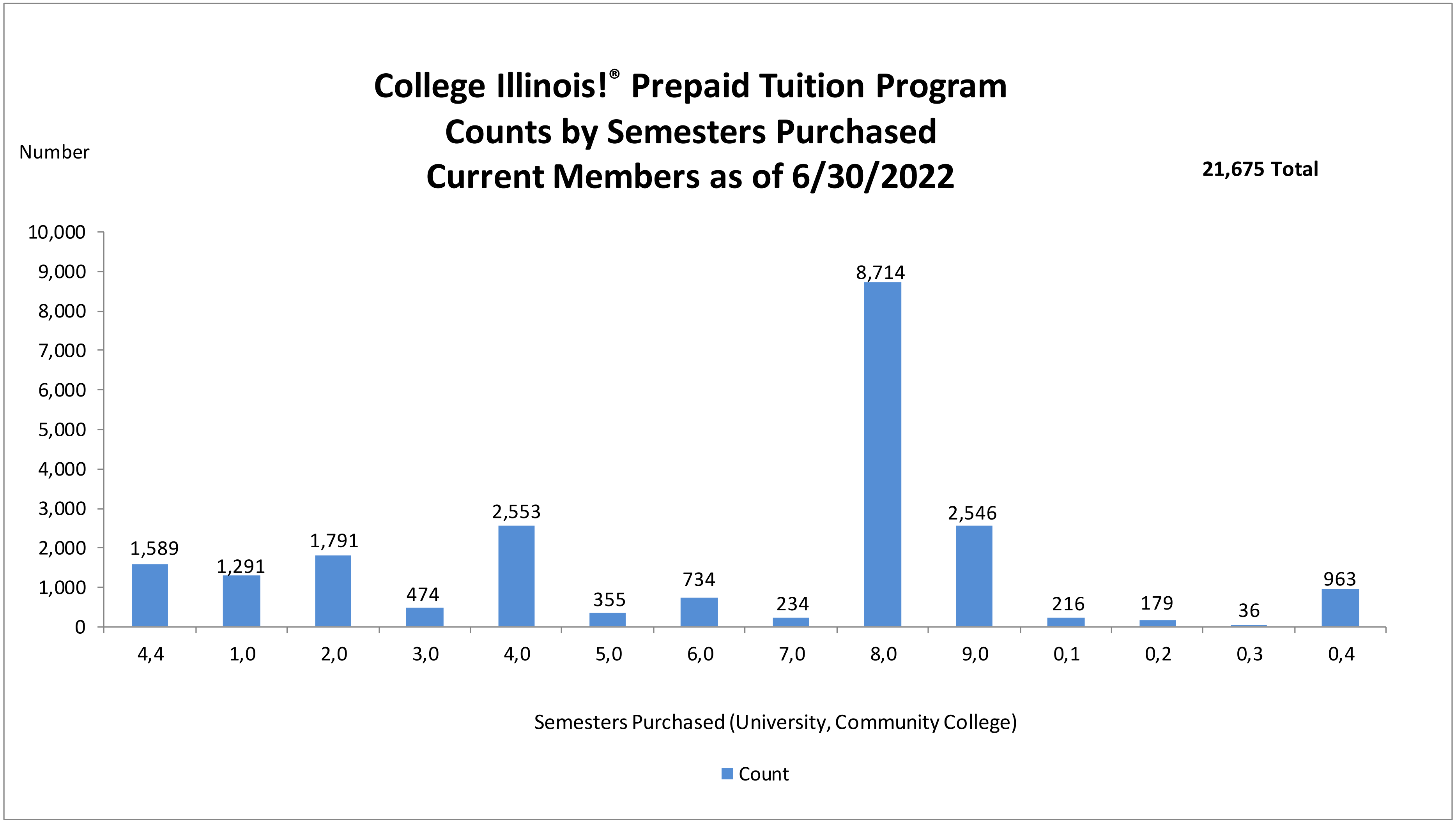
College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program
Contract Counts by Enrollment Year
All Current and Past Members as of 6/30/2022

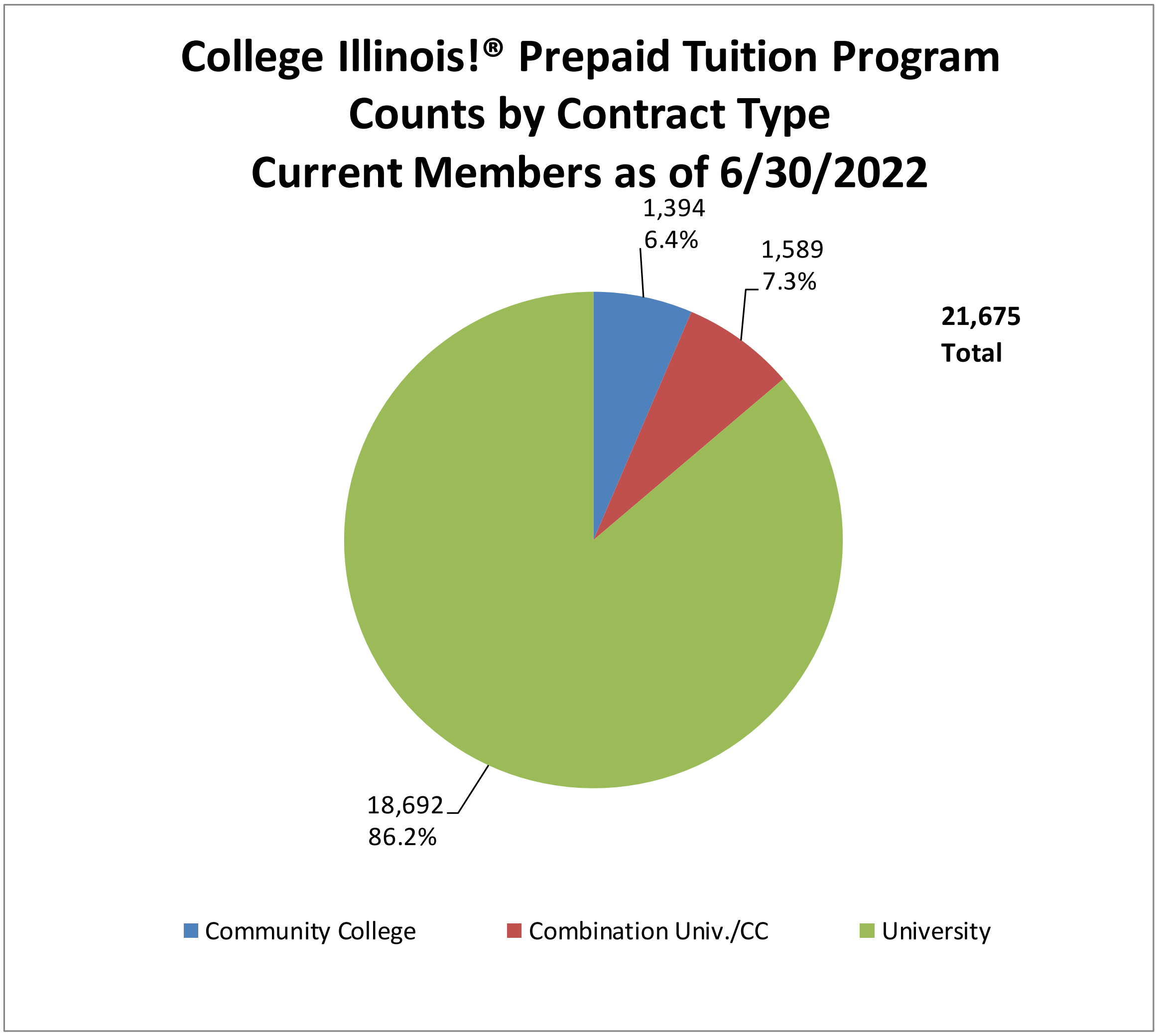


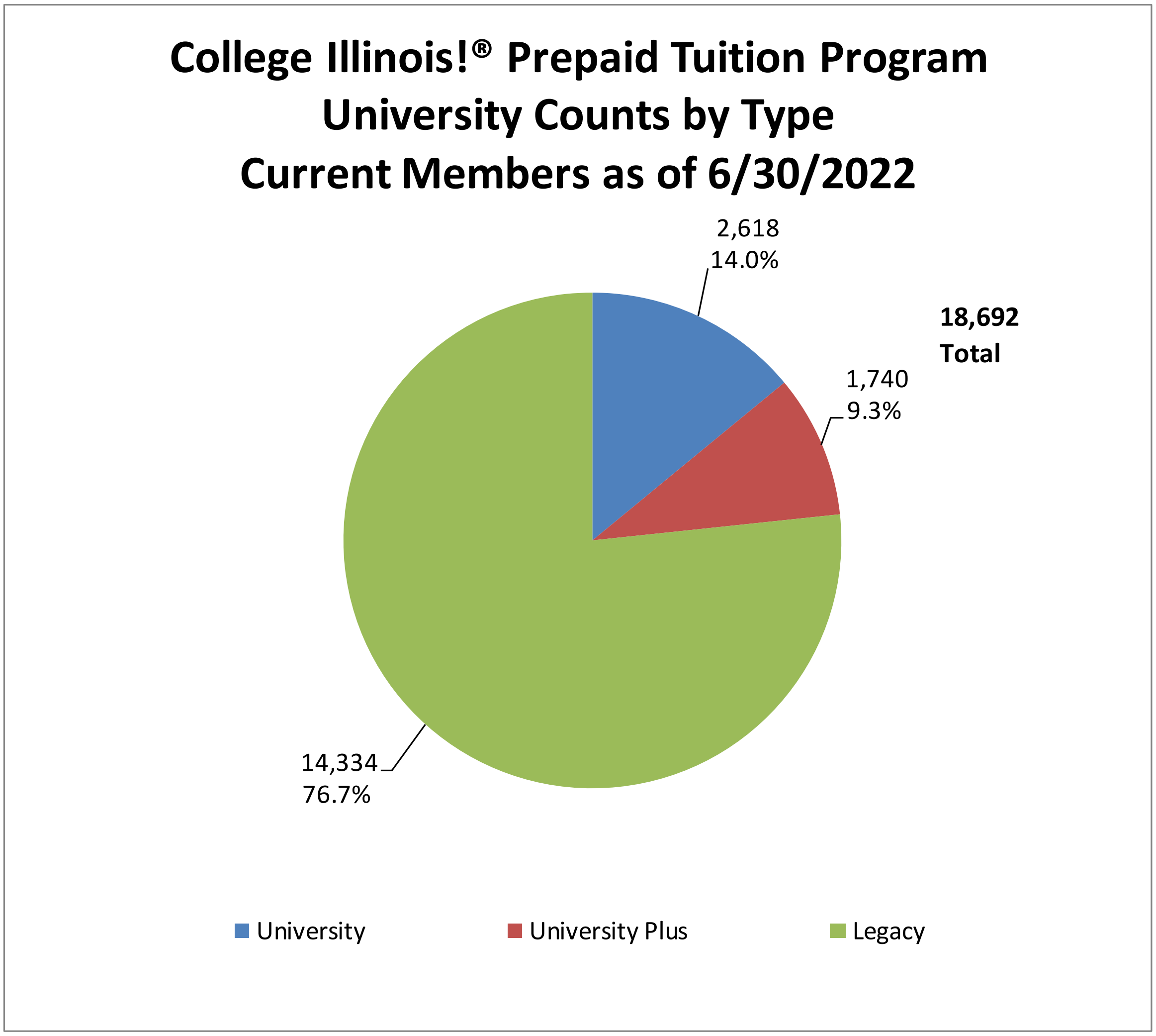

College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program
Contract Counts by Enrollment Year
Current Members as of 6/30/2022
Number
21,675 Total
2,500
2,000
1,500
1,000
500
0
965
722
906
1,591
1,988
2,174
2,023
1,977
1,777
2,165
1,603
1,391
447
0
507
268
453
372
346
0
0
0
0
0
1998 - 1999
1999 - 2000
2000 - 2001
2001 - 2002
2002 - 2003
2003 - 2004
2004 - 2005
2005 - 2006
2006 - 2007
2007 - 2008
2008 - 2009
2009 - 2010
2010 - 2011
2011 - 2012
2012 - 2013
2013 - 2014
2014 - 2015
2015 - 2016
2016 - 2017
2017 - 2018
2018 - 2019
2019 - 2020
2020 - 2021
2021 - 2022
College Illinois! Enrollment Year
Count



College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program
Counts by Projected Matriculation Year
Current Members as of 6/30/2022
Number
21,675 Total
2,500
2,000
1,500
1,000
500
0
3
6
9
20
23
34
33
66
92
149
447
718
805
920
1,154
1,234
1,411
1,892
2,105
2,031
1,933
1,646
1,312
1,072
813
583
390
193
156
134
103
76
63
44
2
2
1
2002
2004
2006
2008
2010
2012
2014
2016
2018
2020
2022
2024
2026
2028
2030
2032
2034
2036
2038
Projected Matriculation Year
Count


College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program
Counts by Semesters Purchased
Current Members as of 6/30/2022
Number
21,675 Total
10,000
9,000
8,000
7,000
6,000
5,000
4,000
3,000
2,000
1,000
0
1,589
1,291
1,791
474
2,553
355
734
234
8,714
2,546
216
179
36
963
4,4
1,0
2,0
3,0
4,0
5,0
6,0
7,0
8,0
9,0
0,1
0,2
0,3
0,4
Semesters Purchased (University, Community College)
Count


College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program
Counts by Contract Type
Current Members as of 6/30/2022
1,394
6.4%
1,589
7.3%
21,675
Total
18,692
86.2%
Community College
Combination Univ./CC
University


College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program
University Counts by Type
Current Members as of 6/30/2022
2,618
14.0%
18,692
Total
1,740
9.3%
14,334
76.7%
University
University Plus
Legacy

SECTION E

ACTUARIAL VALUATION METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial Valuation Methods

Actuarial Value of Assets – The Actuarial Value of Assets is equal to the Market Value of Assets plus the present value of expected future contract payments from current contract holders.

Actuarial Valuation Assumptions

The rationale for the assumptions (except as indicated) may be found in the experience study report covering the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2014, which was issued on August 26, 2015. The assumptions were adopted for first use in the actuarial soundness valuation as of June 30, 2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial soundness valuation are shown in this Section.

Measurement Date

June 30, 2022

Net Investment Return Rate

The following select and ultimate rate structure, net of investment expenses and compounded annually, is assumed. Includes inflation assumption of 2.50 percent. (First effective with the actuarial soundness valuation as of June 30, 2022, and prescribed to us by ISAC.)

Net Investment Return Rate

Fiscal Year Ending 6/30	Net Investment Return Rate
2023	5.000%
2024	4.667%
2025	4.333%
2026	4.000%
2027	3.667%
2028	3.333%
2029+	3.000%

Considering the current asset allocation, current and future liquidity requirements and the fact that the program enrollment is on hold, we believe the current select and ultimate net investment rate of return assumption is reasonable, based on applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice.

Weighted Average Tuition and Fees (WATF) by Contract Type
Based on the Freshman Tuition Rates Adjusted for Differential Tuition (Blended)

	Contract Type			
	Choice 1	Choice 2	Choice 3	
	Community College	University	University Plus	Legacy†
2022-2023 Weighted Tuition	$4,360	$11,300	$14,619	$12,235
2022-2023 Weighted Fees	534	4,073	4,664	4,239
2022-2023 Total WATF	4,894	15,373	19,283	16,474

†Legacy contracts refer to contracts sold prior to October 2008. These contracts can be used for full tuition and fees at any public University in the State of Illinois, including UIUC.

For continuing students at public universities and students attending community colleges, fees are combined with tuition in our projections and follow their respective tuition inflation assumptions.

Weighted Average Tuition and Fees (WATF) Increase from Prior Year

	Contract Type			
	Choice 1	Choice 2	Choice 3	
	Community College	University	University Plus	Legacy
2022-2023 Total WATF	$4,894	$15,373	$19,283	$16,474
2021-2022 Total WATF	4,798	15,531	18,686	16,376
WATF Increase	2.00%	-1.02%	3.19%	0.60%

Bias Load

"Legacy," Choice 1 and Choice 2 contract beneficiaries were assumed on average to attend more expensive schools than indicated by the headcount information that was used to determine the 2022-2023 WATF. The following bias loads were used to recognize this bias toward enrollment at more expensive schools. No bias load was applied to the "University Plus" beneficiaries due to the separation of UIUC.

	Contract Type			
	Choice 1	Choice 2	Choice 3	
	Community College	University	University Plus	Legacy
Bias Load	5.50%	2.50%	0.00%	4.00%

Tuition and Fee Increase Assumption

Tuition and Fee Increase Assumption - June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation				
Effective Date	Community College	University	University Plus	Legacy
6/30/2022 and Beyond	4.25%	4.25%	4.25%	4.25%

(First effective with the actuarial soundness valuation as of June 30, 2022, and prescribed to us by ISAC.)

These assumptions were chosen by ISAC and consider historical Illinois public tuition and fee inflation, typically over a 20-year horizon, as well as current economic and political conditions.

Truth in Tuition

Under Illinois' Truth-in-Tuition law, the state's 12 public colleges and universities are required to charge incoming resident freshmen a fixed tuition rate for the first four years of college. The Truth in Tuition law does not apply to community colleges.

For contract beneficiaries with a Choice 2, Choice 3 or Legacy contract, it was assumed that their tuition will not increase in their second, third and fourth year of school. If they attend school beyond four years, it was assumed that their tuition would increase to the amount charged the year after the year they first enrolled. For contract beneficiaries with a Choice 1 contract, it was assumed that tuition will increase for each year enrolled. The fee portion of the WATF is assumed to increase each year for all contract types.

The following table shows the WAT (excluding fees) for the past four years that would be used for contract beneficiaries under the Truth-in-Tuition law. (Choice 1 is shown for informational purposes only.)

	Contract Type			
	Choice 1	Choice 2	Choice 3	
	Community College	University	University Plus	Legacy
2022-2023 Weighted Tuition	$4,360	$11,300	$14,619	$12,235
2021-2022 Weighted Tuition	4,281	11,123	14,074	11,914
2020-2021 Weighted Tuition	4,075	11,151	14,106	11,950
2019-2020 Weighted Tuition	4,012	11,025	13,885	11,687
2018-2019 Weighted Tuition	3,942	10,925	13,885	11,687

Rates of Cancellation

These rates are used to measure the probability of eligible contract beneficiaries cancelling their contracts before and after projected college entrance date. The rates apply to contract beneficiaries who have not yet matriculated. Once the contract beneficiaries are assumed to have matriculated and started using benefits, the cancellation rates do not apply.

Years from Projected College Entrance Year	Cancellation Rate
-17	8.0%
-16	7.0%
-15	6.0%
-14	4.0%
-13	4.0%
-12	3.0%
-11	3.0%
-10	3.0%
-9	2.0%
-8	1.5%
-7	1.5%
-6	1.5%
-5	1.5%
-4	1.0%

Years from Projected College Entrance Year	Cancellation Rate
-3	1.0%
-2	1.0%
-1	1.5%
0	1.5%
1	3.0%
2	3.0%
3	5.0%
4	5.0%
5	7.5%
6	7.5%
7	5.0%
8	5.0%
9	5.0%
10	100.0%

In the event of a cancellation, it was assumed that a refund will be paid equal to the amount of all contract payments made accumulated with applicable interest, less benefits paid. (Two percent annual interest is applicable to contracts purchased prior to the 2013/2014 enrollment period. No interest is applicable to contracts purchased during or after the 2013/2014 enrollment period.)

Rates of Enrollment

These rates are used to measure the probability of eligible contract beneficiaries matriculating at and beyond their projected college entrance date. The rates apply to contract beneficiaries who have not yet matriculated.

Years from Projected College Entrance Year	Matriculation Rate
0	70%
1	35%
2	40%
3	30%
4	20%
5	15%
6	15%
7	10%
8	10%
9	10%
10	0%

Utilization of Benefits

The following rates apply to contract beneficiaries who (1) have not yet matriculated and (2) those who have matriculated, but have used fewer than 10 credits within the past year. For those who have matriculated, the projected college entrance year is assumed to be the valuation year. Contract beneficiaries are assumed to use the benefits as described by the CIPTP Master Agreement.

Distribution of Benefit Utilization									
Number of Years	Number of Semesters Purchased								
Since Matriculation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	73%	73%	49%	37%	29%	24%	21%	18%	16%
2	20%	20%	28%	35%	26%	24%	21%	18%	16%
3	7%	7%	14%	17%	19%	22%	21%	18%	16%
4			5%	6%	13%	15%	21%	18%	16%
5			5%	6%	7%	9%	8%	13%	16%
6					3%	4%	3%	6%	8%
7					2%	2%	2%	4%	6%
8							1%	2%	4%
9							1%	2%	1%

For contract beneficiaries who have matriculated and have used 10 or more credits within the past year, it is assumed that the contract beneficiaries will utilize 22 credits per year until benefits are fully depleted.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses of the Program are assumed to be paid through a combination of investment earnings and fees assessed on purchasers. Marketing expenses were excluded from the liabilities (present value of future administrative expenses) for current contract beneficiaries as it is assumed those costs should be applicable to future contracts. Administrative expenses are projected to increase by the rate of the inflation assumption of 2.50 percent for two years and then decline at the same rate the present value of benefits declines (combined with a 2.50 percent increase for inflation). (The increase for two years assumption was used in the prior valuation and reset at two years in the current valuation.) The present value of future administrative expenses was determined to be equal to approximately 2.2 percent of the total liabilities.

Effective with the actuarial soundness valuation as of June 30, 2018, total administrative expenses were assumed to be all non-marketing related due to the ongoing deferment in open enrollment. The amount of administrative expenses assumed to be non-marketing related is the basis for the present value of future administrative expenses for current contract beneficiaries.

	Current and Assumed Contract Beneficiary Expenses			
Fiscal Year	Marketing	Other Administration	Total Administrative Expenses	Marketing % of Total
2022	$0	$2,662,400	$2,662,400	0.00%
2023	0	2,728,960	2,728,960	0.00%
2024	0	2,797,184	2,797,184	0.00%

Mortality and Disability

No assumption is made for death or disability. Valuing the rate of incidence is expected to be immaterial.

Liability Adjustment

The liabilities for contract beneficiaries assumed to use tuition benefits were adjusted to account for the provision that benefits shall never be less than the amount paid for the contract.

Data Adjustments

The following contract beneficiary records were excluded from the actuarial valuation:

- Records with a payment status indicating they were cancelled;
- Records with a contract usage status of depleted; and
- Records with less than one contract unit remaining (the number of contract units purchased minus the number of contract units used is less than one).

The projected college entrance year was adjusted for contract beneficiaries who are not scheduled to have completed payments for the contract by the college entrance year provided in the data.

The account balance that is eligible to be refunded is calculated by GRS based on the contract payment information provided, increased with applicable interest, less any tuition and fee benefits paid to date. Two percent annual interest is applicable to contracts purchased prior to the 2013/2014 enrollment period. No interest is applicable to contracts purchased during or after the 2013/2014 enrollment period.

SECTION F

PLAN PROVISIONS

Plan Provisions

(This is a summary only; the full terms and conditions of the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program are included in the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act, 110 ILCS 979 (the "Act") and ISAC Administrative Rules (23 Ill. Adm. Code 2775, et. seq.) ("ISAC Rules").

A. Type of Contract

Three types of contracts are available for purchase: Choice 1 - Community College, Choice 2 – University and Choice 3 – University Plus. (For contracts sold prior to October 2008, there was one type of University contract, which are currently referred to as Legacy contacts.)

From the College Illinois! Prepaid Tuition Program Student Handbook:

Choice 1 Community College Plan
Provides in-district tuition and mandatory fees for each semester (15 credit hours) purchased at an Illinois Community College.

Choice 2 University Plan
Provides undergraduate in-state tuition and mandatory fee coverage for each semester (15 credit hours) purchased at any of the following eligible institutions: Chicago State University, Eastern Illinois University, Governors State University, Illinois State University, Northeastern Illinois University, Northern Illinois University, Southern Illinois University Carbondale, Southern Illinois University Edwardsville, University of Illinois Chicago, University of Illinois Springfield, Western Illinois University.

Choice 3 University Plus Plan
Provides undergraduate in-state tuition and mandatory fee coverage for each semester (15 credit hours) purchased at the University of Illinois Urbana Champaign.

B. Benefit

Covered benefits include tuition and mandatory fees at an Illinois public university or community college based on the in-state or in-district undergraduate rate for a full-time student.

Mandatory fees are fees that are required upon enrollment for all students attending the particular institution.

The benefit does not include any optional fees, expenses or cost of supplies.

The benefit shall never be less than the amount paid for the contract.

Benefits are available for use three years after the first payment due date. The plan must be paid in full prior to the use of any benefits. In addition, the beneficiary has up to 10 years from the projected college enrollment date to start using program benefits. Once the beneficiary starts using the prepaid benefits, they have 10 years to finish using benefits.

C. Contract Payments

The Program offers a variety of payment options, including the following:

- Lump Sum;
- 5-year installment plans paid monthly or annually;
- Extended installment plans of 6 to 15 years, depending on age, paid monthly or annually; and
- Down payment options are available for monthly installment plans.

D. Private or Out-of-State Institutions

For beneficiaries attending a private or out-of-state institution, the plan will pay an amount based upon the weighted average tuition and mandatory fees at Illinois public universities or community colleges depending on the type of contract purchased.

E. Scholarship

If a qualified beneficiary is awarded a grant or scholarship that duplicates the benefits covered by a prepaid tuition contract, the purchaser may request a refund in semester installments.

Illinois public university or community college – the installments will be in an amount equal to the current cost of in-state or in-district registration fees at that institution, less any benefits used to pay registration fees not covered by the scholarship and any applicable fees.

Illinois Private Institution or an eligible Out-of-State Institution – the installments will be in an amount equal to the current average mean-weighted credit hour value of registration fees at Illinois public universities or Illinois community colleges, depending on the type of the purchased contract, less any benefits used to pay registration fees not covered by the scholarship and any applicable fees.

F. Not Attending an Institution of Higher Education (Transfer)

Benefits can be transferred to a member of the "family" as defined in Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Purchasers can also choose to postpone the beneficiary's use of contract benefits to a later time or receive a refund.

G. Cancellation/Refunds

Refund equal to all contract payments made accumulated with applicable interest, less benefits paid and applicable cancellation fees. (Two percent annual interest is applicable to contracts purchased prior to the 2013/2014 enrollment period. No interest is applicable to contracts purchased during or after the 2013/2014 enrollment period.)

H. Death/Disability of Qualified Beneficiary

Refund equal to the value of the mean-weighted average cost of tuition at the colleges for the type of contract purchased will be made to the purchaser.

I. Other Ancillary Benefits

There are no ancillary benefits.

J. Truth in Tuition

Under Illinois' Truth-in-Tuition law, enacted with the Fall 2004 semester, the state's 12 public colleges and universities are required to charge incoming resident freshmen a fixed tuition rate for the first four years of college.

K. Changes from Previous Valuation

None.

College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program

Supplemental Actuarial Soundness Valuation Report as of June 30, 2022

November 2, 2022

Mr. Eric Zarnikow
Executive Director
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
1755 Lake Cook Road
Deerfield, Illinois 60015-5209

Re: College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program
Supplemental Actuarial Soundness Valuation Report as of June 30, 2022

Dear Mr. Zarnikow:

In accordance with the request of the Illinois Student Assistance Commission ("ISAC"), Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company ("GRS") has performed a projection of the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program ("Program" or "CIPTP") under a prescribed Closed Group Run-Off scenario. The purpose of this projection is to provide additional information to ISAC regarding the Program's projected funding status.

GRS provides independent actuarial services and advice to ISAC. GRS has no decision making authority or other such responsibility for ISAC, the State of Illinois, the CIPTP and anyone else affiliated with ISAC, and therefore, is specifically NOT serving in a fiduciary role in any way whatsoever.

Please understand that this projection was prepared at the request of ISAC and is intended for use by ISAC and those designated or approved by ISAC. This projection may be provided to parties other than ISAC only with the permission of ISAC. This projection should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described above. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this projection.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in the attached projection due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

This projection represents one of multiple documents providing actuarial soundness valuation results for the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program as of June 30, 2022. Additional information regarding the underlying financial and beneficiary data and important additional disclosures are provided in the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Soundness Valuation Report.

This projection is not a recommendation to anyone to participate or not participate in the CIPTP. GRS makes no representations or warranties to any person or persons participating in the CIPTP.

All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices commonly applicable to similar types of arrangements. There are currently no Actuarial Standards of Practice which specifically relate to prepaid tuition plans. We have looked to the Actuarial Standards of Practice related to pensions for guidance due to their similar nature.

For purposes of this projection, we used the actuarial soundness valuation results from the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Soundness Valuation, and unless noted differently, the same actuarial assumptions and methods as used for the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Soundness Valuation. The projection results are based upon data and information furnished by ISAC, concerning program benefits, financial transactions and beneficiaries of the CIPTP. We reviewed this information for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission. Further, the data and information provided is through June 30, 2022, and does not reflect subsequent market volatility.

The projection results involve actuarial calculations that require assumptions about future events. The major actuarial assumptions used in this analysis were provided by and are the responsibility of ISAC. We are unable to judge the reasonableness of some of these assumptions without performing a substantial amount of additional work beyond the scope of the assignment.

The College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program stopped accepting new contracts as of the 2017/2018 enrollment period. As of March 25, 2022, ISAC indicated in its Program Update that the CIPTP is permanently closed to new enrollments.

ISAC recently secured state funding that has significantly addressed the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program unfunded liability. There were two State appropriations from the State's General Revenue Fund on behalf of fiscal year 2022 – one for $20 million and a second appropriation of $230 million that are reflected in the CIPTP assets as of June 30, 2022. (There was an additional State appropriation of $30 million on behalf of fiscal year 2021.)

Under this prescribed Closed Group Run-Off scenario, Trust assets are projected to decline rapidly as tuition benefits are paid, and ultimately be depleted by fiscal year end 2033. Therefore, based on discussions with ISAC, we have incorporated a "select and ultimate" approach to the investment return assumption (and also the related discount rate for the liabilities). Under this "select and ultimate" approach to the investment return assumption, we have assumed that the net investment return and discount rate grade down from an initial rate of 5.00 percent for fiscal year 2023 to an ultimate rate of 3.00 percent in fiscal years on and after 2029 in 0.333 percent annual increments. Implicit in this approach is the assumption that once the Trust is completely exhausted, and ISAC is relying on additional payments from the State of Illinois, the State will be making payments to the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program from the State Portfolio. (The State Portfolio provides the necessary liquidity to meet the state's daily obligations while investing remaining funds in authorized short/long-term investment opportunities.) Based on input from ISAC, we have assumed that the underlying return on such assets in the State Portfolio is 3.00 percent.

According to the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program Disclosure Statement and Master Agreement:

> *There are risks associated with the Program Contracts. Though a Contract is not a savings program, Contract payments and related amounts are held in the Fund and invested.*
>
> *The Program's ability to honor existing and future Contracts depends primarily upon a combination of three factors: (i) continued Contract sales within projections; (ii) achieving a projected annual net return on Fund investments; and (iii) actual tuition/fee increases being within projected amounts. Favorable or unfavorable experience in one or more of these factors can result in the improvement or decline of the Program's funding.*
>
> *In the event Contract sales and/or investment returns are lower than expected or if tuition/fees increase beyond the Commission's expectations, the Program may not have sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations. The Program is a moral obligation of the State of Illinois requiring the Governor to request an appropriation from the State General Assembly in the event the Commission and the Governor determine that the Program does not have adequate assets to meet its Contractual obligations in an upcoming fiscal year. While the General Assembly has fulfilled other moral obligations of the State of Illinois in the past, it is not obligated to appropriate, and no assurances can be made that the General Assembly will appropriate sufficient moneys to meet the Program's Contractual obligations.*
>
> *The Program is not supported by the full faith and credit of the State of Illinois, nor is it guaranteed by the State's general fund.*
>
> *If it is determined by the Commission, with the concurrence of the Governor, that the Program is financially infeasible, the Commission may prospectively discontinue the Program. Pursuant to the State's prepaid tuition statute, if the Program is discontinued, Beneficiaries who are or will enroll at an eligible institution within five years shall be entitled to exercise the complete Benefits specified in the Contract; all other Contract holders shall receive an appropriate refund of all contributions and accrued interest, if any, up to the time the Program is discontinued. Illinois Compiled Statutes, Chapter 110, Section 979/35. In the event of Program termination, the Commission will endeavor to provide refunds to Purchasers to the greatest extent possible; however, the Commission is unable to guarantee Purchasers will receive a full refund.*
>
> *Federal or state legislative action could diminish or even terminate the Program's tax advantages. There is no assurance that a change will not adversely affect the Program or the value of your interest in the Program. The Commission is not obligated to continue to offer the Program in the event that changes in state or federal laws reduce the Benefits available to Purchasers and Beneficiaries.*

This Closed Group Run-Off scenario was specifically prescribed to us by ISAC. Based on the actuarial assumptions and methods described above, the CIPTP will require additional solvency contributions from the State of Illinois in order to pay all of the required tuition and refund payments under this scenario.

This report was prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software and projection spreadsheet models which, in our professional judgment, have the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation, and have no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the models reasonably represent that which is intended to be modeled. We are relying on the GRS actuaries and Internal Software, Training and Processes Team who developed and maintain the proprietary valuation model.

This report reflects the impact of COVID-19 through June 30, 2022. However, this report does not reflect the longer-term and still developing future impact of COVID-19, which is likely to further influence demographic experience and economic expectations. We will continue to monitor these developments and their impact.

Lance J. Weiss and Amy Williams are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions herein.

Lance J. Weiss and Amy Williams are independent of ISAC.

Respectfully submitted,

Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company

SIGNED ORIGINAL ON FILE	SIGNED ORIGINAL ON FILE
Lance J. Weiss, EA, MAAA, FCA	Amy Williams, ASA, MAAA, FCA
Senior Consultant and Team Leader	Senior Consultant

SECTION A

BACKGROUND

Background

Purpose of Projection

In accordance with the request of the Illinois Student Assistance Commission ("ISAC"), Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company ("GRS") has performed a projection of the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program ("Program" or "CIPTP") under a specific prescribed Closed Group Run-Off scenario. The purpose of this projection is to provide additional information to ISAC regarding the Program's projected funding status.

There are currently no Actuarial Standards of Practice which specifically relate to prepaid tuition plans. We have looked to the Actuarial Standards of Practice related to pensions for guidance due to their similar nature.

Closed Group Run-Off Scenario

The College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program stopped accepting new contracts as of the 2017/2018 enrollment period. As of March 25, 2022, ISAC indicated in its Program Update (https://www.collegeillinois.org/AboutCollegeIllinois/program-updates.html) that the CIPTP is permanently closed to new enrollments.

ISAC recently secured state funding that has significantly addressed the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program unfunded liability. There were two State appropriations from the State's General Revenue Fund on behalf of fiscal year 2022 – one for $20 million and a second appropriation of $230 million that are reflected in the CIPTP assets as of June 30, 2022.

Although the Program is permanently closed to new enrollments, a "discontinuance" of the CIPTP has not occurred (as defined in the College Illinois!® 529 Prepaid Tuition Program Disclosure Statement and Master Agreement.) Therefore, based on discussions with ISAC, we have performed a projection of the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program ("Program" or "CIPTP") under a Closed Group Run-Off scenario assuming no new contract sales after June 30, 2022. Please note that this specific closed group scenario was prescribed to us by ISAC and is being presented for illustrative purposes only.

Projection Assumptions

The projection results summarized in this supplemental report involve actuarial calculations that require assumptions about future events. The major actuarial assumptions used in this analysis were provided by and are the responsibility of ISAC. We are unable to judge the reasonableness of some of these assumptions without performing a substantial amount of additional work beyond the scope of the assignment.

For purposes of this analysis, we used the actuarial soundness valuation results from the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Soundness Valuation, and unless noted differently, the same actuarial assumptions and methods as used for the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Soundness Valuation.

Based on information provided to us by ISAC, changes to the following two actuarial assumptions are effective beginning with the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022:

- The “select and ultimate” rate structure for the investment return assumption and related discount rate for liabilities was changed from an initial rate of 5.25 percent for fiscal year 2022 and grading down to the ultimate rate of 3.00 percent for fiscal years 2027 and after to an initial rate of 5.00 percent for fiscal year 2023 (compared to the expected rate of 4.80 percent under the previous assumption) and grading down to the ultimate rate of 3.00 percent for fiscal years 2029 and after.
- The tuition and fee increase assumption was decreased from 4.50 percent for all types of contracts to 4.25 percent for all types of contracts.

SECTION B

PROJECTION RESULTS

Discussion of Scenario Results

Closed Group -- Run-Off Scenario; Zero New Contracts Sold Per Year

Under this illustrative closed group scenario, we have assumed that the program continues to operate but with no new contract sales. Under this scenario, future payments from current contract holders, current Trust assets and future investment income are projected to be insufficient by the year 2033 to make the required tuition payments and additional funds will be required to maintain solvency ($56.4 million for the period 2033 to 2059). The CIPTP funded status is projected to decrease from 95.9 percent in 2022 to 0.0 percent in 2033 (when additional solvency contributions are required) and then remain at about 0.0 percent for the remaining years in the projection period.

Under this prescribed Closed Group Run-Off scenario, the Trust assets are projected to decline rapidly as tuition benefits are paid, and ultimately be depleted by fiscal year end 2033. Therefore, based on discussions with ISAC, we have incorporated a “select and ultimate” approach to the investment return assumption (and also the related discount rate for the liabilities). Under this “select and ultimate” approach to the investment return assumption, we have assumed that the net investment return and discount rate grade down from an initial rate of 5.00 percent for fiscal year 2023 to the ultimate rate of 3.00 percent for fiscal years 2029 and after, in equal yearly increments of 0.333 percent.

We were informed by ISAC that the State appropriation of $230 million was received on April 26, 2022. As such, we assumed that the $230 million contribution to the CIPTP would earn approximately a 1.2 percent rate of return as of June 30, 2022.

SECTION C

PROJECTION TABLE

Closed Group Projections
Scenario 1 — Run-Off Scenario
Projection Based on Data as of June 30, 2022
Assumed Net Investment Return and Discount Rates Graded Down from 5.00% to 3.00% in 0.333% Yearly Increments
Other Assumptions Based on Those Used in the Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2022, Including Assumed Tuition and Fee Increase Assumption of 4.25%
Zero New Contracts Per Year

			Assets										Liabilities				
Year Ending 6/30	Assumed Net Rate of Return	Annual New Contracts	Contributions	Due from Other State Fund	Additional Required Solvency Contributions[a]	Tuition Payments, Refunds and Fees	Administrative Expenses	Net Non-Investment Cash Flow	Net Investment Return	Market Value of Assets (EOY)	Total Present Value of Future Contributions	Total Fund Assets (MVA + PVFC)	Total Present Value of Future Benefits	Present Value of Future Admin Expenses	Total Present Value of Future Benefits, Fees and Expenses	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio
2022			$ 4,983,636	$ 250,000,000	$ -	$ 122,499,528	$ 2,662,400	$ 129,821,708	$ (50,096,279)	$ 639,028,685	$ 7,825,403	$ 646,854,088	$ 660,243,323	$ 14,616,878	$ 674,860,201	$ 28,006,113	95.9%
2023	5.000%	0	2,553,916	-	-	123,165,635	2,728,960	(123,340,678)	22,470,322	538,158,329	5,599,688	543,758,017	567,048,270	12,551,370	579,599,641	35,841,624	93.8%
2024	4.667%	0	1,841,587	-	-	112,638,917	2,797,184	(113,594,514)	20,615,431	445,179,246	3,976,939	449,156,185	478,273,332	10,275,393	488,548,725	39,392,540	91.9%
2025	4.333%	0	1,299,653	-	-	103,495,903	2,418,249	(104,614,499)	17,048,490	357,613,237	2,821,760	360,434,997	393,283,976	8,250,572	401,534,547	41,099,550	89.8%
2026	4.000%	0	863,470	-	-	96,094,613	2,038,238	(97,269,381)	12,378,216	272,722,072	2,054,060	274,776,132	311,017,674	6,501,991	317,519,665	42,743,533	86.5%
2027	3.667%	0	726,257	-	-	79,477,274	1,652,181	(80,403,198)	8,539,021	200,857,895	1,389,924	202,247,819	241,500,416	5,058,199	246,558,614	44,310,795	82.0%
2028	3.333%	0	558,496	-	-	59,882,227	1,314,965	(60,638,696)	5,692,903	145,912,103	868,527	146,780,630	188,678,346	3,890,104	192,568,450	45,787,820	76.2%
2029	3.000%	0	381,078	-	-	50,415,124	1,053,034	(51,087,080)	3,616,720	98,441,743	507,830	98,949,573	143,172,935	2,938,094	146,111,028	47,161,455	67.7%
2030	3.000%	0	288,980	-	-	39,216,288	819,040	(39,746,348)	2,361,463	61,056,858	229,783	61,286,641	107,667,937	2,195,002	109,862,939	48,576,298	55.8%
2031	3.000%	0	164,866	-	-	30,902,044	631,327	(31,368,505)	1,364,655	31,053,008	69,355	31,122,363	79,535,826	1,620,125	81,155,951	50,033,588	38.3%
2032	3.000%	0	70,388	-	-	21,508,956	478,030	(21,916,597)	605,271	9,741,682	-	9,741,682	60,092,694	1,183,582	61,276,276	51,534,594	15.9%
2033	3.000%	0	-	-	9,364,315	18,880,842	370,201	(9,886,728)	145,045	-	-	-	42,733,513	843,376	43,576,890	43,576,890	0.0%
2034	3.000%	0	-	-	13,296,045	13,026,204	269,841	-	-	-	-	-	30,795,365	594,819	31,390,184	31,390,184	0.0%
2035	3.000%	0	-	-	10,056,276	9,856,957	199,319	-	-	-	-	-	21,715,508	410,376	22,125,884	22,125,884	0.0%
2036	3.000%	0	-	-	7,539,898	7,395,833	144,065	-	-	-	-	-	14,861,022	276,478	15,137,500	15,137,500	0.0%
2037	3.000%	0	-	-	5,356,902	5,255,847	101,055	-	-	-	-	-	9,972,751	182,212	10,154,964	10,154,964	0.0%
2038	3.000%	0	-	-	3,776,390	3,706,879	69,510	-	-	-	-	-	6,509,862	117,133	6,626,996	6,626,996	0.0%
2039	3.000%	0	-	-	2,635,122	2,588,614	46,508	-	-	-	-	-	4,078,002	73,446	4,151,449	4,151,449	0.0%
2040	3.000%	0	-	-	1,665,163	1,635,300	29,863	-	-	-	-	-	2,540,694	45,342	2,586,036	2,586,036	0.0%
2041	3.000%	0	-	-	1,035,108	1,016,037	19,070	-	-	-	-	-	1,585,749	27,348	1,613,098	1,613,098	0.0%
2042	3.000%	0	-	-	694,315	682,115	12,200	-	-	-	-	-	941,050	15,787	956,837	956,837	0.0%
2043	3.000%	0	-	-	432,189	424,768	7,421	-	-	-	-	-	538,189	8,729	546,918	546,918	0.0%
2044	3.000%	0	-	-	258,266	253,916	4,350	-	-	-	-	-	296,638	4,576	301,214	301,214	0.0%
2045	3.000%	0	-	-	151,326	148,868	2,458	-	-	-	-	-	154,453	2,219	156,672	156,672	0.0%
2046	3.000%	0	-	-	101,812	100,500	1,312	-	-	-	-	-	57,090	954	58,044	58,044	0.0%
2047	3.000%	0	-	-	29,303	28,806	497	-	-	-	-	-	29,568	478	30,046	30,046	0.0%
2048	3.000%	0	-	-	16,389	16,125	264	-	-	-	-	-	14,090	225	14,315	14,315	0.0%
2049	3.000%	0	-	-	8,095	7,966	129	-	-	-	-	-	6,428	101	6,529	6,529	0.0%
2050	3.000%	0	-	-	3,754	3,694	60	-	-	-	-	-	2,872	43	2,915	2,915	0.0%
2051	3.000%	0	-	-	1,799	1,771	28	-	-	-	-	-	1,160	16	1,177	1,177	0.0%
2052	3.000%	0	-	-	807	796	11	-	-	-	-	-	387	5	393	393	0.0%
2053	3.000%	0	-	-	309	305	4	-	-	-	-	-	90	1	91	91	0.0%
2054	3.000%	0	-	-	61	60	1	-	-	-	-	-	31	0	32	32	0.0%
2055	3.000%	0	-	-	25	25	0	-	-	-	-	-	7	0	7	7	0.0%
2056	3.000%	0	-	-	7	7	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0%
2057	3.000%	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0%
2058	3.000%	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0%
2059	3.000%	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0%

[a] *Additional contributions in the amount of $56,423,676 are needed over the years 2033 through 2056 to pay all benefits due.*

SECTION D

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial Valuation Methods

Actuarial Value of Assets – The Actuarial Value of Assets is equal to the Market Value of Assets plus the present value of expected future contract payments from current contract holders.

Actuarial Valuation Assumptions

The rationale for the assumptions (except as indicated) may be found in the experience study report covering the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2014, which was issued on August 26, 2015. The assumptions were adopted for first use in the actuarial soundness valuation as of June 30, 2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial soundness valuation are shown in this Section.

Measurement Date

June 30, 2022

Net Investment Return Rate

The following select and ultimate rate structure, net of investment expenses and compounded annually, is assumed. Includes inflation assumption of 2.50 percent. (First effective with the actuarial soundness valuation as of June 30, 2022, and prescribed to us by ISAC.)

Net Investment Return Rate

Fiscal Year Ending 6/30	Net Investment Return Rate
2023	5.000%
2024	4.667%
2025	4.333%
2026	4.000%
2027	3.667%
2028	3.333%
2029+	3.000%

Based on discussions with ISAC, and considering the current asset allocation, current and future liquidity requirements and the fact that the program enrollment is on hold, we believe the current select and ultimate net investment rate of return assumption is reasonable, and meets applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice.

Weighted Average Tuition and Fees (WATF) by Contract Type
Based on the Freshman Tuition Rates Adjusted for Differential Tuition (Blended)

	Contract Type			
	Choice 1	Choice 2	Choice 3	
	Community College	University	University Plus	Legacy†
2022-2023 Weighted Tuition	$4,360	$11,300	$14,619	$12,235
2022-2023 Weighted Fees	534	4,073	4,664	4,239
2022-2023 Total WATF	4,894	15,373	19,283	16,474

†Legacy contracts refer to contracts sold prior to October 2008. These contracts can be used for full tuition and fees at any public University in the State of Illinois, including UIUC.

For continuing students at public universities and students attending community colleges, fees are combined with tuition in our projections and follow their respective tuition inflation assumptions.

Weighted Average Tuition and Fees (WATF) Increase from Prior Year

	Contract Type			
	Choice 1	Choice 2	Choice 3	
	Community College	University	University Plus	Legacy
2022-2023 Total WATF	$4,894	$15,373	$19,283	$16,474
2021-2022 Total WATF	4,798	15,531	18,686	16,376
WATF Increase	2.00%	-1.02%	3.19%	0.60%

Bias Load

“Legacy,” Choice 1 and Choice 2 contract beneficiaries were assumed on average to attend more expensive schools than indicated by the headcount information that was used to determine the 2022-2023 WATF. The following bias loads were used to recognize this bias toward enrollment at more expensive schools. No bias load was applied to the “University Plus” beneficiaries due to the separation of UIUC.

	Contract Type			
	Choice 1	Choice 2	Choice 3	
	Community College	University	University Plus	Legacy
Bias Load	5.50%	2.50%	0.00%	4.00%

Tuition and Fee Increase Assumption

Tuition and Fee Increase Assumption - June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation				
Effective Date	Community College	University	University Plus	Legacy
6/30/2022 and Beyond	4.25%	4.25%	4.25%	4.25%

(First effective with the actuarial soundness valuation as of June 30, 2022, and prescribed to us by ISAC.)

These assumptions were chosen by ISAC and consider historical Illinois public tuition and fee inflation, typically over a 20-year horizon, as well as current economic and political conditions.

Truth in Tuition

Under Illinois' Truth-in-Tuition law, the state's 12 public colleges and universities are required to charge incoming resident freshmen a fixed tuition rate for the first four years of college. The Truth in Tuition law does not apply to community colleges.

For contract beneficiaries with a Choice 2, Choice 3 or Legacy contract, it was assumed that their tuition will not increase in their second, third and fourth year of school. If they attend school beyond four years, it was assumed that their tuition would increase to the amount charged the year after the year they first enrolled. For contract beneficiaries with a Choice 1 contract, it was assumed that tuition will increase for each year enrolled. The fee portion of the WATF is assumed to increase each year for all contract types.

The following table shows the WAT (excluding fees) for the past four years that would be used for contract beneficiaries under the Truth-in-Tuition law. (Choice 1 is shown for informational purposes only.)

	Contract Type			
	Choice 1	Choice 2	Choice 3	
	Community College	University	University Plus	Legacy
2022-2023 Weighted Tuition	$4,360	$11,300	$14,619	$12,235
2021-2022 Weighted Tuition	4,281	11,123	14,074	11,914
2020-2021 Weighted Tuition	4,075	11,151	14,106	11,950
2019-2020 Weighted Tuition	4,012	11,025	13,885	11,687
2018-2019 Weighted Tuition	3,942	10,925	13,885	11,687

Rates of Cancellation

These rates are used to measure the probability of eligible contract beneficiaries cancelling their contracts before and after projected college entrance date. The rates apply to contract beneficiaries who have not yet matriculated. Once the contract beneficiaries are assumed to have matriculated and started using benefits, the cancellation rates do not apply.

Years from Projected College Entrance Year	Cancellation Rate
-17	8.0%
-16	7.0%
-15	6.0%
-14	4.0%
-13	4.0%
-12	3.0%
-11	3.0%
-10	3.0%
-9	2.0%
-8	1.5%
-7	1.5%
-6	1.5%
-5	1.5%
-4	1.0%

Years from Projected College Entrance Year	Cancellation Rate
-3	1.0%
-2	1.0%
-1	1.5%
0	1.5%
1	3.0%
2	3.0%
3	5.0%
4	5.0%
5	7.5%
6	7.5%
7	5.0%
8	5.0%
9	5.0%
10	100.0%

In the event of a cancellation, it was assumed that a refund will be paid equal to the amount of all contract payments made accumulated with applicable interest, less benefits paid. (Two percent annual interest is applicable to contracts purchased prior to the 2013/2014 enrollment period. No interest is applicable to contracts purchased during or after the 2013/2014 enrollment period.)

Rates of Enrollment

These rates are used to measure the probability of eligible contract beneficiaries matriculating at and beyond their projected college entrance date. The rates apply to contract beneficiaries who have not yet matriculated.

Years from Projected College Entrance Year	Matriculation Rate
0	70%
1	35%
2	40%
3	30%
4	20%
5	15%
6	15%
7	10%
8	10%
9	10%
10	0%

Utilization of Benefits

The following rates apply to contract beneficiaries who (1) have not yet matriculated and (2) those who have matriculated, but have used fewer than 10 credits within the past year. For those who have matriculated, the projected college entrance year is assumed to be the valuation year. Contract beneficiaries are assumed to use the benefits as described by the CIPTP Master Agreement.

Distribution of Benefit Utilization									
Number of Years	Number of Semesters Purchased								
Since Matriculation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	73%	73%	49%	37%	29%	24%	21%	18%	16%
2	20%	20%	28%	35%	26%	24%	21%	18%	16%
3	7%	7%	14%	17%	19%	22%	21%	18%	16%
4			5%	6%	13%	15%	21%	18%	16%
5			5%	6%	7%	9%	8%	13%	16%
6					3%	4%	3%	6%	8%
7					2%	2%	2%	4%	6%
8							1%	2%	4%
9							1%	2%	1%

For contract beneficiaries who have matriculated and have used 10 or more credits within the past year, it is assumed that the contract beneficiaries will utilize 22 credits per year until benefits are fully depleted.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses of the Program are assumed to be paid through a combination of investment earnings and fees assessed on purchasers. Marketing expenses were excluded from the liabilities (present value of future administrative expenses) for current contract beneficiaries as it is assumed those costs should be applicable to future contracts. Administrative expenses are projected to increase by the rate of the inflation assumption of 2.50 percent for two years and then decline at the same rate the present value of benefits declines (combined with a 2.50 percent increase for inflation). (The increase for two years assumption was used in the prior valuation and reset at two years in the current valuation.) The present value of future administrative expenses was determined to be equal to approximately 2.2 percent of the total liabilities.

Effective with the actuarial soundness valuation as of June 30, 2018, total administrative expenses were assumed to be all non-marketing related due to the ongoing deferment in open enrollment. The amount of administrative expenses assumed to be non-marketing related is the basis for the present value of future administrative expenses for current contract beneficiaries.

	Current and Assumed Contract Beneficiary Expenses			
Fiscal Year	Marketing	Other Administration	Total Administrative Expenses	Marketing % of Total
2022	$0	$2,662,400	$2,662,400	0.00%
2023	0	2,728,960	2,728,960	0.00%
2024	0	2,797,184	2,797,184	0.00%

Mortality and Disability

No assumption is made for death or disability. Valuing the rate of incidence is expected to be immaterial.

Liability Adjustment

The liabilities for contract beneficiaries assumed to use tuition benefits were adjusted to account for the provision that benefits shall never be less than the amount paid for the contract.

Data Adjustments

The following contract beneficiary records were excluded from the actuarial valuation:

- Records with a payment status indicating they were cancelled;
- Records with a contract usage status of depleted; and
- Records with less than one contract unit remaining (the number of contract units purchased minus the number of contract units used is less than one).

The projected college entrance year was adjusted for contract beneficiaries who are not scheduled to have completed payments for the contract by the college entrance year provided in the data.

The account balance that is eligible to be refunded is calculated by GRS based on the contract payment information provided, increased with applicable interest, less any tuition and fee benefits paid to date. Two percent annual interest is applicable to contracts purchased prior to the 2013/2014 enrollment period. No interest is applicable to contracts purchased during or after the 2013/2014 enrollment period.

SECTION E

PLAN PROVISIONS

Plan Provisions

(This is a summary only; the full terms and conditions of the College Illinois!® Prepaid Tuition Program are included in the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act, 110 ILCS 979 (the "Act") and ISAC Administrative Rules (23 Ill. Adm. Code 2775, et. seq.) ("ISAC Rules").

A. Type of Contract

Three types of contracts are available for purchase: Choice 1 - Community College, Choice 2 – University and Choice 3 – University Plus. (For contracts sold prior to October 2008, there was one type of University contract, which are currently referred to as Legacy contacts.)

From the College Illinois! Prepaid Tuition Program Student Handbook:

Choice 1 Community College Plan
Provides in-district tuition and mandatory fees for each semester (15 credit hours) purchased at an Illinois Community College.

Choice 2 University Plan
Provides undergraduate in-state tuition and mandatory fee coverage for each semester (15 credit hours) purchased at any of the following eligible institutions: Chicago State University, Eastern Illinois University, Governors State University, Illinois State University, Northeastern Illinois University, Northern Illinois University, Southern Illinois University Carbondale, Southern Illinois University Edwardsville, University of Illinois Chicago, University of Illinois Springfield, Western Illinois University.

Choice 3 University Plus Plan
Provides undergraduate in-state tuition and mandatory fee coverage for each semester (15 credit hours) purchased at the University of Illinois Urbana Champaign.

B. Benefit

Covered benefits include tuition and mandatory fees at an Illinois public university or community college based on the in-state or in-district undergraduate rate for a full-time student.

Mandatory fees are fees that are required upon enrollment for all students attending the particular institution.

The benefit does not include any optional fees, expenses or cost of supplies.

The benefit shall never be less than the amount paid for the contract.

Benefits are available for use three years after the first payment due date. The plan must be paid in full prior to the use of any benefits. In addition, the beneficiary has up to 10 years from the projected college enrollment date to start using program benefits. Once the beneficiary starts using the prepaid benefits, they have 10 years to finish using benefits.

C. Contract Payments

The Program offers a variety of payment options, including the following:

- Lump Sum;
- 5-year installment plans paid monthly or annually;
- Extended installment plans of 6 to 15 years, depending on age, paid monthly or annually; and
- Down payment options are available for monthly installment plans.

D. Private or Out-of-State Institutions

For beneficiaries attending a private or out-of-state institution, the plan will pay an amount based upon the weighted average tuition and mandatory fees at Illinois public universities or community colleges depending on the type of contract purchased.

E. Scholarship

If a qualified beneficiary is awarded a grant or scholarship that duplicates the benefits covered by a prepaid tuition contract, the purchaser may request a refund in semester installments.

Illinois public university or community college – the installments will be in an amount equal to the current cost of in-state or in-district registration fees at that institution, less any benefits used to pay registration fees not covered by the scholarship and any applicable fees.

Illinois Private Institution or an eligible Out-of-State Institution – the installments will be in an amount equal to the current average mean-weighted credit hour value of registration fees at Illinois public universities or Illinois community colleges, depending on the type of the purchased contract, less any benefits used to pay registration fees not covered by the scholarship and any applicable fees.

F. Not Attending an Institution of Higher Education (Transfer)

Benefits can be transferred to a member of the “family” as defined in Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Purchasers can also choose to postpone the beneficiary’s use of contract benefits to a later time or receive a refund.

G. Cancellation/Refunds	Refund equal to all contract payments made accumulated with applicable interest, less benefits paid and applicable cancellation fees. (Two percent annual interest is applicable to contracts purchased prior to the 2013/2014 enrollment period. No interest is applicable to contracts purchased during or after the 2013/2014 enrollment period.)
H. Death/Disability of Qualified Beneficiary	Refund equal to the value of the mean-weighted average cost of tuition at the colleges for the type of contract purchased will be made to the purchaser.
I. Other Ancillary Benefits	There are no ancillary benefits.
J. Truth in Tuition	Under Illinois' Truth-in-Tuition law, enacted with the fall 2004 semester, the state's 12 public colleges and universities are required to charge incoming resident freshmen a fixed tuition rate for the first four years of college.
K. Changes from Previous Valuation	None.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Honorable Frank J. Mautino
Auditor General
State of Illinois, and

Mr. Kevin B. Huber
Chair of the Governing Board
Illinois Student Assistance Commission

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2023. That report contains an emphasis of matter paragraph which states "as discussed in Notes 9 and 10, the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program Fund has a deficit as of June 30, 2022 of $15 million. The amount of the fund deficit is highly dependent on the actuarial assumptions used to calculate the present value of the future tuition benefits obligation." Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission, Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with these provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

SIGNED ORIGINAL ON FILE

Crowe LLP

Oak Brook, Illinois
March 21, 2023