

**FISCAL
YEAR
2009**

Annual Report



Illinois Student Assistance Commission



ILLINOIS PREPAID
TUITION PROGRAM:
ILLINOIS STUDENT
ASSISTANCE COMMISSION

February 23, 2007

The Honorable Rod Blagojevich, Governor of the State of Illinois
The Honorable Emil Jones, President of the Illinois Senate
The Honorable Michael J. Madigan, Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives
The Honorable William Holland, Auditor General of the State of Illinois
Members of the Illinois Board of Higher Education
Citizens of Illinois

We are pleased to issue the fiscal year 2006 Annual Report for *College Illinois!*, the state's Section 529 Prepaid Tuition Program. This report references the program's eighth consecutive year of operation, including the program's eighth enrollment period – from October 31, 2005 through April 3, 2006 – during which more than 4,600 *College Illinois!* contracts were purchased. Once the eighth annual enrollment period was completed, *College Illinois!* prepaid tuition contracts in force on June 30, 2006 totaled more than 46,700. In fact, *College Illinois!* participants have committed more than \$900 million toward the purchase of prepaid tuition contracts, representing more than 168,000 years of college either already prepaid or in the process of being prepaid through the program.

The program's most recent Actuarial Valuation Report, prepared by actuaries at Richard M. Kaye and Associates in conjunction with PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, is included in its entirety within the Annual Report. As of June 30, 2006, the actuarial value of expected liabilities exceeds assets (including the value of future payments by contract purchasers) by \$146.9 million, resulting in a funded ratio of approximately 87 percent. The Annual Report also indicates that program assets are expected to cover all benefit payments through at least the year 2021, even assuming that no additional contracts are sold subsequent to June 30, 2006. These results are indicative of the financial solidity of *College Illinois!*.

This past year the program's actuarial deficit has increased because the dollar impact of positive factors (e.g., price premiums) was somewhat less than the dollar impact of negative factors (i.e., estimating the level of public university fee increases imposed during 2005-2006, slight underperformance of portfolio investments, and changes to underlying assumptions). The Commission has been consistently realistic each year in setting both investment return and tuition and fee inflation assumptions. The Commission also continued its practice of setting contract prices conservatively for 2005-2006, at a level that will over time amortize the actuarial deficit. These past actions, combined with continuing strong contract sales and asset appreciation, have had a positive impact upon the program's financial soundness. Contract prices for 2006-2007 once again include a factor to continue the amortization of the program's current actuarial deficit.

College Illinois! continues to be popular with families in Illinois facing the financial burden of funding a future college student's education. The program has increased public awareness of the rising costs of college and the importance of establishing and funding a financial plan. *College Illinois!* seeks to facilitate that planning by providing a safe and secure way for Illinois citizens to ensure the affordability of a college education for their children or grandchildren.

We encourage you to contact *College Illinois!* should you have any questions regarding the program or this report.

Sincerely,

Andrew A. Davis, Executive Director
Illinois Student Assistance Commission

Randy P. Erford, Director
College Illinois!

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Deerfield, IL 60015-5209
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The Illinois Student Assistance Commission *

Donald J. McNeil, Chairman

Partner, Barnes & Thornburg LLP, of Chicago

Sharon Taylor Alpi

Coleman Foundation Professor in Entrepreneurship, Tabor School of Business, Millikin University,
of Decatur

Dr. Lynda Andre

Assistant Superintendent of Curriculum, Edwardsville School District, of Edwardsville

Robert Casey

Partner, Casey Brannen & Romag, of Batavia

Warren “Bo” Daniels, Jr.

Managing Director, Loop Capital Markets LLC, of Chicago

Ashley J. Dearborn

Student Commissioner, of Chicago

Dr. Mary Ann Louderback

Former Member, Illinois Educational Labor Relations Board, of Cary

David Vaught

Attorney and Financial Advisor, Mitchell, Vaught and Taylor, Inc., of Naperville

Hugh E. Van Voorst

Owner, Van Voorst Lumber Company, of Union Hill

*Commission Membership as of June 30, 2006

College Illinois! Investment Advisory Panel*

John Albin

President, Longview Capital Corporation, of Newman

George Clam

President, Oak Brook Bank, of Woodridge

Edward Madden

President, Heritage Bank of Schaumburg, of Chicago

Michael Mann

Associate Director, Illinois Board of Higher Education, of Jacksonville

Michael Neill

Vice President and Trust Officer, Independent Bankers' Bank, of Carbondale

Ingrid Stafford

Associate Vice President for Finance and Controller of Northwestern University, of Evanston

*Panel Membership as of June 30, 2006

PROGRAM OVERVIEW

College Illinois!, the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program, is administered by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission, the state agency that has been helping Illinois families pay for college for almost 50 years. As a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, *College Illinois!* provides individuals with an opportunity to lock in the cost of future tuition and mandatory fees, protecting against tuition inflation. The Program was enacted by the General Assembly and then signed into law by the Governor in November 1997.

College Illinois! offers plans for public university semesters, community college semesters and a combined plan that includes two years at a community college and two years at a public university. Plans can be purchased one semester at a time or up to a maximum of nine semesters for any one future student. Benefits may also be used at private colleges within Illinois and at public universities and private colleges and universities across the country as well.

The program has no age restrictions for future students. Beneficiaries of a plan do not have to choose a school until time of college enrollment. Plans can be purchased with a single lump-sum payment, or in monthly or annual installments for five, ten or fifteen years. *College Illinois!* covers undergraduate tuition and mandatory fees but does not cover other expenses such as room and board, books and transportation.

Benefits provided by *College Illinois!* are entirely exempt from both federal and state income tax. The federal tax exemption that was scheduled to end in 2010 was made permanent in a provision of the Pension Protection Act passed by Congress and signed by the President in August 2006. In addition, legislation was passed at the state level in the summer of 2004 providing a tax deduction for contributions to *College Illinois!* beginning with tax year 2005.

During FY2006, *College Illinois!* completed its eighth enrollment period. As of June 30, 2006 there were approximately 46,700 contracts in force with a purchase value of approximately \$938 million. As the only college funding tool backed by the state of Illinois, *College Illinois!* can protect purchasers against tuition and fee increases that historically have averaged 8.0 percent per year during the past twenty years at public universities in Illinois. It is an affordable, flexible and tax-advantaged program, designed to be the cornerstone of any family's college funding plan.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

**State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program**

Financial Audit
For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Performed as Special Assistant Auditors for the
Auditor General, State of Illinois

**State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program**

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**State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program**

Agency Officials

Executive Director	Larry E. Matejka
Deputy Executive Director	Kathleen T. Rooney
Chief Operating and Administrative Officer (8/16/05-6/19/06)	Marcia Thompson
Chief Financial Officer (8/16/05 – current)	Theresa Morgan
Chief Financial Officer (7/1/05 – 8/15/05)	Marcia Thompson
General Counsel	Karen Salas
Director of Internal Audit (7/1/05 – 7/31/05)	Wendy Funk

Agency offices are located at:

1755 Lake Cook Road
Deerfield, IL 60015-5209

**State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program**

Financial Statement Report

Summary

The audit of the accompanying financial statements of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission (Program) was performed by McGladrey and Pullen, LLP.

Based on their audit, the auditors expressed an unqualified opinion on the Program's financial statements.

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable William G. Holland
Auditor General
State of Illinois

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements present only the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program, a fund of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission as of June 30, 2006, and its changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission, as of June 30, 2006, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission has not presented a management's discussion and analysis for the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, our report dated November 15, 2006 on our consideration of the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters will be issued under a separate cover. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report, upon issuance, is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP

Schaumburg, Illinois
November 15, 2006

State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program

Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2006

Assets	
Current	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,745,602
Receivables:	
Accrued interest on investments	63,609
Total current assets	<u>10,809,211</u>
Noncurrent	
Investments	<u>777,302,000</u>
Total assets	<u>788,111,211</u>
Liabilities	
Current	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	846,963
Tuition payable	24,757,664
Accreted tuition payable	1,863,480
Due to other State funds	64,658
Compensated absences	8,604
Total current liabilities	<u>27,541,369</u>
Noncurrent	
Tuition payable	633,067,768
Accreted tuition payable	156,559,962
Compensated absences	77,434
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>789,705,164</u>
Total liabilities	<u>817,246,533</u>
Net assets, unrestricted (deficit)	<u><u>\$ (29,135,322)</u></u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program**

**Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets
Year Ended June 30, 2006**

Operating revenues:	
Income from investment securities	\$ 49,328,993
Interest revenue - other	419,156
Application and other fees	2,341,666
Total operating revenues	<u>52,089,815</u>
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and employee benefits	739,745
Accreted tuition expenses	44,367,125
Management and professional services	3,002,229
Investment management fees	2,620,729
Total operating expenses	<u>50,729,828</u>
Operating income	1,359,987
Transfer - out	<u>(25,000)</u>
Change in net assets	1,334,987
Net assets (deficit), July 1, 2005	<u>(30,470,309)</u>
Net assets (deficit), June 30, 2006	<u>\$ (29,135,322)</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program

Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash receipts from prepaid tuition contracts	\$ 117,170,221
Cash received from application and other fees	2,341,666
Cash paid for refund of contracts	(4,696,984)
Cash paid for tuition and accretion	(18,194,735)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(2,809,816)
Cash payments to employees for services	(733,051)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>93,077,301</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Transfer Out	<u>(25,000)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities	
Purchase of investment securities	(203,589,410)
Sales and maturities of investment securities	101,643,127
Interest and dividends on investments	15,332,058
Cash paid to investment managers	(2,620,729)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(89,234,954)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	3,817,347
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2005	<u>6,928,255</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2006	<u>\$ 10,745,602</u>

(Continued)

State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)
Year Ended June 30, 2006

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:

Operating income	\$ 1,359,987
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Investment and other interest income	(49,748,149)
Accreted tuition expense	44,367,125
Investment management fees	2,620,729
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	165,525
Due to other State funds	26,888
Tuition payable	94,278,502
Compensated absences	6,694
Total adjustments	<u>91,717,314</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 93,077,301</u>
Supplemental disclosure of noncash transactions:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	<u>\$ 34,382,710</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program**

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Description of Program

The Illinois Student Assistance Commission (ISAC) administers the nonshared proprietary fund, Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program (*College Illinois!*) described below. A nonshared fund is a fund in which a single State agency is responsible for administering substantially all financial transactions of the fund.

Legislation authorizing ISAC to administer an Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program was passed in November 1997. The Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program is administered by ISAC with advice and counsel from an investment advisory panel consisting of seven members appointed by ISAC. The purpose of this program is to provide Illinois families with an affordable tax-advantaged method to pay for college. Illinois Prepaid Tuition contracts will allow participants to prepay the cost of tuition and mandatory fees at Illinois public universities and community colleges at current program prices which are significantly less than projected future college costs. Benefits of the contracts can also be used at private and out-of-state colleges and universities. Contracts can be purchased in a lump sum payment or in installments.

The first contracts were offered for sale in 1998. After eight enrollment periods, as of June 30, 2006, the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program had 46,709 contracts in force with a purchased value of \$938 million. As of June 30, 2006, the fund has received cash collections of \$708,128,235.

The Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program Fund is a non-appropriated fund.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program administered by ISAC have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). To facilitate the understanding of data included in the financial statements, summarized below are the more significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

As defined by GAAP, the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1) Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (a) the primary government's ability to impose its will, or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- 2) Fiscal dependency on the primary government.

Based upon the required criteria, the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program does not have component units, nor is it a component unit of any other entity. However, because the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program is not legally separate from the State of Illinois, it is included in the financial statements of the State as a proprietary fund. The State of Illinois' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may be obtained by writing to the State Comptroller's Office, Financial Reporting Department, 325 West Adams Street, Springfield, Illinois 62704-1871.

**State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program**

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

A. Reporting Entity - Continued

The financial statements present only the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program administered by the State of Illinois, Illinois Student Assistance Commission (ISAC) and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Illinois or ISAC as of June 30, 2006, and changes in financial positions and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

B. Basis of Presentation

In government, the basic accounting and reporting entity is a fund. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other resources together with all related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. A statement of net assets, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and statement of cash flows have been presented for the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program administered by ISAC.

Operating revenues result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Due to the nature of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program activities, income from investments is considered an operating activity in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets. Nonoperating revenues and expenses result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. The fund accounts for resources received and used for financing self-supporting activities of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program that offers services on a user-charge basis to the general public.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The State also has the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The State has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance as it relates to the Program's operations.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist principally of deposits held in the State Treasury. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash in banks, interest bearing deposits with banks, and securities with maturities at the date of purchase of 90 days or less.

**State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program**

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

E. Investments

The Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program presents investments on its Statement of Net Assets at fair value. The net appreciation or depreciation in the fair value of investments is included in income from investment securities in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets. The investments are classified as noncurrent, as current cash flows cover current payouts for the program and the program has no plans to withdraw investments in the near future.

F. Interfund Transactions

The Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program has the following type of interfund transactions with other funds of the State:

Loans - amounts provided with a requirement for repayment. Interfund loans are reported as interfund receivables (i.e. due from other funds) in lender funds and interfund payables (i.e. due to other funds) in borrower funds.

Reimbursements—repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursements are reported as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transfers—flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flow of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. Transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

G. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation and sick leave balances for Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program employees. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. The liability has been calculated based on the employees' current salary level and includes salary-related costs (e.g., Social Security and Medicare tax).

Legislation that became effective January 1, 1998 capped the paid sick leave for all State Employees' Retirement System members at December 31, 1997. Employees continue to accrue twelve sick days per year, but will not receive monetary compensation for any additional time earned after December 31, 1997. Sick days earned between 1984 and December 31, 1997 (with a 50% cash value) would only be used after all days with no cash value are depleted. Any sick days earned and unused after December 31, 1997 will be converted to service time for purposes of calculating employee pension benefits.

H. Tuition Payable

Tuition payable in the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program represents the net principal payments received for the 46,709 contracts held by the fund as of June 30, 2006.

State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

I. Net Assets, Unrestricted (Deficit)

Net assets, unrestricted (deficit) consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Funding and Actuarial Assumptions

Program funding is derived entirely from payments received from contract purchasers and the investment income earned by the Fund. The Commission has obtained actuarial assistance in order to establish, maintain and certify assets sufficient to meet the Fund's obligations. The assets of the fund are to be preserved, invested and expended solely pursuant to and for the purposes of the Fund and may not be loaned or otherwise transferred or used by the State of Illinois for any other purpose.

In the event the Commission, with the concurrence of the State of Illinois, determines the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program to be financially infeasible, the Commission may discontinue, prospectively, the operation of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program. Any beneficiary who has been accepted by and is enrolled, or will within five years enroll, at an eligible institution shall be entitled to exercise the complete benefits of his/her contract. All other contract holders shall receive an appropriate refund of all contributions and accrued interest up to the time the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program is discontinued.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

A. Investment Authority and Legal Compliance

The State Treasury is the custodian of the State's cash and cash equivalents for the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program maintained in the State Treasury. The investment authority for the State Treasury is found in the State Treasurer Act (15 ILCS 505), which authorizes the State of Illinois primary government and its component units to engage in a wide variety of investment activities. For further details please refer to the State of Illinois CAFR, available in the Office of the Treasurer, Fiscal Officer Responsibilities Audit Report. A copy of the report can be obtained from the State Treasurer at 300 West Jefferson, Springfield, Illinois, 62701.

The Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program independently manages cash and cash equivalents maintained outside the State Treasury. The Commission by statute (Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act, 110 ILCS 979) is required to appoint an investment advisory panel to offer advice and counseling regarding the investments of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program. The panel is required to annually review and advise the Commission on provisions of the strategic investment plan, which will specify the investment policies to be utilized by the Commission in the administration of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program.

**State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program**

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Deposits and Investments - Continued

A. Investment Authority and Legal Compliance - Continued

The Commission may direct that assets of those Funds be placed in savings accounts or may use the same to purchase fixed or variable life insurance or annuity contracts, securities, evidence of indebtedness, or other investment products pursuant to the comprehensive investment plan and in such proportions as may be designated or approved under that plan.

Investment managers are hired who, by their record and experience have demonstrated their fiduciary responsibility, their investment expertise, their investment experience, and their capacity to undertake the mandate for which they are being considered. Investment managers retained for the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program acknowledge in writing, a fiduciary relationship with respect to the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program and need to be currently registered and maintain registration as an investment advisor under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, a bank (as defined in the Act), or an insurance company qualified to perform investment management services under the law of more than one state unless otherwise approved on an exception basis. The Commission has established investment guidelines for the investment managers and conducts thorough due diligence before the appointment of all investment managers.

A qualified investment consultant, on an ongoing basis, evaluates the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program. Written reports are provided to the Commission by the investment consultant no later than 45 days after the end of each calendar quarter. The investment consultant meets with the various investment managers on a regular basis to review the investment guidelines and analyzes the general liability structure of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program. They also assist the Commission and the Investment Advisory Panel with the selection of investment managers and custodians. The qualified investment consultant retained by the Commission is required to exercise discretion within the parameters set forth in the investment policy guidelines for the portfolio(s) they manage. Additionally, the program has contracted with Marquette Associates to evaluate the investment performance of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program on a quarterly basis.

The Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program investment policy dictates certain guidelines and restrictions that apply to investments in domestic equities by the investment managers. The manager may only hold up to 5% of its portfolio in a money market and/or cash. The only exception to this rule is during trading activity, which can only be maintained for very short time periods, i.e. less than 30 days. Further, options, financial futures, private placements, restricted stock, issues related to the investment manager, or venture capital may not be purchased. The policy also prohibits the purchase of securities on margin and short selling. Also, investments cannot be made in securities not traded on a U.S. exchange or traded in U.S. dollars.

The investment policy authorizes the Commission to utilize a third party custodian to safe-keep the assets of the fund and to provide reports on a monthly basis to all necessary parties. The custodian is responsible for sweeping all interest and dividend payments and any other un-invested cash into a short-term money market fund for re-deployment. The custodian retained by the Commission is required to exercise discretion within the parameters set forth in the investment policy guidelines for the portfolio(s) they manage on behalf of the fund.

State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Deposits and Investments - Continued

B. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program's deposits may not be returned to it. State law (30 ILCS 230/2C) requires that all deposits of public funds be covered by FDIC insurance or eligible collateral. The Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program has no policy that would further limit the requirements under State law. As of June 30, 2006, the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program's locally held deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The State Treasurer is the custodian of the State's cash and cash equivalents for the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program maintained in the State Treasury. Deposits in the custody of the State Treasurer totaled \$9,723,227 at June 30, 2006. These deposits are pooled and invested with other State funds in accordance with the Deposits of State Moneys Act of the Illinois Compiled Statutes (15 ILCS 520/11). Funds held by the State Treasurer have not been addressed as to custodial credit risk because the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program does not own individual securities. Details on the nature of these deposits and investments are available within the State of Illinois' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

C. Investments

ISAC is required annually to adopt a comprehensive investment plan to invest the funds received through contract payments. The Commission approved the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program's most recent revision to the investment plan on November 18, 2005. The comprehensive investment plan specifies the investment policies to be utilized by the Commission in its administration of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program. The Commission may direct that assets of those funds be invested in a manner which will provide the investment return and risk level consistent with the actuarial return requirements and risk levels and cash flow demands of the Fund. The investments should be in compliance with all applicable federal and state laws and other statutes governing the investment of Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program resources.

ISAC has retained State Street Global Advisors, J P Morgan Investment Advisors, William Blair & Company, Richmond Capital Management, LSV Asset Management, Holland Capital, New Amsterdam Partners, Kenwood Capital, Nicholas Applegate, and Denver Investment Advisors as investment managers to assist with the investment of the fund assets for the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program. Approximately \$87,000,000 of additional contract payments received have been invested as of the end of the fiscal year June 30, 2006. The program has contracted with Marquette Associates to evaluate the investment performance of the Program on a quarterly basis. Use of funds invested on behalf of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program by the investment managers is restricted to the payout of tuition and fee benefits for program beneficiaries.

As of June 30, 2006, 60% of the funds were invested in Domestic Equities, 34% in Domestic Fixed Income, 5% in International Equity and 1% as Cash and Equivalents. Investments of the Fund are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices.

State of Illinois
 Illinois Student Assistance Commission
 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Deposits and Investments - Continued

C. Investments - Continued

The Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program's cash and investments at June 30, 2006 are presented below at fair value by investment type and by investment manager:

Investment Managers Asset Allocation June 30, 2006			
Asset Class	Investment Manager	Fair Value	Actual Allocation
Fixed Income-Core	J P Morgan	\$ 99,777,347	12.66%
Fixed Income-Intermediate	Richmond Capital Management	123,523,673	15.67%
Fixed Income-Core	SSgA Passive Bonds	38,731,089	4.91%
Total Fixed Income Portfolio		262,032,109	33.25%
Large-Cap Core Equity	SSgA S&P 500 Index	117,402,688	14.90%
Large-Cap Value Equity	LSV Asset Management	65,817,902	8.35%
Large-Cap Value Equity	SSgA	67,670,016	8.59%
Large-Cap Growth Equity	William Blair & Company	33,876,277	4.30%
Large-Cap Growth Equity	Holland Capital	32,977,189	4.18%
Large-Cap Growth Equity	New Amsterdam Partners	34,495,477	4.38%
Small-Cap Core Equity	Nicholas Applegate	43,972,573	5.58%
Small-Cap Core Equity	Denver Investment Advisors	34,984,815	4.44%
Small-Cap Value Equity	Nicholas Applegate	21,324,997	2.71%
Small-Cap Value Equity	Kenwood Capital	20,534,704	2.61%
Total Domestic Equity		473,056,638	60.03%
International Equity	LSV Asset Management	42,213,253	5.36%
Total International Equity		42,213,253	5.36%
Total Investments		777,302,000	98.64%
Cash and Equivalents	N/A	10,745,602	1.36%
Total Cash Equivalents		10,745,602	1.36%
TOTAL PORTFOLIO		\$ 788,047,602	100%

State of Illinois
 Illinois Student Assistance Commission
 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Deposits and Investments - Continued

C. Investments - Continued

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program's policy for managing interest rate risk is to ensure that the investment managers comply with its investment policy guidelines.

As per the investment policy, the operational guidelines for the Fixed Income Securities Managers require that the average duration of the manager's portfolio not vary more than +/- 30% of the duration of the Lehman Brothers (LB) Intermediate Government/Credit Index and the LB Aggregate Index respectively (see schedule of investments on previous page).

The duration of the portfolios, by Manager, for the fixed income securities, compared to the benchmark index(s) is as follows:

Fixed Income Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Average Duration	LB Aggregate Index	LB Intermediate Government/ Credit Index
JP Morgan	4.3 years	4.8 years	N/A
Richmond Capital Management	3.6 years	N/A	3.6 years
SSgA	4.8 years	4.8 years	N/A

As of June 30, 2006, all portfolios are within the guidelines permitted by the investment policy.

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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Deposits and Investments - Continued

C. Investments - Continued

Interest Rate Risk –Continued

Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (in Years)
U.S. treasury notes	\$ 16,401,818	3.8
U.S. treasury bonds	7,266,937	11.9
U.S. treasury strips	9,212,531	9.1
U.S. agency obligations	27,626,810	4.3
Federal agencies bonds and notes	45,139,878	5.5
U.S. agency asset-backed securities	6,709,497	4.3
Corporate debt securities	91,037,181	4.5
Money market mutual funds	8,155,908	0.1
Corporate asset-backed securities	3,792,665	1.5
Foreign debt securities	327,642	6.3
Corporate mortgage backed securities	7,630,153	3.8
Passive bond index fund	38,731,089	5.8
Total Fair Value	\$ 262,032,109	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity		4.1

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 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Deposits and Investments - Continued

C. Investments - Continued

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Commission is authorized to hire competent registered professional investment managers to manage the assets of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program.

The operational guidelines as set forth in the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program investment policy for fixed income investments dictate that no securities with a credit rating below BBB- by Standard & Poor's or Ba3 by Moody's may be purchased. In the case of a split rating, the higher rating shall apply. Securities, which are downgraded below the policy minimum, may only be held at the manager's discretion for up to 6 months.

The following table indicates credit ratings, as of June 30, 2006, for the Program's debt security investments (other than obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government which are not considered to have credit risk). Ratings for debt security investments that have multiple ratings are on the following page:

Investment Type	Total Fair Value	Credit Rating		
		Moody's	Standard & Poor's	Fitch
U.S. agency obligations	\$ 27,626,810	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Federal agencies bonds and notes	45,139,878	Aaa	AAA	AAA
U.S. agency asset-backed securities	6,709,497	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Money market mutual funds	8,155,908	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Corporate asset-backed securities	3,792,665	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Foreign debt securities	327,642	Baa	BBB	BBB
Passive bond index fund	38,731,089	Aa2	AA	AA

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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Deposits and Investments - Continued

C. Investments - Continued

Credit Risk – Continued

The following table indicates credit ratings, as of June 30, 2006, for debt security investments that received multiple ratings:

Rating Agency	Investment Type	Credit Rating*	Fair Value
Moody's:	Corporate debt securities	Aaa	\$ 3,636,792
	Corporate debt securities	Aa	19,749,630
	Corporate debt securities	A	62,589,800
	Corporate debt securities	Baa	4,635,190
	Corporate debt securities	NR	425,769
			<u>91,037,181</u>
Standard and Poor's:	Corporate debt securities	AAA	3,636,792
	Corporate debt securities	AA	11,384,644
	Corporate debt securities	A	68,111,280
	Corporate debt securities	BBB	7,904,465
			<u>91,037,181</u>
Fitch:	Corporate debt securities	AAA	1,191,969
	Corporate debt securities	AA	19,271,387
	Corporate debt securities	A	60,125,918
	Corporate debt securities	BBB	3,778,717
	Corporate debt securities	NR	6,669,190
			<u>91,037,181</u>
Moody's:	Corporate mortgage-backed securities	AAA	6,354,780
	Corporate mortgage-backed securities	NR	1,275,373
			<u>7,630,153</u>
Standard and Poor's:	Corporate mortgage-backed securities	AAA	6,221,566
	Corporate mortgage-backed securities	NR	1,408,587
			<u>7,630,153</u>
Fitch:	Corporate mortgage-backed securities	AAA	3,506,463
	Corporate mortgage-backed securities	NR	4,123,690
			<u>7,630,153</u>

* NR - not rated

**State of Illinois
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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Deposits and Investments - Continued

C. Investments - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Program does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

As of June 30, 2006, all investments were held by the Program's agent in the Program's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The operational guidelines as set forth in the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program's investment policy for fixed income investments dictate that no single security should comprise more than 10% of the portfolio's overall allocation after accounting for price appreciation, except for any U.S. Treasury or U.S. agency security, which may comprise no more than 15% of the portfolio's overall allocation after accounting for price appreciation. In the case of investments in domestic equities the policy states that no single security in the manager's portfolio will comprise more than 5% of its equity allocation at the time of purchase, nor will it be more than 10% of the equity allocation of the portfolio after accounting for price appreciation. Additionally, in the case of the small-cap investment managers at no point in time should the portfolio hold a security such that the investment management firm's aggregate position in that company exceeds 20% of the fair value of the outstanding stock of the Company.

There were no investments in any single issuer (other than U.S. Treasury or securities explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government) which exceeded 5% or more of the total investment portfolio as of June 30, 2006.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Commission's investment policy authorizes a maximum of 10% of the portfolio for investments in international equities. As of June 30, 2006, 5% is invested in international equities, however, none of these investments are denominated in foreign currencies.

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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4. Balances Due to Other State Funds and Transfers

As of June 30, 2006, the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program owed the Audit Fund \$51,021 for the cost of the fiscal year 2005 audit. In addition, the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program owed \$13,637 to state universities for tuition and fees for benefits under *College Illinois!*. During the year, \$25,000 was transferred to the ISAC COP Debt Service Fund for lease payments.

Note 5. Compensated Absences Payable

Changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2006, were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2006	Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 79,344	\$ 34,757	\$ 28,063	\$ 86,038	\$ 8,604

Note 6. Tuition Payable

Tuition payable activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Balance July 1, 2005	\$ 562,274,039
Add:	
Contributions	117,170,221
Less:	
Return of contributions	(4,696,984)
Tuition payments	(16,921,844)
Balance June 30, 2006	<u>\$ 657,825,432</u>
Reported as:	
Current	\$ 24,757,664
Noncurrent	633,067,768
	<u>\$ 657,825,432</u>

Note 7. Accretion Payable

Accretion payable is management's estimate of the present value of the estimated tuition payment to be made in excess of principal payments received and is expected to be financed from investments of prepaid tuition contracts. The accretion expense for fiscal year 2006 is estimated as a percentage of net tuition contracts paid to date. The rate is 7.75% and is based on the average increase in tuition for Illinois colleges.

**State of Illinois
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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7. Accretion Payable - Continued

Average monthly tuition payable over the year	<u>\$ 578,261,644</u>
Estimate of 7.75% increase of tuition payable	<u>\$ 44,815,277</u>
Present value	<u>\$ 44,367,125</u>
Beginning balance accretion payable as of July 1, 2005	\$ 115,329,209
Accretion expense	44,367,124
Accretion payments	<u>(1,272,891)</u>
Ending balance accretion payable as of June 30, 2006	<u>\$ 158,423,442</u>
Reported as:	
Current	\$ 1,863,480
Noncurrent	<u>156,559,962</u>
	<u>\$ 158,423,442</u>

The accretion expense is calculated on a monthly basis on the balance in the tuition payable account. Accretion expense is reflected as an expense in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets and as an increase to liabilities on the Statement of Net Assets.

Note 8. Pension Plan

Substantially all of ISAC's full-time employees who are not eligible for participation in another state-sponsored retirement plan participate in the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS), which is a pension trust fund in the State of Illinois reporting entity. The SERS is a single-employer defined/benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) in which State employees participate, except those covered by the State Universities, Teachers', General Assembly, and Judges' Retirement Systems. The financial position and results of operations of the SERS for fiscal year 2006 are included in the State of Illinois' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2006. The SERS issues a separate CAFR that may be obtained by writing to the SERS, 2101 South Veterans Parkway, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9255.

A summary of SERS benefit provisions, changes in benefit provisions, employee eligibility requirements including eligibility for vesting, and the authority under which benefit provisions are established are included as an integral part of the SERS' CAFR. Also included is a discussion of employer and employee obligations to contribute and the authority under which those obligations are established.

The Commission pays employer retirement contributions for the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program based upon an actuarially determined percentage of its payroll. For fiscal year 2006, the employer contribution rate was 7.8%. The required and actual contribution was \$41,922.

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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9. Post-employment Benefits

The State provides health, dental, and life insurance benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. Substantially all State employees become eligible for post-employment benefits if they eventually become annuitants of one of the State-sponsored pension plans. Health and dental benefits include basic benefits for annuitants under the State's self-insurance plan and insurance contracts currently in force. Life insurance benefits are limited to \$5,000 per annuitant age 60 and older.

Costs incurred for health, dental, and life insurance for annuitants and their dependents were not separated from benefits provided to active employees and their dependents for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Post-employment costs for the State as a whole for all State agencies/departments for dependent health, dental and life insurance for annuitants and their dependents are disclosed in the Illinois Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the State. Cost information for retirees by individual fund or State agency is not available. Payments are made on a "pay-as-you-go" basis.

Note 10. Fund Deficits

College Illinois!, the State's section 529 prepaid tuition program, has taken action to reduce and ultimately eliminate its \$147 million current actuarially determined deficit over time. The Illinois Student Assistance Commission (ISAC), administrator of the *College Illinois!* program, has added a premium to contract prices during each of the past five enrollment periods (2001-02 through 2005-06) to partially amortize the current actuarial deficit, and the Commission could perpetuate these or similar actions in subsequent years until any deficit is fully amortized.

In terms of the program's actuarially determined deficit, actual investment performance is only one influencing factor. Expected future investment performance is another factor, as is the level of actual tuition and fee increases at Illinois public universities, new contracts for each future enrollment period, as well as future expectations for tuition and fee increases at those institutions. A large proportion of the program's actuarial deficit is related to increasing the Illinois public universities' tuition growth expectation to between 9% and 10% for fiscal years 2003 through 2008 and 7.75% long-term rather than 7.5%. Beginning with fiscal year 2007, the assumption regarding future contract sales is lowered from between 5,000 and 6,000 to 5,000 per year. A factor contributing to a decrease in the actuarial deficit is that the program's long-range investment returns assumption was recently raised by 25 basis points from 7.75% to 8%.

Each year when setting plan prices, the Commission reviews the assumptions that influence the actuarial deficit. Since 2002, recognizing that the State's budget has provided minimal increases for the state's institutions of higher education and tuition and fee increases have as a result been higher than anticipated, the assumption concerning tuition increases has been adjusted higher on a temporary basis. Also in 2002, the Commission reduced the program's long-term investment return assumption temporarily, in recognition that the economy was recovering more slowly than expected due to external shocks that have adversely affected financial markets during the past several years. With current economic trends, it was decided to return to the original long-term investment performance assumption of 8% in FY2007.

Implementation of the Truth-in-Tuition law (in 2004) has impacted and will continue to impact future tuition increases for classes of new students entering the State's public universities. Another significant fact that only became evident after the law was implemented, was that while tuition rates charged to students who remain enrolled for continuous academic years must remain level, the universities continue to increase fees annually for all students, not just new enrollees.

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 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Fund Deficits - Continued

Beginning with fiscal year 2006, fee increase assumptions separate from tuition increase assumptions were developed. For FY2006 they were 8% for one year and 6% long-term. Those assumptions were recently reconsidered and based on the current State budget situation and the recent history of fee increases at the public universities, the fee increase assumptions were raised to 10% for the FY2007 and 8% long-term. Considering the potential impact of fee increases, as well as a refinement made in the calculation of weighted average tuition and fees for students impacted by Truth-in-Tuition, the actuarial deficit has been impacted significantly.

ISAC is required by State statute to prepare a report describing the financial condition of the program. Included in this report shall be an actuarial evaluation on the financial viability of the program. An Actuary's Report on Soundness was prepared for the *College Illinois!* Prepaid Tuition Program. According to the actuarial evaluation report, there is a deficit of \$146,929,478 in the program.

	Actuarial Evaluation
Net assets, before tuition/accretion payable	\$ 787,113,553
Actuarial present value of future payments expected to be made by contract purchasers	<u>186,468,090</u>
Subtotal	973,581,643
Actuarial present value of future payments expected to be made by the program	<u>1,120,511,121</u>
Actuarial deficit as of June 30, 2006	<u><u>\$ (146,929,478)</u></u>

Actuarial projections indicate that the program's cash flow (contributions received less tuition benefits and expenses) is expected to remain positive through FY2009 even without reflecting the expected proceeds from contracts sold after June 30, 2006. Moreover, on this basis, total program assets are projected to cover benefit payments through FY2020.

Note 11. Risk Management

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation and natural disasters. The State retains the risk of loss (i.e., self insured) for these risks except for insurance purchased by the Commission for the building and EDP equipment. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded coverage for the current or prior two years. The Commission's risk management activities for workers compensation are financed through appropriations to the Illinois Department of Central Management Services and are accounted for in the general fund of the State. The claims are not considered to be a liability of the Commission and, accordingly, have not been reported in the Commission's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2006.

State of Illinois
Illinois Student Assistance Commission
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 12. New Governmental Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statements:

Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures, and if applicable, required supplementary information. The Commission is required to implement this Statement for the year ending June 30, 2008.

Statement No. 47, *Accounting for Termination Benefits*, establishes accounting standards for voluntary and involuntary termination benefits, including termination benefits provided through a defined benefit other post employment benefit plan (OPEB). For those termination benefits provided through a defined benefit OPEB plan, this Statement must be implemented concurrently with Statement No. 45.

Statement No. 48, *Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues*, establishes criteria that governments will use to ascertain whether the proceeds received in exchange for an interest in their expected cash flows from collecting specific receivables or specific future revenues should be reported as revenue or as a liability. This Statement also includes guidance to be used for recognizing other assets and liabilities arising from a sale of specific receivables or future revenues, including residual interests and recourse provisions. This Statement also requires disclosures pertaining to future revenues that have been pledged or sold and is intended to provide financial statement users with information about which revenues will be unavailable for other purposes and how long they will continue to be so. The Commission is required to implement this Statement for the year ending June 30, 2008.

Management has not yet completed their assessment of these Statements, however, they are not expected to have a material effect on the overall financial statement presentation.

ACTUARIAL REPORT



**Actuary's Report on Soundness
As of June 30, 2006**

October 2006

October 30, 2006

Mr. Randy Erford, Director
College Illinois!
1755 Lake Cook Rd
Deerfield, IL 60015

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
One North Wacker
Chicago, IL 60606
Telephone (312) 298-2000
Facsimile (312) 298-6805

Dear Mr. Erford:

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (PwC) in conjunction with Richard M. Kaye & Associates has performed an actuarial valuation of the *College Illinois!* Prepaid Tuition Program as of June 30, 2006. The valuation compares the value of the assets of the program to the value of the expected future benefits and expenses of the program. The following pages summarize the actuarial valuation of the trust fund as of June 30, 2006.

A comparison of the assets and liabilities of the trust fund shows that as of June 30, 2006 there is an actuarial deficit of \$146,929,478.

The actuarial valuation was performed based upon generally accepted actuarial principles, and tests were performed, as considered necessary, to ensure the accuracy of the results. We certify that the amounts presented in the following pages have been appropriately determined according to the actuarial assumptions stated herein.

Respectfully submitted,

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP


Michael Mielzynski, FCAS, MAAA
Actuarial Manager
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP


Richard M. Kaye, FSA, CPA
Richard M. Kaye & Associates
Consultant to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

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- 2 Executive Summary
- 3 Valuation Assumptions and Methods
- 4 Sensitivity Testing
- 5 Plan Provisions

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- B Trust Assets
- C Cash Flow Projection
- D CIPTP Beneficiaries

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Introduction

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Introduction

Purpose

College Illinois! Prepaid Tuition Program (CIPTP) has engaged PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (PwC) and Richard M. Kaye & Associates to provide a determination of the soundness of the Illinois Prepaid College Trust Fund (Trust Fund) as of June 30, 2006. This soundness measure results in a point estimate of the actuarial reserve associated with the Trust Fund as of June 30, 2006.

Distribution and Use

This report was prepared for internal use by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission that oversees the *College Illinois!* Prepaid Tuition Program. Any external use or distribution of this report is not authorized without prior written approval of PwC.

Reliance Upon CIPTP Data

The data used in this analysis were prepared by and are the responsibility of the management of CIPTP. At the time of this review, the data were unaudited.

Limitations

The projected benefits, refunds, expenses, investment income, contract payments, and resulting actuarial reserve shown in this report are point estimates. As estimates, these values are subject to variability. The possibility of this variability arises from the fact that not all factors affecting the projections have taken place and cannot be evaluated with absolute certainty. We have, however, used methods of estimation that we believe produce reasonable results given current information. No guarantee should be inferred that cash flows will develop as shown in this report.

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Executive Summary

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Executive Summary

Valuation Results

As of June 30, 2006, the Trust Fund is in an actuarial deficit position. The expected value of the liabilities of the Trust Fund exceed the value of assets, including the value of future payments by contract purchasers, by \$146.9 million. The current deficit is \$35.2 million higher than the \$111.7 million deficit estimated as of June 30, 2005. There were a few major factors that accounted for the majority of the change in the deficit. On the positive side, the premium charged during the latest enrollment period designed to improve the soundness of the program generated \$12.9 million. On the negative side, the interest accumulated on last year's deficit was \$8.7 million, asset appreciation lagged expectations by \$5.9 million, and changes to the underlying assumptions increased the deficit by \$35.9 million.

The changes in assumptions included lowering the expected future contract sales from between 5,000 and 6,000 to 5,000 per year, an increase in the expected one-year tuition inflation from 7.5% to 9.75%, an increase in the long-term tuition inflation from 7.5% to 7.75%, an increase in the one-year fee inflation from 8.0% to 10.0%, an increase in the long-term fee inflation from 6.0% to 7.5%, and an increase in the expected investment yield from 7.75% to 8.00% per annum. All of these assumption changes adversely affected the soundness with the exception of the investment yield change.

The current estimate of the deficit is based upon a number of assumptions, including expectations regarding future investment returns and future tuition and fee increases, and is subject to considerable uncertainty. On Page 21 of the report, we display the financial status of the Trust Fund based upon alternative assumptions regarding investment results, tuition and fee increases and number of contracts sold.

The program's current funded ratio of 86.9% is less than the 88.1% funded ratio as of June 30, 2005. The cash flow projection shown in Appendix C indicates that the program's cash flow is expected to remain positive through the fiscal year that ends in 2010. The total program assets are projected to cover expected benefit payments through the fiscal year that ends in 2021.

Truth in Tuition

The Trust Fund deficit recognizes the impact of the state's Truth in Tuition law, which provides that, beginning with the 2004-2005 matriculation year, Illinois public universities cannot increase the amount of tuition charged to students who remain enrolled for four continuous academic years as their degree program requires. The Truth in Tuition law does not apply to fees.

Due to the Truth in Tuition law, the actuarial calculations to estimate the outstanding liability needed to be revised starting at June 30, 2004. It is now necessary to have two separate projections - one for students who matriculated prior to the law change and one for students affected by the Truth in Tuition law. The reason for this separation was that both the current average tuition and its ability to increase in future years are different for the two groups.

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Executive Summary

Contracts in Force

As of June 30, 2006, the total number of contracts in force (net of cancellations) for CIPTP was 46,709. Contracts for university enrollment represent approximately 87% of sales, and contracts for community college enrollment and combined community college and university enrollment represent approximately 13% of sales. The most common contract sold is for four years at a university, accounting for approximately 43% of all contract sales. Enrollment data is summarized in Appendix D.

Weighted Average Tuition

The Weighted Average Tuition (WAT) is the average of tuition and mandatory fees for public in-state schools weighted in proportion to the number of full-time equivalent students attending such schools. The 2006-2007 Illinois public university WAT is \$7,875, an 10.1% increase over the 2005-2006 WAT. The 2006-2007 Illinois community college WAT is \$2,465, an increase of 6.3% over the 2005-2006 WAT.

To account for the Truth in Tuition law, for projection purposes the Illinois public university overall WAT was broken down into a 2006 enrollment WAT, a 2005 enrollment WAT, a 2004 enrollment WAT, and a continuing students WAT, the last of which accounts for students for whom the Truth in Tuition law does not apply. Furthermore, since fees are allowed to increase annually, even for students under the Truth in Tuition law, our projections estimate fees separately from tuition. The breakout of these figures is shown later in this report.

Actuarial Assumptions

The major actuarial assumptions are chosen by the Commission. Specifically, tuition is assumed to increase 9.75% for 2007 and then 7.75% thereafter for public university students and 6.5% per annum for the community colleges. Fees are assumed to increase 10.0% for 2007 and then 7.5% thereafter for public university students subject to Truth in Tuition. For continuing students at public universities and students attending community colleges, fees are combined with tuition in our projections and follow their respective tuition inflation assumptions. Investments are expected to earn 8.00% per annum, and 5,000 new contracts are assumed to be sold in each subsequent year. The actuarial assumptions and methods are fully described in a later section of this report.

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Funded Status

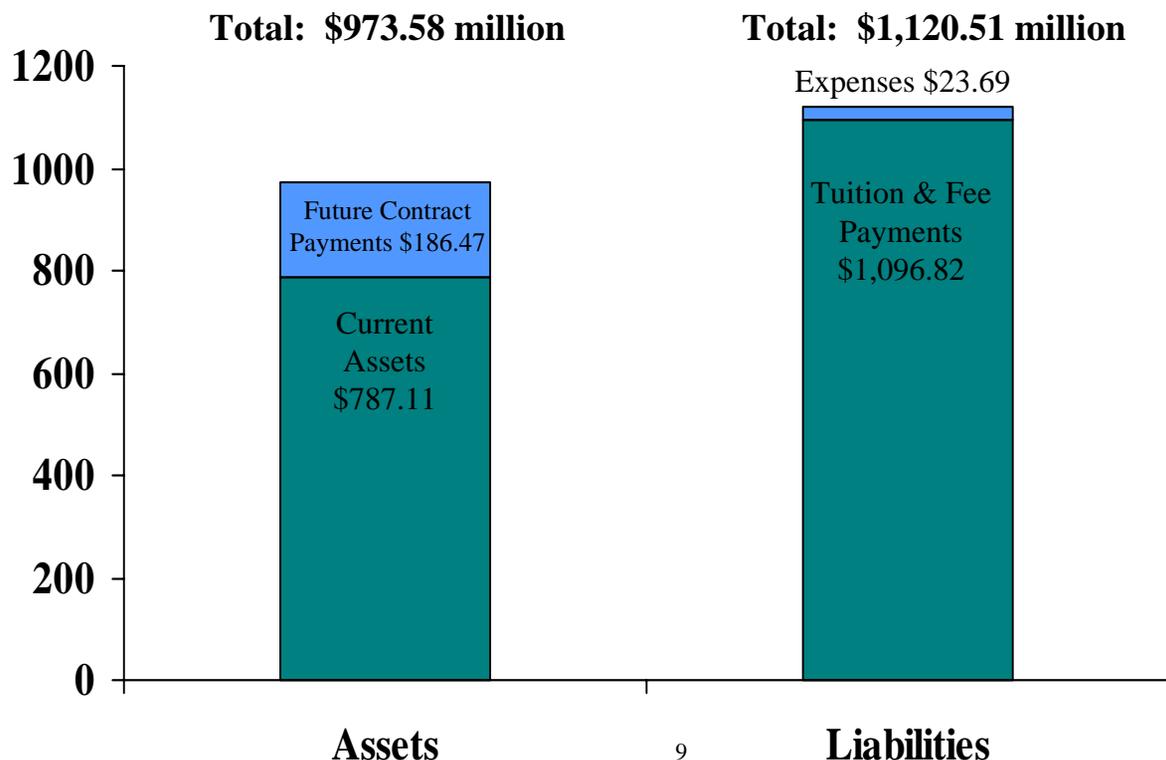
The value of expected liabilities exceeds the assets as of June 30, 2006 (including the value of future payments by contract purchasers) of the trust fund by \$146,929,478. The funded ratio, assets divided by liabilities, is 86.9%. The assumptions used to perform the actuarial valuation of the fund are described on pages 15 through 19 of this report. The primary assumptions are:

Tuition Increases: 9.75% for 2007 and 7.75% per annum thereafter for public university students and 6.5% per annum for community colleges

New contracts: 5,000 per future enrollment

Fee Increases: 10.0% for 2007 and 7.5% per annum thereafter for public university students subject to Truth in Tuition. For continuing students at public universities and students attending community colleges, fees are combined with tuition in our projections.

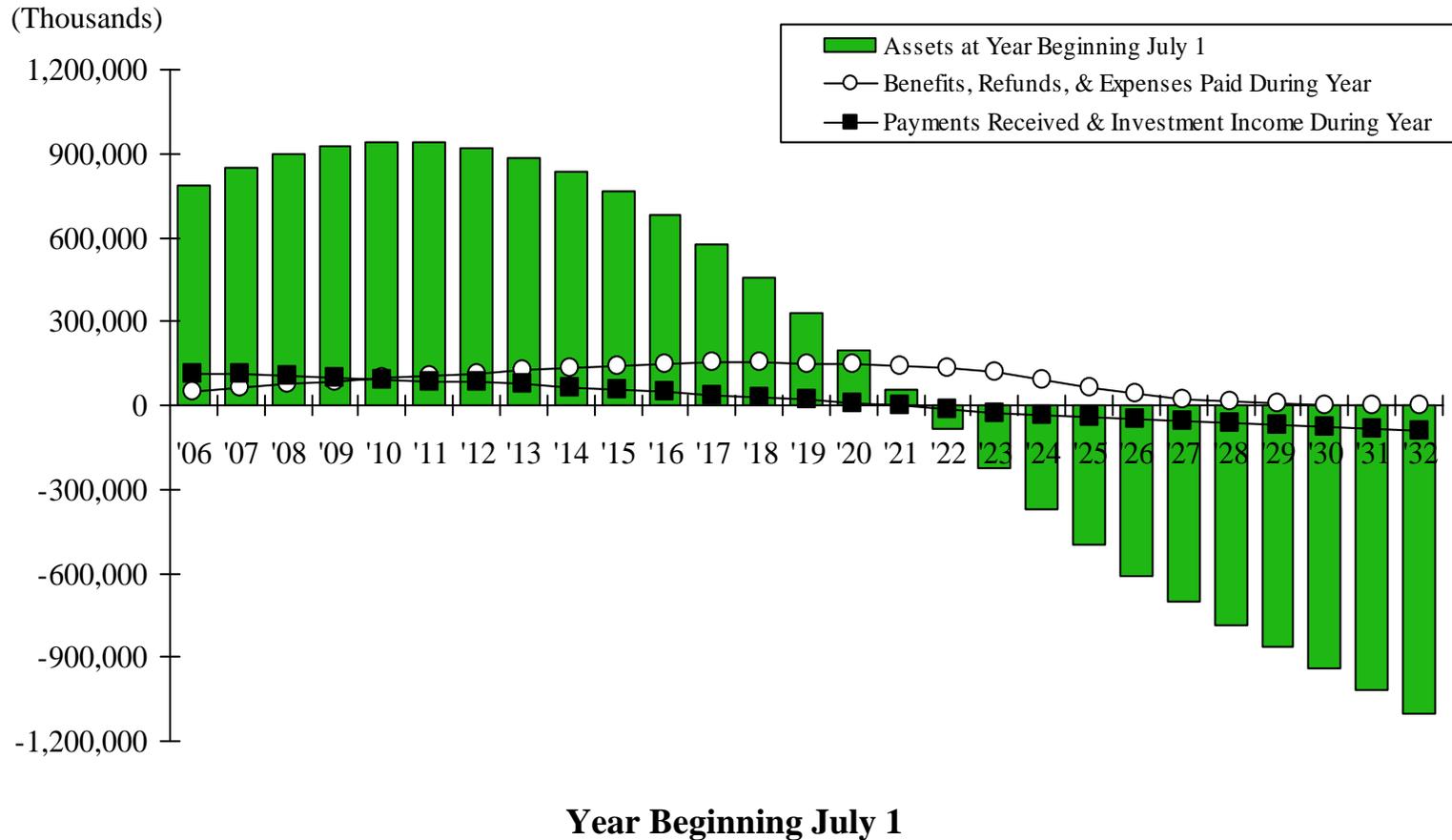
Investment Return: 8.00% per annum



COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Cash Flow Projection

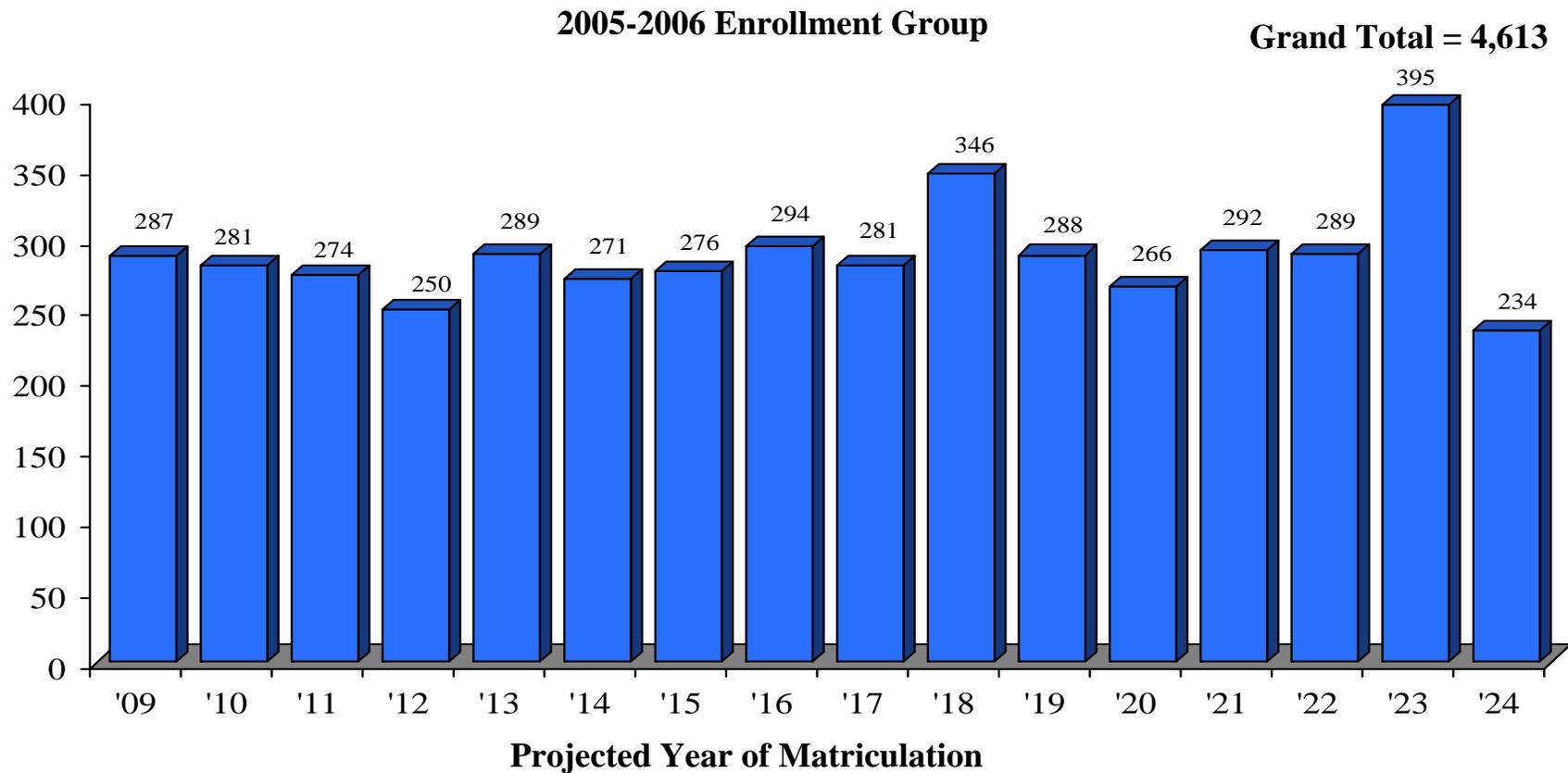
The expected income and disbursements of the Trust Fund, based on the assumptions used in the actuarial valuation and the current group of contract beneficiaries, are shown below. These amounts are cash amounts, not present value amounts.



COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Contracts in Force for the 2005-2006 Enrollment Group

The chart below illustrates the total number of active contracts by expected year of community college or university matriculation for the 2005-2006 enrollment group.

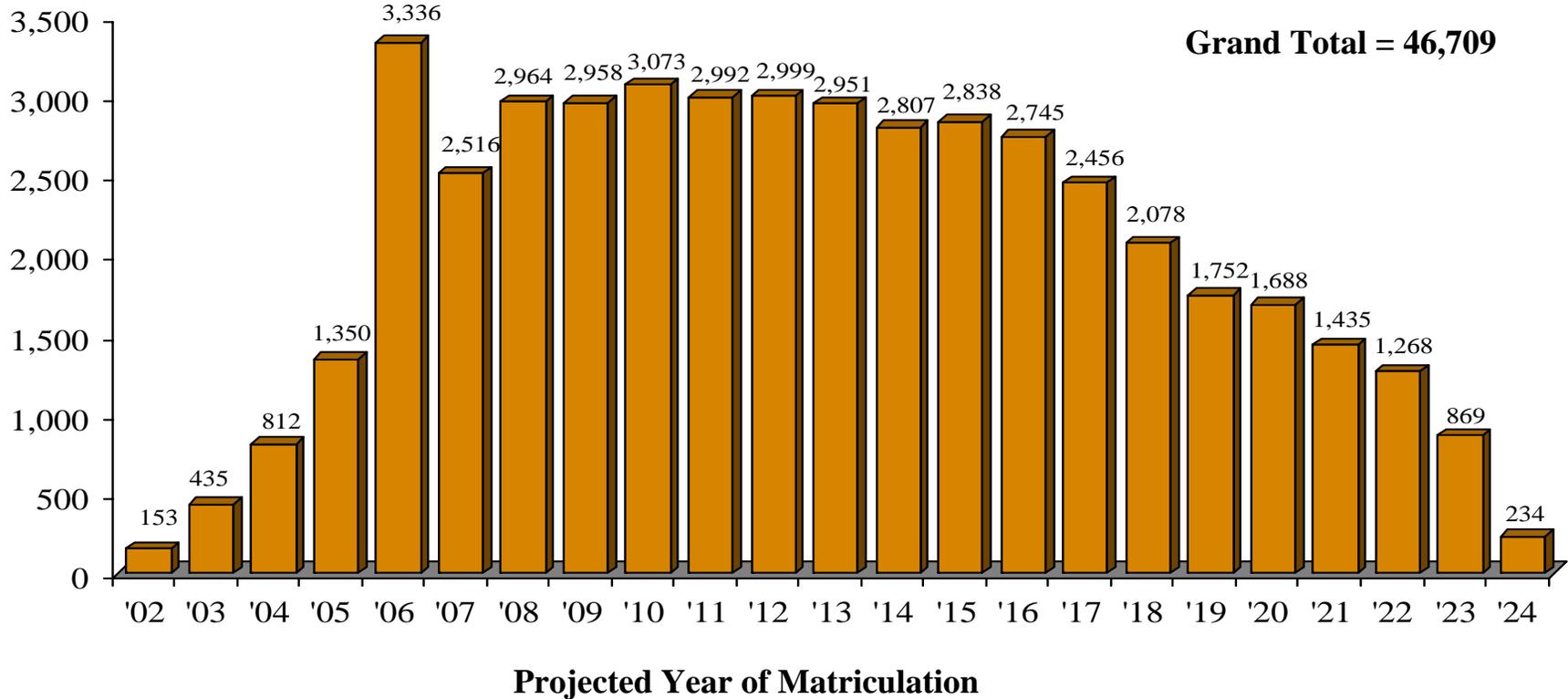


COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Contracts in Force for All Enrollment Groups

The chart below illustrates the total number of active contracts by expected year of community college or university matriculation for all enrollment groups combined.

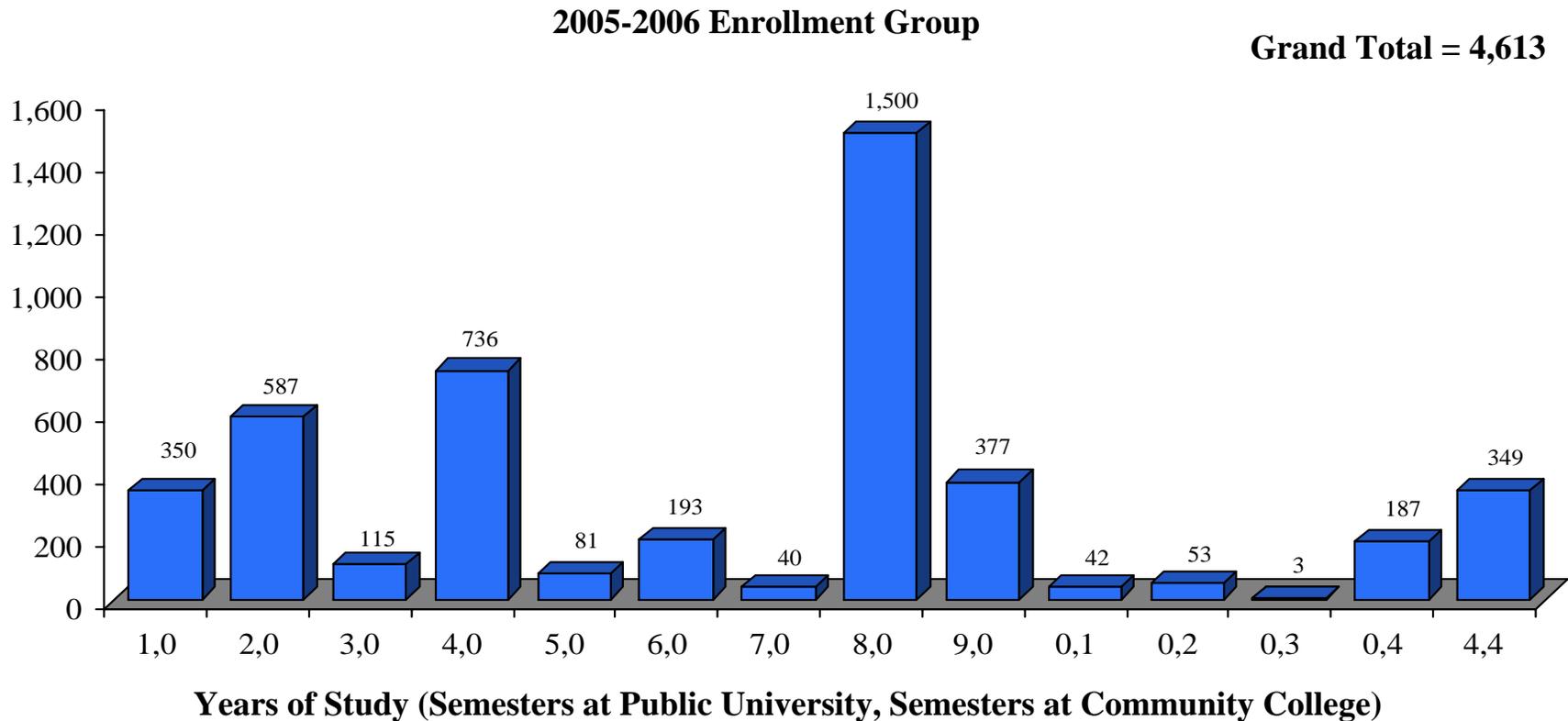
1998-2006 Enrollment Groups Combined



COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Type of Contract Sold to the 2005-2006 Enrollment Group

Contracts can be purchased for a variety of plans. The chart below illustrates the total number of active contracts from the 2005-2006 enrollment period by type of plan.

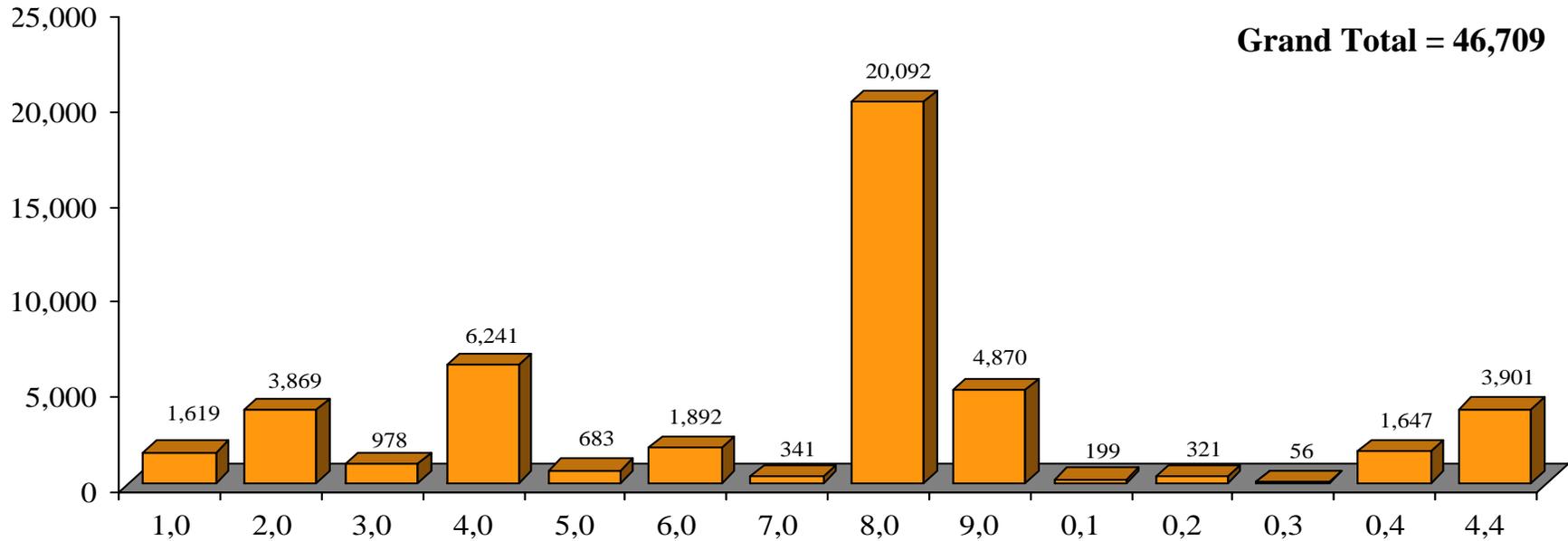


COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Type of Contract Sold to All Enrollment Groups

Contracts can be purchased for a variety of plans. The chart below illustrates the total number of active contracts from all enrollment periods combined by type of plan.

1998-2006 Enrollment Groups Combined



Years of Study (Semesters at Public University, Semesters at Community College)

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Valuation Assumptions and Methods

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Actuarial Assumptions

The assumptions used in the actuarial valuation of the Trust Fund are described below.

Truth in Tuition. We have segregated the beneficiaries into two categories, those beneficiaries that fall under the Truth in Tuition law and those that do not. The Truth in Tuition law does not apply to community colleges. Further, we have assumed that if the beneficiary has enrolled in school prior to the fall of 2004, they would not be covered under the Truth in Tuition law.

Beneficiaries Falling Under Truth in Tuition Law	43,909
All Other Beneficiaries	2,800

For Truth in Tuition beneficiaries, we have assumed that their tuition will not increase in their second, third and fourth year of school. If they attend school beyond four years, we assumed that their tuition would increase to the amount of an incoming freshman. For all other beneficiaries, we assume that tuition will rise for each year enrolled. We have assumed fees will rise for each year enrolled.

Tuition and Fee Increases. The weighted average tuition is assumed to increase 9.75% for 2007 and then 7.75% thereafter for public university students and 6.5% for the community colleges. Fees are assumed to increase 10.0% for 2007 and then 7.5% thereafter for public university students subject to Truth in Tuition. For continuing students at public universities and students attending community colleges, fees are combined with tuition in our projections and follow their respective tuition inflation assumptions.

Investment Return. The actuarial valuation of the Trust Fund was determined using an assumed 8.00% rate of return on investments as recommended by the Commission and their investment advisors. We further assume the Trust Fund is exempt from federal income tax. It is important to highlight the sensitivity of this analysis to this assumption. As pointed out subsequently, a one percent shortfall in such a goal would place the fund in a more extreme deficit position. Additionally, the nature of this type of program involves payment of benefits at fixed future points in time, subjecting the fund to greater than average investment risk due to short-term fluctuations and in matching investment maturities with expected payments.

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Administrative Expenses. Administrative expenses of the program are assumed to be paid through a combination of investment earnings and fees assessed on purchasers. Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$3,724,778 for the fiscal year 2006. We do not include marketing expenses as we believe those costs should be allocated to future contracts. We also exclude 50% of the budgeted Records Administration Services Costs as those expenses are also assumed to be a result of future contracts. We included in administrative expenses the cost of investment consulting and management fees which are estimated to be \$2,008,070 for the fiscal year 2006. We have assumed that administrative expenses will increase at the rate of 3.5% per annum and that all expenses beyond 2006 will be spread over current and future contract sales.

Enrollment of CIPTP Beneficiaries. It is assumed that beneficiaries will attend college full time commencing with their expected matriculation date (the Fall following high school graduation). For those students who did not enroll when expected, we assume that they will enroll in the fall of the next available school year.

Bias Load. Contract beneficiaries are assumed on average to attend more expensive schools than indicated by the headcount information that was used to determine 2006-2007 WAT. We have added a load to the tuition assumption to recognize this bias toward enrollment at more expensive schools. The bias load varies between 3% and 9% and is based on the beneficiary's age at enrollment. An overall weighted average bias load is calculated for each enrollment year and ranges between 4.5% and 4.8%.

Future Contract Sales. It is assumed that 5,000 contracts will be sold during the 2006-2007 enrollment period and all subsequent enrollment periods.

Cancellations, Terminations, and Refunds. It is assumed that 8% of contracts sold will not be utilized. This rate is based on similar prepaid tuition programs. We have assumed that a refund will be paid equivalent to the 2006-2007 WAT increased by 2% in each subsequent period.

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Deaths and Disabilities. Mortality rates for beneficiaries are assumed to follow the 1990 U.S. Life Tables. Approximately 1.0% of the total payout of benefits and expenses are expected to be the result of death and disability.

Utilization of Benefits. We assume beneficiaries use the benefits as described by the CIPTP Master Agreement according to the schedule below.

Distribution of Benefit Utilization					
Xth Year Since Matriculation	Number of Semesters Purchased				
	1-2	3-4	5-6	7-8	9
1	80%	45%	33%	24%	20%
2	15%	30%	25%	24%	19%
3	5%	15%	18%	20%	17%
4		5%	12%	18%	15%
5		5%	7%	7%	13%
6			3%	3%	7%
7			2%	2%	5%
8				1%	3%
9				1%	1%

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Actuarial Methods

The actuarial valuation of the Trust Fund is based on projections of the tuition and mandatory fee amounts expected to be paid from the Trust Fund to community colleges and universities and the expected amounts to be paid into the Trust Fund by contract purchasers. The actuarial valuation is based on the data summarized below furnished by the CIPTP office.

CIPTP Beneficiaries (Appendix D). The number of beneficiaries by contract type is displayed in tabular form in Appendix D.

Weighted Average Tuition: Four Year Universities. The Weighted Average Tuition (WAT) is the average of tuition and mandatory fees for public in-state schools weighted in proportion to the number of full-time equivalent students attending such schools. The WAT for public universities for 2006-2007 is \$7,875.

To account for the Truth in Tuition law, for projection purposes the Illinois public university overall WAT was broken down into a 2006 enrollment WAT, a 2005 enrollment WAT, a 2004 enrollment WAT, and a continuing students WAT, the last of which accounts for students for whom the Truth in Tuition law does not apply. Furthermore, since fees are allowed to increase annually, even for students under the Truth in Tuition law, our projections estimate fees separately from tuition. The table below lists these various tuition WATs.

WAT Type	Headcount	Tuition Component of WAT
2006 Enrollment	32,417	\$6,570
2005 Enrollment	26,586	\$6,020
2004 Enrollment	32,715	\$5,384
Continuing	45,038	\$5,742
Overall	136,756	\$5,907

Fees. Fees were projected separately from tuition for beneficiaries who fall under the Truth in Tuition law since the law does not apply to fees. Fees are assumed to increase 10.0% for 2007 and then 7.5% thereafter for these students. For continuing students at public universities and students attending community colleges, fees are combined with tuition in our projections and follow their respective tuition inflation assumptions. Fees represented \$1,968 of the overall public university 2006-2007 WAT.

Weighted Average Tuition: Community Colleges. The WAT for community colleges is \$2,465 for 2006-2007.

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Sensitivity Testing

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Sensitivity Testing

The Trust Fund operates with risk and uncertainty. For example, while it is assumed that the assets of the fund will earn 8.0% each year throughout the life of the contracts, we also expect actual returns to vary from year to year. The Trust Fund can also be affected by other changes, such as new legislation or the refinement of the underlying actuarial model. To accept the reasonableness of the basis for the measurement of the soundness, it is useful to know how the status of the fund may be affected by the vagaries of the markets and other factors. Therefore, we have rerun the valuation under alternative assumptions for future investment income, tuition increases, and new entrants and present results under the following alternative scenarios. Note that tuition increases in these scenarios are assumed to represent tuition plus fee increases for continuing students at public universities and students attending community colleges.

1. Tuition increases are 100 basis points lower in each future year than assumed in the measurement of soundness.
2. Tuition increases are 100 basis points higher in each future year than assumed in the measurement of soundness.
3. Fee increases are 100 basis points lower in each future year than assumed in the measurement of soundness.
4. Fee increases are 100 basis points higher in each future year than assumed in the measurement of soundness.
5. The investment return is 100 basis points higher in each future year than assumed in the measurement of soundness.
6. The investment return is 100 basis points lower in each future year than assumed in the measurement of soundness.
7. The number of contracts sold in the future is 4,000 a year in each future year.
8. The number of contracts sold in the future is 6,000 a year in each future year.
9. Tuition & fee increases are 100 basis points lower and the investment return is 100 basis points higher in each future year than assumed in the measurement of soundness.
10. Tuition & fee increases are 100 basis points lower and the investment return is 100 basis points lower in each future year than assumed in the measurement of soundness.
11. Tuition & fee increases are 100 basis points higher and the investment return is 100 basis points higher in each future year than assumed in the measurement of soundness.

The actuarial reserve that would exist as of June 30, 2006 under each of these scenarios is presented in the following table:

Scenario	Indicated Actuarial Reserve as of 6/30/2006	Funded Ratio	Scenario	Indicated Actuarial Reserve as of 6/30/2006	Funded Ratio
1	(\$90,444,147)	91.5%	7	(\$149,016,848)	86.7%
2	(\$209,016,850)	82.3%	8	(\$145,237,915)	87.0%
3	(\$128,325,526)	88.4%	9	\$1,399,007	100.1%
4	(\$167,497,978)	85.3%	10	(\$154,521,949)	86.4%
5	(\$65,733,952)	93.6%	11	(\$139,501,404)	87.4%
6	(\$238,750,837)	80.4%			

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Plan Provisions

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Plan Provisions

The plan covers the tuition and mandatory fees at an Illinois public university or community college depending upon the type of contract purchased based on the in-state (or in-district) undergraduate rate for a full-time student. Mandatory fees are those fees required as a condition of enrollment for all students attending the particular institution. The plan contract will not pay for optional fees nor will it pay for room, board, travel, special fees for specific courses, books or supplies. The purchaser is guaranteed that benefits received will be no less than the price paid.

Payment Options: Available options include but are not limited to a one-time lump sum payment, 60-month, 120-month installment options, and 5-year and 10-year annual payment options. There are also installment plans with down payment options.

Private or Out-of-State Institutions: If the contract is utilized to attend a private or out-of-state institution, then *College Illinois!* will pay an amount based upon the weighted average tuition and mandatory fees at Illinois public universities or community colleges depending on the type of contract purchased. Alternatively, benefits can be transferred to a member of the family or a purchaser can choose to receive a refund payment equal to all contributions, plus two percent interest, less applicable cancellation fees.

Scholarship: When a qualified beneficiary is awarded a grant or scholarship that duplicates the benefits covered by a prepaid tuition contract, the purchaser may request a refund in semester installments. If the qualified beneficiary is enrolled at an Illinois public university or community college, the installments will be in an amount equal to the current cost of in-state or in-district registration fees at that institution, less any benefits used to pay registration fees not covered by the scholarship and any applicable fees. If the qualified beneficiary is enrolled at an Illinois Private Institution or an eligible Out-of-State Institution, the installments will be in an amount equal to the current average mean-weighted credit hour value of registration fees at Illinois public universities or Illinois community colleges, depending on the plan purchased under the contract, less any benefits used to pay registration fees not covered by the scholarship and any applicable fees.

Not Attending an Institution of Higher Education: Benefits can be transferred to a member of the “family” as defined in Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. Purchasers can also choose to postpone the beneficiary’s use of contract benefits to a later time or receive a refund payment equal to all contributions, plus two percent interest, less applicable cancellation fees.

Death or Disability: In the event of death or total disability of the qualified beneficiary, monies paid for the purchase of the contract will be returned to the purchaser with all accrued earnings.

Contract Conversion: In cases where a public university plan contract is converted for usage at a community college, then the amount refunded shall be on a semester-by-semester basis. The refund should be the current value of the original contract minus the current value of the contract after conversion.

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Appendices

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Funded Status

Appendix A

a. Market Value of Assets	\$787,113,553
b. Actuarial Present Value of future payments expected to be made to the fund by contract purchasers	<u>\$186,468,090</u>
c. Subtotal (a + b)	\$973,581,643
d. Actuarial Present Value of future payments expected to be made from the trust fund to universities for tuition and mandatory fees, and for administrative expenses attributable to the current enrollment group	<u>\$1,120,511,121</u>
e. Reserve as of June 30, 2006 (c - d)	(\$146,929,478)

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Trust Assets

Appendix B

Summary of Assets	Market Value
a) Cash Deposited with Banks	\$10,745,602
b) LSV Asset Management (Large Cap Value)	65,817,901
c) State Street Global Advisors (SSgA) (S&P 500 Index Fund)	117,402,688
d) Nicholas Applegate (Small Cap Value)	21,324,997
e) SSgA (Fixed Income Index Fund)	38,731,089
f) William Blair	33,876,277
g) Denver Investment Advisors	34,984,815
h) JP Morgan Chase Investment Advisors	99,777,347
i) Richmond Capital Management	123,523,673
j) LSV Asset Management (International Equity)	42,213,254
k) SSgA (Large Cap Value)	67,670,015
l) Kenwood Capital	20,534,704
m) New Amsterdam	34,495,477
n) Holland Capital	32,977,189
o) Nicholas Applegate (Small Cap Core)	43,972,573
p) Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities - Net of Accrued Interest	934,050
Total Assets as of June 30, 2006	\$787,113,553
Sum of (a) through (o), less (p)	\$787,113,553

The above information was based on unaudited financial statements provided by CIPTP management.

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

Cash Flow Projection

Appendix C

Year Beginning 7/1/XXXX	Assets at Beginning of Year	Payments Out of Trust Fund	Payments Into Trust Fund	Investment Income at End of Year
2006	787,113,553	51,852,409	51,217,985	62,073,238
2007	848,552,367	61,986,731	43,001,736	66,098,217
2008	895,665,589	74,404,625	36,941,981	68,933,806
2009	927,136,751	85,247,785	28,994,814	70,532,214
2010	941,415,995	96,345,836	21,132,262	70,744,308
2011	936,946,729	104,963,191	16,285,611	69,713,823
2012	917,982,971	114,979,559	13,495,305	67,526,067
2013	884,024,784	125,044,400	10,061,304	64,110,788
2014	833,152,476	133,062,532	6,684,464	59,459,294
2015	766,233,701	142,063,602	2,948,259	53,454,913
2016	680,573,271	150,732,023	0	46,000,748
2017	575,841,996	156,034,090	0	37,325,185
2018	457,133,091	155,419,241	0	27,862,921
2019	329,576,772	150,144,823	0	17,953,927
2020	197,385,876	145,814,884	0	7,621,251
2021	59,192,242	138,770,387	0	(3,039,556)
2022	(82,617,700)	131,335,535	0	(13,967,796)
2023	(227,921,031)	118,607,300	0	(24,878,933)
2024	(371,407,265)	93,031,927	0	(34,924,912)
2025	(499,364,104)	65,873,354	0	(43,639,837)
2026	(608,877,295)	42,441,190	0	(51,088,050)
2027	(702,406,535)	24,232,947	0	(57,550,230)
2028	(784,189,712)	13,077,948	0	(63,467,900)
2029	(860,735,560)	7,026,795	0	(69,252,537)
2030	(937,014,893)	3,471,256	0	(75,155,677)
2031	(1,015,641,826)	1,378,104	0	(81,328,558)
2032	(1,098,348,488)	289,450	0	(87,884,096)

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

CIPTP Beneficiaries - Enrollment 2005-2006

Appendix D.1

Projected Enrollment Year	Plan Type (Semesters at Public University, at Community College)														Total Enrollment by Year	Percent of Total
	(1,0)	(2,0)	(3,0)	(4,0)	(5,0)	(6,0)	(7,0)	(8,0)	(9,0)	(0,1)	(0,2)	(0,3)	(0,4)	(4,4)		
2009	25	70	9	62	7	27	1	47	13	4	6	0	10	6	287	6.2%
2010	14	47	5	49	2	15	1	96	17	0	1	0	17	17	281	6.1%
2011	19	37	12	52	8	12	1	84	20	2	4	0	10	13	274	5.9%
2012	19	38	7	40	3	13	1	83	16	2	3	1	7	17	250	5.4%
2013	19	46	9	57	8	6	2	90	23	2	5	1	6	15	289	6.3%
2014	23	35	9	53	4	11	0	83	23	0	4	1	5	20	271	5.9%
2015	24	36	10	40	5	8	5	89	17	4	3	0	10	25	276	6.0%
2016	19	30	6	55	8	7	4	93	22	3	2	0	13	32	294	6.4%
2017	29	28	8	36	3	22	3	91	20	2	4	0	11	24	281	6.1%
2018	21	38	8	49	4	17	5	114	31	2	4	0	23	30	346	7.5%
2019	24	37	8	47	4	9	4	101	21	1	2	0	13	17	288	6.2%
2020	20	28	5	53	9	9	2	89	17	1	3	0	9	21	266	5.8%
2021	25	25	7	40	2	7	5	93	31	2	4	0	20	31	292	6.3%
2022	22	31	5	32	6	10	4	108	25	5	4	0	8	29	289	6.3%
2023	32	43	5	46	5	15	1	146	42	8	2	0	14	36	395	8.6%
2024	15	18	2	25	3	5	1	93	39	4	2	0	11	16	234	5.1%
Total	350	587	115	736	81	193	40	1,500	377	42	53	3	187	349	4,613	
Percent	7.6%	12.7%	2.5%	16.0%	1.8%	4.2%	0.9%	32.5%	8.2%	0.9%	1.1%	0.1%	4.1%	7.6%		

COLLEGE ILLINOIS! PREPAID TUITION PROGRAM

CIPTP Beneficiaries - All Enrollment Groups

Appendix D.2

Projected Enrollment Year	Plan Type (Semesters at Public University, at Community College)														Total Enrollment by Year	Percent of Total
	(1,0)	(2,0)	(3,0)	(4,0)	(5,0)	(6,0)	(7,0)	(8,0)	(9,0)	(0,1)	(0,2)	(0,3)	(0,4)	(4,4)		
2002	0	6	1	12	2	10	7	72	22	0	0	0	5	16	153	0.3%
2003	0	7	4	27	10	27	3	253	57	0	0	1	5	41	435	0.9%
2004	2	13	4	100	15	67	11	397	89	0	3	1	15	95	812	1.7%
2005	6	56	20	219	23	110	22	620	120	0	10	1	44	99	1,350	2.9%
2006	127	435	89	687	68	213	30	1,044	269	13	38	9	109	205	3,336	7.1%
2007	54	278	58	382	40	152	14	989	228	7	14	4	108	188	2,516	5.4%
2008	99	284	72	445	45	155	27	1,229	229	10	26	2	114	227	2,964	6.3%
2009	115	290	70	433	44	149	15	1,171	272	7	22	2	132	236	2,958	6.3%
2010	99	258	78	430	50	126	23	1,283	289	12	21	3	132	269	3,073	6.6%
2011	94	234	71	381	48	100	16	1,299	308	8	17	3	119	294	2,992	6.4%
2012	91	234	70	359	44	96	22	1,381	311	13	21	4	107	246	2,999	6.4%
2013	95	243	66	359	48	90	22	1,290	329	10	22	7	114	256	2,951	6.3%
2014	93	198	62	343	32	86	7	1,312	289	8	16	3	94	264	2,807	6.0%
2015	92	217	53	335	31	78	22	1,299	304	18	21	2	105	261	2,838	6.1%
2016	97	212	54	332	39	81	21	1,244	311	18	17	3	96	220	2,745	5.9%
2017	101	192	41	283	24	88	17	1,118	286	10	12	1	79	204	2,456	5.3%
2018	89	163	34	253	24	77	15	930	239	11	9	2	69	163	2,078	4.4%
2019	77	129	33	208	21	39	14	774	226	9	15	1	49	157	1,752	3.8%
2020	80	110	34	206	30	39	9	763	218	12	13	4	44	126	1,688	3.6%
2021	69	109	30	163	17	40	11	626	176	9	8	0	45	132	1,435	3.1%
2022	72	110	15	158	13	34	8	546	156	8	11	1	26	110	1,268	2.7%
2023	52	73	17	101	12	30	4	359	103	12	3	2	25	76	869	1.9%
2024	15	18	2	25	3	5	1	93	39	4	2	0	11	16	234	0.5%
Total	1,619	3,869	978	6,241	683	1,892	341	20,092	4,870	199	321	56	1,647	3,901	46,709	
Percent	3.5%	8.3%	2.1%	13.4%	1.5%	4.1%	0.7%	43.0%	10.4%	0.4%	0.7%	0.1%	3.5%	8.4%		

